Kore Foods Limited

Registered Office: Vision House, Tivim Industrial Estate, Mapusa Goa 403 526 Tel No. (0832) 2257729

CIN L33208GA1983PLC000520

To

Date: 27th May, 2022

Corporate Relations Department, Bombay Stock Exchange Limited, P.J. Towers, 25th Floor, Dalal Street Mumbai - 400001

Dear Sir,

Subject: Submission of Audited Financial Results for the quarter and year ended 31st March, 2022 along with Auditors Report and Unmodified Opinion.

Scrip Code: 500458.

Enclosed please find the Copy of the Audited Financial Results for the quarter and year ended 31st March, 2022 along with Auditors Report and Unmodified Opinion.

This is for your information and record.

Thanking you,

For Kore Foods Limited,

Company Secretary-cum Compliance Officer

Encl: As above.

S. V. SHAH & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

208, Regent Chambers, 2nd Floor, Jamnalal, Bajaj Road, 208, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021. Tel.: 022 4344 0123; Email- sheetalshah@svshah.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of KORE FOODS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kore Foods Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act"), in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2022, and its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Emphasis of Matters

We draw attention to the following matters in the Notes to the financial statements:

a) Note 21, which indicates that the Company has accumulated losses and the net worth has been fully eroded. These conditions, along with other matters set forth in Note 21, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the financial statements of the Company have been



prepared on the basis that the Company shall not continue to be a going concern for the reasons stated in the said Note and consequently all assets and liabilities have been whereby the financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company shall not continue to be a going concern. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities have been measured and stated at the values they expect to be realized or settled at, to the extent ascertainable by management at the time of preparation of these financial statements.

b) The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Ind AS, except for the borrowing from Director as referred in Note 27 (d) and 27(j).

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon.

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's report including Annexures to Board's report, and Corporate Governance but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the



financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
 resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i)
 of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has
 adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such
 controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
 exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's
 ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we
 are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the
 financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our
 conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.



However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.



- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B", to this report. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- 3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197 (16) of the Act, as amended:
 - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- 4. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note No.20 to the financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note No.29 to the financial statements, during the year, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;



- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note No.29 to the financial statements, during the year, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has the not declared or paid dividend during the year. Accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(f) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, is not applicable to the Company during the year under report.

SHAH & ASSOCIA AND THE SHAP TERED ACCOUNTANTS

Place: Mumbai

Date: 27th May, 2022.

For S. V. Shah & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 139517W

Sheetal V. Shah

Partner

Membership No. 102140 UDIN: 22102140AJRWIU4804

"ANNEXURE A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our Report of even date)

- (i) In respect of the Company's fixed assets:
 - a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment. The company does not have any intangible assets hence reporting under paragraph 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - b) The Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year. There were no material discrepancies noticed on such verification.
 - c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
 - d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year. Accordingly, the requirements of reporting under paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - e) According to the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2022, for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) a) There are no inventories with the Company hence reporting under paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - b) The company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the requirements of reporting under paragraph 3(ii)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Hence, reporting under paragraphs 3(iii)(a) to (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year. Accordingly, reporting under



paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (vi) We are informed that the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the activities carried on by the Company. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, Goods & Services Tax and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2022, outstanding for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, except as under:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount	Period to which the
		(Rs.)	amount relates
State Sales Tax- Gujarat	Decision of Appeal	6,75,000	1996-99

(b) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2022 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the statute	Period to which the	A Forum where	Amount	
(nature of dues)	amount relates	dispute is pending	(Rs.)	
Duty Drawback Rules	1989-1990	High Court, Mumbai	7,04,000	
Foreign Trade	1999-2000	DGFT/Jt. DGFT	86,58,000	
(Development and		=		
Regulation) Act 1992	2			
State Sales Tax	1993-2004	Appellate Authorities	33,61,734	
\Central Sales Tax	" P			

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in payment of any interest thereon to any lender. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has availed of any term loans. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x) (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year under report. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally). Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our audit, examination of the books of account and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, no instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the management of the company.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT- 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) As represented by the management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company, hence, reporting under paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations provided to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the



related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

- (xiv) (a) In our opinion, the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors. Hence, the provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013, are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, paragraphs 3(xvi)(a) to (d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs.9,04,258/- (excluding the exceptional item of net gain on disposal of investment property of Rs.2,58,21,186/-) during the financial year covered by our audit and of Rs.8,52,956/- in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has not been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. Refer Note 21 to the accompanying financial statements.
- (xx) According to the information and explanations provided to us and in our opinion, the provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the company. Accordingly, reporting under paragraphs 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company for the year under report.

Place: Mumbai

Date: 27th May, 2022.

For S. V. Shah & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 139517W

Sheetal V. Shah

Partner

Membership No. 102140 UDIN: 22102140AJRWIU4804

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2(e) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Kore Foods Limited** ('the Company') as of 31st March, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financials Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place: Mumbai

Date: 27th May, 2022

For S. V. Shah & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration 139517W

Sheetal V. Shah

Partner

Membership No. 102140 UDIN: 22102140AJRWIU4804

Kore Foods Limited

(Formerly Phil Corporation Ltd.)

2	Particulars	3 months ended 31st Mar. 2022	Preceding 3 months ended 31st Dec. 2021	Year to date figures for Current period ended 31st Mar. 2022	Corresponding 3 months ended in the Previous Year 31st Mar. 2021	Year to date figures for Previous period ended 31st Mar. 2021	(Rs. in Lakh: Year ended 31st March 2021
		Audited	UnAudited	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
	Revenue Revenue from operations	3.68	3.60	14.40	4.20	13.80	13.8
2	Other income	6.42	4.65	18.84	5.81	11.08	11.0
-	Other micothe	0.42	1.00	10.04	5.01	11.00	1.0
3	Total Income (1 + 2)	10.02	8.25	33.24	10.01	24 88	24.8
4	Expenses	0.70	0.00	0.00			
	(a) Cost of materials consumed	0.00	0.00	-0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
	(b) Changes in inventories of finished goods	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
	(c) Employee benefits expense (d) Finance Cost	4.17 1.73	4.09 1.77	16.27 7.09	4,13 1,81	14.55 7.72	14.5
	(e) Depreciation	4.44	2.17	8.82	1.83	8.82	8.8
	(f) Other expenses	12.07	3.82	26.01	4.33	18.86	18.8
	Total Expenses	22.42	11.85	58.20	12.09	49.94	49.9
5	Profit / (Loss) before extraordinary items and tax (3 - 4)	(12.40)	(3.61)	(24.95)	(2.08)	(25.06)	(25.06
6	Exceptional items Net gain on disposal of investment property	258 21	0.00	258.21	2.00	0.00	0.00
	Met gain on disposal of investment property	230 21	0.00	230.21	00,00	0.00	0.00
7	Profit / (Loss) before tax 15 - 6)	245.82	(3.61)	233.26	(2.08)	(25,06)	(25.00
8	Tax expense:	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
9	Profit I (Loss) from continuing operations	245.82	(3.61)	233.26	(2.08)	(25.06)	(25.00
10	Profit / (Loss) for the period	245.82	(3.61)	233.26	(2.08)	(25.06)	(25.06
11	Other Comprehensive Income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12	Total Comprehensive Income for the Period	245.82	(3.61)	233.26	(2.08)	(25.08)	(25.08
13	Earnings per share (not annualized) (in Rs.) Equity Share Basic Diluted	211 211	(0.03) (0.03)	2.00 2.00	(0.02) (0.02)	(0.22) (0.22)	(0.22 (0.22
14	Basic and Diluted EPS after exceptional items Basic Diluted	2.11 2.11	(0.03) (0.03)	2.00	(0.02) (0.02)	(0.22) (0.22)	(0.22

Date :May 27 , 2022

Place: Mapusa Goa

For Kore Foods Ltd Digitally signed by JOHN ESCOLASTICO SILVEIRA

John Silveira Managing Director

Note 1 The Company adopted India Accounting Standard (Ind AS') from April 1, 2017 and according these financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Ind AS 34 Interim Financial Reporting prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the relevant rules issued thereunder. The transition was carried out from Accounting standards as prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, which was the previous GAAP. The date of transition to Ind AS is April 1, 2016. Financial results for all the period presented have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

Note 2 The above results were reviewed by the audit committee and approach by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on May 27, 2022

	(Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	Causiter Ended Mar, 2021
Net profit for the period (as per Indian GAAP)	(2.08)
Adjustment for Ind AS	0.00
Net profit for the period (as per Ind AS)	(2.08)
Other Comprehensive Income	0.00
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	(2.08)

Particulars	Guarter Ended Mar 31, 2022	figures for Current period ended 31st Mar. 2022	Equity Reconciliation as at Mar 31, 2022
Net profit for the period (as per Indian GAAP)	245.82	233 26	(1456.99
Adjustment for Ind AS	0	0	
Net profit for the period (as per Ind AS)	245.82	233.26	(1456.98
Other Comprehensive Income	0	0	
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	245.82	233.26	(1456.99

KORE FOODS LIMITED

Formerly known as PHIL CORPORATION LIMITED

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022

	Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st Marci 2021
1.	ASSETS		Rs.	Rs.
1				
	Property, Plant and Equipment			
	Investment Property	2	2,295	24,78
	Other Non- Current Assets	2		8,794,97
	Salet From Chillent Assets	3	271,940	271,94
2	Current assets		9	
C	Financial Assets	1 1		
	Trade Receivables	1		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	1,026,600	229,62
	Current Tax Assets (Net)	5	36,498	183,53
	Other Current Assets	1 1	177,300	311,37
	Other Current Assets	6	60,391	62,26
3	Assets held-for-sale			0.2,20
		7	56,871	2/
	Total Assets			ů.
			1,631,895	9,878,490
П.	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1		
1	EQUITY	1	7/	
	Equity Share Capital		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	Other Equity	8	116,500,000	116,500,000
		9	(145,699,210)	(169,024,992
	LIABILITIES			
2	Non-current liabilities			
	Provisions			
		10	250,243	388,322
3	Current liabilities			
	Financial Liabilities			
	Borrowings			
	Trade Payables	11	29,527,328	58,098,466
	Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	12		
	Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		35,234	16,069
	Other Current Liabilities		216,000	2,885,294
	Provisions	13	791,800	849,581
		14	10,500	165,750
	Total Equity and Liabilities			1 3
	companying Notes 1-31 are an integral part of the Financial Statements.		1,631,895	9,878,490

For Kore Foods Limited

JOHN Digitally signed by JOHN ESCOLASTICO SILVEIRA

John Silveira Managing Director

Kore Foods Limited
Formerly known as PHIL CORPORATION LIMITED
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2022

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022		For the year ended 31st March, 2021		
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	
Cash flow from operating activities		12			
Profit / (Loss) for the year		23,325,783		(2,506,363)	
Adjustments for:					
Depreciation and amortisation	881,777		881,777		
Provision for Doubtful debts					
Interest expenses	709,368		771,631		
Excess Provision for expense written back				1 455 400	
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(25,821,186)	(24,230,041)	-	1,653,408	
Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes		(904,258)		(852,956)	
Changes in working capital:					
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:					
Trade receivables	(796,977)		13,000		
Other Current Assets	1,876		(15,081)		
Other Non current current assets	-		521,629		
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:					
Trade payables	(2,650,129)		2,313,756		
Other current liabilities	(57,781)		(435,089)		
Short-term provisions	(155,250)		(308,054)	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	
Long-term provisions	(138,079)	(3,796,340)	8,654	2,098,815	
Cash generated from/ (used in) operations		(4,700,599)		1,245,860	
Net income tax (paid) / refunds		(134,071)			
Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities		(4,566,528)	_	1,245,860	
Cash Flow From Investing Activity					
Sale of Fixed Assets	33,700,000		-		
Net cash flow from / (used in) Investing activities		33,700,000	. 1 €		
Cash Flow From Financing Activity	1 1			- N	
Short term Borrowings	(28,571,138)	l.	(352,378)		
Interest Paid	(709,368)	No.	(771,631)		
Net Cash Flow from/ (used in) Financing Activities	(/53,555/	(29,280,506)		(1,124,009)	
Net Cash Flow from/ (used in) Financing Activities		(2),200,000	-		
Net Increase/ Decrease in Cash & Cash Equivalents		(147,034)	_	121,851	
Cash & cash equivalent at the beginning of the year		183,532		61,681	
Cash & cash equivalent at the end of the year		36,498		. 183,532	

For Kore Foods Limited

JOHN ESCOLASTICO Digitally signed by JOHN ESCOLASTICO SILVEIRA

John Silveira Managing Director

Kore Foods Limited

Registered Office: Vision House, Tivim Industrial Estate, Mapusa Goa 403 526 Tel No. (0832) 2257729

CIN L33208GA1983PLC000520

To

Date: 27th May, 2022

Corporate Relations Department, Bombay Stock Exchange Limited, P.J. Towers, 25th Floor, Dalal Street Mumbai - 400001

Dear Sir,

Sub: Declaration pursuant to Reg33(3)(d)of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

I, John Silveira, Managing Director of Kore Foods Limited, hereby declare that, in terms of the provisions of Regulation 33(3) (d) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015, as amended by SEBI from time to time and the Statutory Auditors of the Company, S. V. Shah and Associates, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Reg No- 139517W) have issued the audit report for the financial statements as prepared under Companies Act, 2013 and financial results (Standalone) as prepared under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for financial year ended 31st March, 2022 with unmodified opinion.

Kindly take the same on record.

Thanking You

For Kore Foods Limited,

JOHN ESCOLASTICO Digitally signed by JOHN CII VFIRA ESCOLASTICO SILVEIRA

John Silveira (Managing Director) DIN:06411293