

SIR SHADI LAL ENTERPRISES LTD.

SHAML1 - 247 776 (UP), TEL : (01398) 250064, 250082, FAX : 01398 - 250032, E-MAIL : udsm_shamli@sify.com

CIN No.L51909UP1933PLC146675 Website-www.sirshadilal.com,E-mail:udsm_shamli@sirshadilal.com

REGISTERED

June 29, 2021

The Department of Corporate Affairs, BSE Ltd. 25th Floor, P.J.Tower, Dalal Street, MUMBAI – 400 001

SCRIP CODE NO. 532879

Sub : Submission of Audited Financial Results for the year 2020-21 & for the last Quarter from 1st January,2021 to 31st March,2021 along with Auditors Report on Quarterly Financial Results.

Dear Sir,

Under Regulation 33(3)(a) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations 2015, we are enclosing herewith the Audited Financial Results of the Company for the year 2020-21 and Audited financial results for the last quarter from 1st January,2021 to 31st March,2021, previous three months ended 31st December, 2020 previous year quarter ended 31.03.2020 and Audited for the previous year ended 31st March,2020 on the prescribed format together with 'Auditors Report' for Quarterly Financial Results.

The results were reviewed and recommended for adoption by Audit Committee and were approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors through Electronic means/Video Conferencing in their meeting held on 29th June, 2021. The arrangements are being made to get these results published in the News Papers, shortly.

Kindly acknowledge the receipt,

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully, for Sir Shadi La Enterprises Limited

> (Ajay Kumar Jain) COMPANY SECRETARY

Encl. As above.

ENTERPRISES LIMITED LAL SHADI SIR SHAMLI, DIST. SHAMLI UTTAR PRADESH - 247 776

STATEMENT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND TWELVE MONTHS ENDED 31ST MARCH. 2021 CIN No.L51909UP1933PLC145675,website-www.sirshadilal.com,Email-udsm_shamil@sirshadilal.com

T		Quarte/ ended			Year ended			Cullinerly reporting of segmentwise Revenue, results and capital employed under Regulation 33 of SEBILLODR) Regulations 2015					
	Particulars							Particulars	Quarter ended			Year ended	
-		31 03 2021	31.12,2020	31.03.2020	31.03 2021	31.03.2020 6			31.03.2021	31 12 2020 1	31 03 2020	31.03.2021	31 03.2020
			AU		ED					AU	D	E D	
	2	3	4	5	6	1	-	Segment Revenue				-	
14	(a) Revenue from operations	14309.59	13609 83	10913 78	54925.20	49717.42	11	(a) Sugar	12709.48	12358.02	10032.23	49949.39	44732.71
1	as novembe nom operations	1.1000.000			10101010	10000000		(b) Distillery	2078.36	1895 18	1770.30	6807.48	6770,64
	(b) Other income	59 34	119.65	54.74	215.37	107.38		c) Others	56 65	115.30	1.00	172.37	2.11
1	Total income	14368.93	13729.48	10968.52	55140.57	49824.78		Total Segment Revenue	14844.49	14369.50	11803.53 835.01	56929.24 1788.67	51505 51
2	Expenses			47000 74	44215.34	39476.78		Less Inter Segment revenue Total Revenue from operation	475.56	540,02 13729 48	10988.52	55140 57	49824 78
	 (a) Cost of raw materials consumed (b) Purchase of stock-in-trade 	19228 71	11878,98	17398.71	44210.04	29410.10	2	Segment Results	1				
	(c) Changes in inventories of finished goods.	-9385 92	843.26	-10112.11	2631.19	409 34		(a) Sugar	1427.25	-2373 64	1108.20		225.94
	stock-in-trade and work-in-progress							(b) Distillery	955.19	1186.63	455.93	3478 33	2642.6
	(d) Excise duty and Cess (e) Employee benefits expense	950.72	797.72	928.59	3229 90	3092.19		Total segment profit pefore	2382.44	-1207.01	1564 13	158.09	2668 55
	(f) Finance Costs (net)	344,77	376.34	488.01	1518.08		17	Finance Costs tax and					
	(g) Depreciation and amortisation expense	122.09	159.96	234.83		697.22 3738.16		unallocable items Less:					
	(n) Other expenses	1188,44	1244.09	1112.20	4000.00	3130.10	17	II Finance Cost	344.77	376.34	488 00	1518.08	2125 31
		1 1						ii) Other Unallocable	117.65	-12.48	157 89	290.95	457 44
					-			Expenditure(net of unallocable		1530.03	-	-1550.94	285.72
	Total Expenses	12448.81	15300.35	10050.28	56791.51	49539.06		Total Profit before tax Segment Assets	1920.12	+1570.87	918.24	-1000 54	200 / 4
							100	(a) Sugar	54810.98	15974 70	24569.50		24589.50
		1 1						(b) Distillery	21173.99	5543,34	4793.74	21173.99	4793.74
		1 4					11	(c) Unailocable Assets	7350.26	3478 11	7362 79	7350.28	7362.79
		1 1						Total Segment Assets	83335,23	24998.15	36726.03	83335 23	38726.03
		1 1				10 - S	4	Segment Liabilities (a) Sugar	44943.92	38218.17	43453.34	44943.92	43453.34
		1 1					17	(b) Distiliery	2455 56	1124.52	389.10	2455.56	389.10
		1 1						(c) Unallocable Assets	2322.61	5646.27	2418 97	2322.61	2418.97
							13	Total Segment Liabilities	49722.09	44988.96	46261.41	49722.09	48261.41
3	Profit before Exceptional items and Tax(1-2)	1920 12	-1570.87	918.24	-1850.94	285.72	17	STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND	LIABILITIES			31.03.2021	31.03.2020
		1 1					1	Non Current Assets					
4	(xcuptiona) items	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10	(a) Property Plant and Equipment	nt			49686.76	5558.19
1	Locality at the se		1	100		1.00		(b) Capital work-in-prgress				2027 79 0 41	415,42
1		1920.12	-1570.87	918.24	-1650.94	285.72		(c) Other Intangible (d) Financial Assets				4.5.4	
2	Profit before Tax (3+4) Tax expenses	1920.12	-10/0/0/	910.24	-1000.04	400.14		(i) Investments				1	
1	Current Excess Provision of I/T relating to Earlier Year	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		(ii) Trade receivables				1.48	48,96
		221.69	0.00	0.00	-221 69	0.00		(iii) Loans				0.50	0.50
1	Deferred			0.00	-221.69	0.00		(Iv) Other financial assets (e) Deferred Tax assets(net)				62.88	6881.11
	Total Tax expenses	221.69	0.00	0.00	*#21.09	0.00		(f) Other Non- Current assets				426.40	93.00
- 1								Non- Current assets				59087,33	13095.88
		ALCONTRA .	-		No.		2	Current Assets				18747.33	21448 17
7	Net Profit for the period (5-5)	2141.81	-1570.87	918.24	-1429.25	285.72		(a) Inventories (b) Financial Assets				10747.33	21440.17
1	Other Comprehensive Income	1 1					17	(i) Trade receivables				729.41	821.87
	(i) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit of loss	23.91	67.52	-25.71	18.63	99.19		(ii) Cash and Cash equivalen				681.43	349 14
							17	(iii) Bank Balance other than (iv) Other financial assets	cash ang cas	il ednikaleuts	8.0	172.51	21.93
	in items that will be reclassified	0.00	0.00	0:00	0.00	0.00	13	(v) Other Current assets				3905.24	562.03
	subsequently to profit or loss		0.00	1				Current assets				24247.90	23630.35
		1 I						Total Assets				83335.23	36726.03
	Receivation Reserve on 1902	44559:14	0.00	0.00	44559 14	0,00		EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
	Intel Other Comprehensive Income	44583.05	67.52	-25.71	44577.77	99.19		(a) Equity Share Capital				525 00	525.00
								(b) Other Egulity					
								(i) Capital Redemption Reser	ve			35.70	35.7(
1								(ii) Retained Earnings (iii) Revaluation Surplus				44659,14	-10090.01
		1 1						Sub Total Other Equity				33068 15	-10080.37
						1 1	11	Total Equity				33613.15	-9535.37
		1 1				1 1		LIABILITIES					
	and a second second second second	46724 86		100.55	12110 52	384.91		Non- Current Liabilities					
*	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit and other comprehensive	90724.00	-1503.35	047.00	43148.52	304.91		(a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings				4715.51	4515.95
	income for the period) (7+8)						11	(b) Provisions				1022.99	949.00
								(c) Other non Current Liabilities				632.42	872.36
			in the	1000		and on	1	Non Current Liabilities				6370.92	6337.34
10	Paid up equity share capital (Face value per share Rs. 10/- each)	525:00	525.00	525.00	525.00	525.00	2	Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities					
	(Lisze Asine bei zuele kz. 10% sacu)							(i) Borrowings				8983.63	9246.28
							11	(ii) Trade payables				28456.29	24630.35
1	Earnings per equity share (Rs 10/- each)	1 1						(iii) Other financial Liabilities				1743.43	3002.44
	(not annualised)							(iv) Other Current Liabilities				4049.74	2928 75
	(a) Basic	40.796	-29 921	17.490	-27.22	5.44		(b) Provisions Current Liabilities				43351.16	39924 06
	(b) Diluted	40.796	-29 921	17.490		5.44		Total Equity and Liabilities				83335.23	

The interest aggregating to Rs.607.19 Lakhs on delayed payment of augar cane price for sugar seasons 2011-12 to 2014-16 is due for payment in view of the Supreme Court's order no.35113/2017 dated 23.04.2018. The company is contemplating to file a review petition against above mentioned order of Supreme Court. Therefore, no provision has been made for the above mentioned liability of Rs.607.19 Lakhs and also for RS.9710.09 Lakhs relating to the subsequent financial years 2015-16 to 2020-21 to that extent the accounts are not maintained on accrual basis

The Central Govt Ministry of Law & Justice, have issued Notification No.8/2016 dated 1.1 2016 regarding payment of bonus (Amendment Act 2015) in terms of which the ceiling for payment of bonus has been revised w.e.f. 1st April, 2014. Centain High Courts have stayed the involvementation of revision of Bonus from retrospective effect. ISMA has also filed witt against implementation of the order with regaind to its retrospective effect from 1st April, 2014 and the matter is support. Therefore the Company has not made provision of the level ending on 31 03 2015.

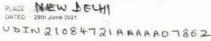
m were of Accumulated losses, and uncertainty of future profitability the Board have decided not to make any provision for Deferred Tax Assets for the current financial year, though not in line with Indian Accounting Standard 12:

Standard-12 4. This addited financial statement for the quarter & year ended March 31,2021 has been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their meetings held on 29.06.2021 5. Instruction results of the company have been properted in accordance with Indian Accounting standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards)Rules, 2015 as amended. 9. Rovenue from operations includes Rt 3356 66. Lakits financial assistance pertaining to export made under Maximum Admissible Export Quota (MAEQ) allotted to the company as per the notification No 1(14/2019-SP-1 dated 12.09.2019 issued by Ministry of Consumer Affairs & Pood & Public Distribution for improving of Liquidity position of Sugar Mils enabling them to clear cane price dues. 8. Rovenue from operations includes Rt 3266 00. Lakits financial assistance pertaining to export made under Maximum Admissible Export Quota (MAEQ) allotted to the company as per the notification No 1(5/2020-SP-1 dated 12.09.2019 issued by Ministry of Consumer Affairs & Pood & Public Distribution for improving of Liquidity position of Sugar Mils enabling them to clear cane price dues. 8. Rovenue from operations includes Rt 226:00 Lakits financial assistance pertaining to export made under Maximum Admissible Export Quota (MAEQ) allotted to the company as per the notification No 1(5/2020-SP-1 dated 12.09.2019 issued by Ministry of Consumer Affairs & Pood & Public Distribution for improving of Liquidity position of Sugar Mils enabling them to clear cane price dues. 8. The company has reversed the possities impact of COUD-16 in preparation of the sale of the quarker, including internal and external addities. Accordingly as in date, no material impact is anticipated in the afforestand raying amount of its assats and liabities. Accordingly as in date, no material impact is anticipated in the afforestand raying amounts. 9. The code would impact the company was per memory experited and the afforestand rasset in September 2020. The co

give spectrate impact in the initiation assessment of acquisition in which, the doub becomes mercive and the related class to determine the financial impact are published. (6) import Plant & Ecupany and a contrain cost of acquisition liess accurated deprecision. Lead has been related during the year (date of valuation, 05.02.2021). The surplus of Rs. 44,559.14 Lakhs arising from the revaluation has been credited to revaluation surplus and other comprehensive income as on 31.03.2021. The Land has been valued by independent Valuer using market approach. 11 The net with of the company has since been eredited to revaluation of sugar from sugarcane. Whereas on account of import with the result that he company has ered point using the season 2015-16, the recovery has substantial improved with the result that he company has earced point fusing they of import program multiculturing unit, during the season 2015-16, the recovery has substantial improved with the result that he company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they have 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they have are 2016-17. The Company has earced point fusing they have are 2016-17. The Company has earced point (MEC-minimum inclicate export quote) to reduce sugar availabiting they are 2016-17. The Company has earce

If The figure of the previous period has been regrouped / reclassified to confirm to current period's presentat

PLACE NEW DELHI DATED 29th June 2021



For Sir Shadi Lan Energen Lid (RAJAT BRL) MANAGING DIRECTOR DIN: 00112459 As per our report of even date attached n Gup For M. Sharan Gupta & Co Chartered Accountants ò 1 No (194721

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5	otes to the Financial State	ments		
	the year ended March 31, 2021			
	E NO. 52: STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW		For the year ended March 31, 2021 (Rs. in Lakhs)	For the year ended March 31, 2020 (Rs. in Lakhs)
Α.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES :	the second s		(no. medicie)
	Net Profit/(Loss) before tax and exceptional item as per Profit	& Loss Account	(1,650.94)	285.72
	Adjustments for :	Depreciation	631.97	697.22
		Interest (Net)	1,315.08	2,036.81
		Bad debts & claims written off (Net)	48.98	3.12
		(Profit)/Loss on sale & Disposal of Fixed Assets (Net) 42.79	11.78
		Unclaimed Credit Balances Written Back	(0.27)	. (0.08)
		Stores Written off		1.21
	Operating Profit before working capital changes .		387.61	3,035.78
	Adjustment for :	Trade and other receivables	(2,873.25)	480.68
		Inventories	2,700.83	516.74
		Trade Payables	5,171.96	2,921.37
	Cash generated from operations	24.	5,387.15	6,954.57
		Interest paid	(808.68)	(944.57)
		Direct tax paid (Net)	11.29	5.79
		Net Cash from operating activities	4,589.76	6,015.79
В.	CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :	COMPLEX STORED AND SERVICE THE REAL AND SERVICE		
	Purchase of fixed assets (including Intangible Assets)		(1,856.98)	(649.61)
1.30	Capital Advance		(333.40)	(93.00)
	Sale of fixed assets	Careford and a Date of the Contract of the Con	-	10.22
	Interest received		197.33	125.84
	Net Cash used in investing activities		(1,993.05)	(606.55)
C.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES :			
	Proceeds from fixed Deposit/Directors Loan		(60.82)	(137.22)
	Proceeds from Term Loan/Repayment of Finance Liability		(1,592.04)	(4,508.25)
	Interest paid	제가 집 것 같은 것이 많은 것은 것 같은 것 같이 없다.	(611.56)	(1,049.52)
	Net Cash used in Financing Activities		(2,264.42)	(5,694.99)
	Net increase in Cash and Cash equivalents	All and a particular to the second second second second	332.29	(285.75)
	Opening balance of Cash and Cash equivalents		349.14	634.89
	Closing balance of Cash and Cash equivalents		681.43	349.14
	Stand of Sash and Gash equivalents		001.40	040.14
	Note : Figures in () denote Cash Outoo			

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Place: New Delhi

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Date: 29.06.2021

For M.SHARAN GUPTA & CO.

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Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 06340N



M.SHARAN GUPTA & CO. Chartered Accountants B-3, Ground Floor, Hotel Suryaa, New Friends Colony New Delhi-110025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Annual Financial Results of Sir Shadi Lal Enterprises Limited Pursuant to the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended.

TO

THE MEMBERS OF SIR SHADI LAL ENTERPRISES LIMITED Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Annual Financial Statements of Sir Shadi Lal Enterprises Limited ("the Company")for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2021 (the "Standalone Annual Financial Results"). The Standalone Annual Financial Results have been submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended (the "Listing Regulation").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Annual Financial Results:

- i. are presented in accordance with the requirement of Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulation in this regard; and
- ii. give a true and fair view in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable Accounting Standards and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the net profit and other comprehensive Income and other financial information for the quarter ended. March 31, 2021 and of the net loss and other comprehensive Income and other financial information for the year ended March 31, 2021.

Basis of Opinion

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We conducted our audit of the Standalone Annual Financial Results in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under Section 143(10) of cine Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's

Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial results" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

(a) The Company has not maintained accounts on "Accrual Basis" to the extent

- i) Of Rs. 10317.28 Lacs in respect of interest on late payment of Cane Price, which have not been provided as stated by the Company in Note No. 1 of the aforesaid financial statement.
- ii) As stated in Note No. 2 of the aforesaid statement in respect of liability (Not determined by the Company) towards bonus relating to financial year 2014-15 in accordance with revised Bonus Notification dated 1st January, 2016.
- (b) As Stated in Note No. 3 to the aforesaid statements, the management has decided not to make any further provision this year for Deferred Tax Assets. The management in view of accumulated losses and in absence of virtual certainty about future profitability, has decided not to account for the effect of Deferred Taxation for this year and continues to carry forward the Deferred Tax Asset Rs. 6881.11 lakhs already accounted for in earlier years.
- (c) Attention is invited to note no.10 to the aforesaid statement, that the company has revalued its Land during the year and the surplus of Rs. 44559.14 Lakhs arising from the revaluation has been credited to revaluation reserve & other Comprehensive Income as on 31.03.2021. The Land has been valued by Independent Valuer using Market Approach.

(d) Attention is invited to note no.11 to the aforesaid statement, wherein it is explained that the company has significant accumulated losses which have resulted in erosion of the net worth of the Company. The reasons for improvement explained by the company in the said note no.11 that it will continue as a going concern and it will likely to pay its liabilities from expected generation of cash flow are, in our opinion, uncertain. We are unable to comment upon the said uncertainties.

Management and Board of Directors Responsibilities for the Standalone Annual Financial Results

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Annual Financial Results that gives a true and fair view of the net profit/loss and other comprehensive income of the Company and other financial information in accordance with the applicable Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under

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section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the Provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and presentation of the Standalone Annual Financial Results, that give a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Annual Financial Results, the Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Annual Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Annual Financial Results as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Standalone Annual Financial Results.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone annual financial results, whether due to fraud or error, and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for the sulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,

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intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion through a separate report on the complete set of financial statements on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the standalone financial results made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone annual financial results or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone annual financial results, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone annual financial results represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the Standalone Financial Results of the Company to express an opinion on the Standalone Financial Results.
- Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Results that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Results may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Results.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,

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including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matters

The standalone annual financial results include the results for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 being the balancing figures between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the published unaudited year to date figures up to the third quarter of the current financial year which were subject to limited review by us.

For M. SHARAN GUPTA & CO. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 06340N)

Place: New Delhi Date: 29.06.2021



M.SHARAN GUPTA & CO. Chartered Accountants B-3, Ground Floor, Hotel Suryaa, New Friends Colony New Delhi-110025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO

THE MEMBERS OF SIR SHADI LAL ENTERPRISES LIMITED Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Sir Shadi** Lal Enterprises Limited ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act,2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended ("Ind As") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and the loss, and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

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We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our audit report.

Key Audit Matters	Auditor's Response
The net worth of the company has since been eroded on account of operational losses, incurred by the company upto the F.Y. 2014-15, which was basically on account of low recovery of sugar from sugarcane. Whereas on account of improvement in the sugar manufacturing unit, during the season 2015-16, the recovery has substantially improved with the result that the company has earned profit during the year 2016-17. The company has also reported profit during the year ending on 31.03.2020 Rs.384.91 Lakhs as compared to loss Rs. 1410.62 Lakhs during the year ending on 31.03.2021. The company is continuously striving for improvement in the operational efficiencies in other parameters. The Government has taken different measures to improve the financial health of Sugar industry to fix the obligation for export of sugar (MIEQ-minimum indicative export quota) to reduce sugar availability, fixation of minimum support price(MSP) for sugar. All these measures are expected to turnaround the operations of the sugar industry con a sustainable basis. As such the company will	Attention is invited to note no.50 of the Financial Statements, wherein it is explained that the Company has significant accumulated losses which have resulted in erosion of the net worth of the Company as on 31 st March 2021. The reasons for improvement explained by the Company in the said note no.50 that it will continue as a going concern and it will likely pay its liabilities from expected generation of cash flow are in our opinion, uncertain. We are unable to comment upon the said uncertainties.

remain as a going concern and is likely to pay its liabilities including cane dues from expected generation of cash flow. However the accumulated losses of the company as at 31.03.2021 were Rs.11470.99 Lakhs (excluding revaluation reserve) as against the paid up capital of Rs. 525.00 Lakhs.	
Revaluation of Land as described Statements.	in Note 3.1.1 of the Standalone Ind As Financial
The Company has opted for a revaluation model for measuring freehold land. The land is carried at fair value in the Balance Sheet. The Company has recognized a revaluation surplus of Rs. 44559.14 lakh based on the valuation carried out during the year. The Valuation has been carried out by an Independent Valuer. Revaluation of Land is a Key Audit matter due to its financial magnitude & judgments involved in the assessment of the fair value of land. The Judgment relates to the valuation methodologies used and the assumptions included in each of those methodologies.	Our Audit procedures included the following : Read and assessed the company's accountin policies with respect to Land (PPE) for compliance with relevant accounting standards. We obtained from the Company management the report on valuation of Land performed by a external expert appointed by the Company We assessed the impact of changes in Ke assumptions on the valuation analysis prepare by the Company. We obtained details of physical verification of Land from Independent Valuer and compared the results of physical verification of Land with the Listing of Land as per the Fixed Assets on Test check basis We assessed the competence, objectivity of independence of this external valuer appointed by the Company.
	We assessed whether the change in valuation was accounted for by the Company within the revaluation reserve and other comprehensive income as applicable. We assessed the disclosures in the financial statement for compliance with the requirement of Ind AS.

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Other Matter

- 1. The Company has not maintained accounts on "Accrual Basis" to the extent:
 - of Rs.10317.28 Lacs in respect of interest on late payment of cane price, which have not been provided as Stated by the Company in Note No.35 of the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements.
 - ii) of Iiability (which is not determined by the Company) towards bonus relating to Financial Year 2014-15 in accordance with revised Bonus Notification dated 1st January 2016, as Stated by the Company in Note No.36 of the aforesaid Financial Statements.
- 2. As Stated in Note No.37 to the Standalone Financial Statements, the management has decided not to make any further provision this year for Deferred Tax Assets. The management in view of current year loss and accumulated losses and in absence of virtual certainty about future profitability, has decided not to account for the effect of Deferred Tax Assets results and continues to carry forward the Deferred Tax Assets Rs.6881.11 lakhs already accounted for in earlier years.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. This Comprises the information included in the Director's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated if based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Responsibilities of Management and those charged with governance for the standalone financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section

134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of standalone financial statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one

resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our

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report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order,2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section(11) of section 143 of the companies Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a Statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act,
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the Internal Financial Control over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B"
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

 With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules,





2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements (Refer Note No. 35 of the Standalone financial statements);
- *ii)* The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any foreseeable losses; and
- iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For **M.SHARAN GUPTA & CO**. Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 06340N an Gup Delhi GI Proprietor (Membership No.084721) d Acco

Place: New Delhi Dated : 29.06.2021

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Annexure "A" To The Independent Auditor's Report of even date of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of Sir Shadi Lal Enterprises Limited for the year ended on 31st March, 2021.

(Referred to in paragraph 1 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" to the members of **Sir Shadi Lal Enterprises Limited** on the standalone Ind AS financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021.)

In respect of the Company's fixed assets:

a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information.

b. The Company's programme of physical verification of all its fixed assets once in three years, is in our opinion, reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its fixed assets. Pursuant to such programme, a physical verification of fixed assets was carried out during the year and the discrepancies noticed between the book record and physical inventory have been properly accounted for in the books of account

c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are stated to be held in the name of the Company. The original Title Deeds were not produced to us for our verification and we were told that the same are deposited as security with State Bank of India and District Co-Operative Bank.

- a During the year, the inventories have been physically verified by the management except certain items of Shamli Distillery and material sent for job work and lying with third parties. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
 - b The discrepancies noticed on physical verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not material, however, the discrepancies noticed have been properly accounted for in the books of account.

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- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the Register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (iii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to loans, investments, guarantees, and securities.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit from the public during the year, therefore, the provisions of clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order, is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules 2014 prescribed by the Central Government under Section 148 (1) (d) of the Companies Act, 2013 and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and cost records have been maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii. a) According to the information & explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' State insurance, income-tax, value added tax, wealth-tax, Goods and service-tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and other material statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable.

b) According to the records of the Company and the information and explanations given to us, there are no amounts in respect of income-tax, value added tax, sales tax, wealth-tax, Goods and service-tax, customs duty, excise duty and cess, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute, other than mentioned in 'Annexure-1' to this report.

c) Except Goods & Service Tax, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Excise Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.

- viii. Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to banks or Government during the year. The Company has no outstanding dues in respect of financial institutions or debenture holders.
- x. The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further

public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable.

- x. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial Statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi. The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

Place: New Delhi Date:29.06.2021



For M. SHARAN GUPTA & CO. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 06340N)

S.CUPTA.)

(Membership No. 084721)

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SIR SHADI LAL ENTERPRISES LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a besis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For M. SHARAN GUPTA & CO. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 06340N)

Place: New Delhi Date: 29.06.2021





(Annexure-1 as referred to in Para vii (b) of Annexure 'B' to the Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Sir Shadi Lal Enterprises Limited on the accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2021).

Following are the particulars of disputed dues (provided/considered contingent liability, as appropriate) as on 31.03.2021 on account of Income-Tax, Sales-Tax, and Excise matters that have not been deposited on account of dispute:-

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount (Rs. In Lacs)	Period to which the Amounts relates	Forum where dispute is pending		
Sales Tax Entry Tax Act		3.38	2012-2013	Addl. Commissioner Appeal, Muzaffarnagar		
Central Excise Act	Duty/Penalty	0.68	2005-2006	Commissioner Appeal, Muzaffarnagar		
U.P. Excise Act	Penalty for Low Recovery duty/Penalty	1.85	1991-1992	Excise Commissioner ,Allahabad		
		55.42	1988-1989	Weight & Measurement Department Saharanpur, High Court, Allahabad		
National Company Law Tribunal	Security Deposit for Appeal	37.46	2011-2012 2012-2013 2013-2014	Competition Commission of India.		

We have been informed that apart from above; there are no dues in respect of Wealth-tax, Goods and Service-tax, and Custom Duty which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

For M. SHARAN GUPTA & CO. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 06340N)

Place: New Delhi Date : 29.06.2021



Proprietor (Membership No. 084721) UDIN: 21084721AAAAAP3019



SIR SHADI LAL ENTERPRISES LTD.

SHAMLI - 247 776 (UP), TEL : (01398) 250064, 250082. FAX : 01398 - 250032, E-MAIL : udsm_shamli@sify.com

DECLARATION

[Pursuant to SEBI circular No. CIR/FD/CMD/56/2016 dated May 27,2016]

With reference to SEBI circular dated May 7, 2016 in respect of Disclosure of the Impact of Audit qualifications, we declare that there is no qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer made by the Auditors in their Audit Report on the Annual Financial Statement of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2021.

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Rajat Lal (Managing Director)

R.c. Marmo

(R.C.Sharma) Chairman- Audit Committee

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(Gajender Sharma) Chief Financial Officer

Place: New Delhi Date: 29.06.2021



For M. SHARAN GUPTA & CO. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 06340N)

(M.S.GUETA) Proprietor (Membership No. 084721)