

REC Limited आर इ सा लिमिटेड (भारत सरकार का उद्यम) / (A Government of India Enterprise) Regd. Office: Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003 Corporate Office: REC World Headquarters, Plot No. 1-4, Near IFFCO Chowk Metro Station, Sector-29, Gurugram - 122001 (Haryana) Tel: +91 124 444 1300 | Website: www.recindia.com CIN : L40101DL1969GOI005095 | GST No.: 06AAACR4512R3Z3

SEC-1/187(2)/2022/984

Dated: October 27, 2022

लिस्टिंग विभाग,	कॉर्पोरेट संबंध विभाग
नेशनल स्टॉक एक्सचेंज ऑफ इंडिया लिमिटेड	बीएसई लिमिटेड
एक्सचेंज प्लाजा, बांद्रा कुर्ला कॉम्प्लेक्स,	पहली मंजिल, फीरोज जीजीभोय टावर्स
बांद्रा (पूर्व), <u>मुंबई - ४०० ०५१</u>	दलाल स्ट्रीट, फोर्ट, मुंबई - ४०० ००१
स्क्रिप कोड—RECLTD	स्क्रिप कोड—532955
Listing Department,	Corporate Relationship Department
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	BSE Limited
Exchange Plaza, Bandra Kurla Complex,	1 st Floor, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers
Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051.	Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001.
Scrip Code—RECLTD	Scrip Code—532955

Sub: Outcome of Board Meeting - submission of unaudited financial results (standalone & consolidated) for the period ended September 30, 2022, declaration of interim dividend for the financial year 2022-23 and other matters.

Dear Sir(s),

In continuation of our earlier letters dated October 20, 2022 on the subject cited above and in pursuance of Regulation 30 read with Schedule III of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board of Directors of REC Limited in its meeting held on October 27, 2022 *inter-alia* approved the following proposals:-

(i) <u>Unaudited financial results (standalone & consolidated)</u> of the Company for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 in the prescribed format, which have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved & taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company in their meetings held on October 27, 2022. The disclosure of related party transactions on a consolidated basis in terms of Regulation 23(9) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 is also enclosed herewith.

The said financial results have been subjected to Limited Review by M/s. O.P. Bagla & Co. LLP and M/s. S.K. Mittal & Co., Statutory Auditors and a copy of the Limited Review Report is enclosed herewith for your reference and record.

- (ii) Declaration of interim dividend @ ₹5/- (Rupees Five only) per equity share of ₹10/each for the financial year 2022-23. Further, the record date for the said interim dividend is Wednesday, November 9, 2022 and the said interim dividend shall be paid/dispatched on Thursday, November 24, 2022 to those shareholders whose names appear (a) as beneficial owners in the statement(s) furnished by the depository(ies) as on the close of business hours on Wednesday, November 9, 2022 in respect of shares held in electronic form; and (b) as members in the register of members on Wednesday, November 9, 2022 in respect of physical shares.
- (iii) <u>Appointment of CRO</u> :- In compliance of Reserve Bank of India (RBI) Circular No. RBI/2018-19/184 DNBR (PD) CC. NO. 099/03.10.001/2018-19 dated May 16, 2019, the Board has approved the appointment of Ms. Malathi Sundararajan, Executive Director (F&A) as the Chief Risk Officer (CRO) of the Company, with effect from January 1, 2023 till the date of her superannuation i.e. November 30, 2024, in place of Shri Vijay Kumar; and

Regional Offices: Bengaluru, Bhopal, Bhubaneswar, Chennai, Dehradun, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Jammu, Kolkata, Lucknow, Mumbai, Panchkula, Patna, Raipur, Ranchi, Shimla, Thiruvananthapuram & Vijaywada

State Offices : Vadodara

Training Centre : REC Institute of Power Management & Training (RECIPMT), Hyderabad

(iv) <u>Sale and transfer of SPV</u>:- Sale and transfer of 50,000 equity shares of Gadag II-A Transmission Limited held by REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited to ReNew Transmission Ventures Private Limited, the successful bidder selected through Tariff Based Competitive Bidding process. The other details relating to said transaction are as under:-

SI. No.	Particulars		D	etails
1.	The amount and percentage of the turnover or revenue or income and net worth contributed by such unit or division of the listed entity during the last financial year.	Negligi	ble.	
2.	Date on which the agreement for sale has been entered into.	The pro	vess for sale and	transfer of the said SPV to
3.	The expected date of completion of sale/disposal.	the suce	cessful bidder(s) i	s expected to complete in
4.	Consideration received from such sale/disposal.	the fina	ncial year 2022-2	.3.
5.	Brief details of buyer and whether the buyers belong to	SI. No.	Name of the SPV	Name of Successful Bidder
	the promoter/ promoter group/group companies. If yes, details thereof.	1.	Gadag II-A Transmission Limited	ReNew Transmission Ventures Private Limited
		mention		that the successful Bidder not belong to Promoter
6.	Whether the transaction would fall within related party transactions? If yes, whether the same is done at "arm's length".	The tran		fall within the purview of
7.	Whether the transaction is in the nature of Slump Sale.	wholly- to the	owned subsidiary successful bidder	e and transfer of the of RECPDCL and REC, as per details given in ot in the nature of slump
		SPVs i Guideli	s determined in nes issued, from	on for sale & transfer of n accordance with the n time to time, by the ernment of India.

यह आपकी जानकारी और प्रसार के लिए है। This is for your kind information and dissemination. धन्यवाद,

भवदीय.

(जे. ए.स. अमिताभ) कार्यकारी निदेशक और कंपनी सचिव

संलग्न : ए/ए

S.K. Mittal & Co. Chartered Accountants E-29 South Extension Part-II New Delhi-110049. O P Bagla & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants B-225, 5th Floor, Okhla Industrial Area Phase-I New Delhi- 110020.

Independent Auditor's Review Report on the Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter/Half Year ended 30th September 2022 of REC Limited Pursuant to the Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

The Board of Directors, REC Limited Core-IV, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodi Road, New Delhi – 110003

We have reviewed the accompanying standalone unaudited quarter/half year results (including annexed Standalone Balance Sheet as on 30th September 2022, Statement of Profit & Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended as on that date and summarised Notes to Accounts, including Significant Accounting Policies) of **REC Limited** (the company) for the quarter/half year ended 30th September 2022, being submitted by the company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("Listing Regulations").

This statement, which is the responsibility of the Company's Management and approved by the Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to issue a report on these financial statements based on our review.

We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data and thus provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and

ccordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

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Based on our review conducted as above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying statement of unaudited financial results, prepared in accordance with recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, as amended, read with relevant rules issued there under and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.

Emphasis of matter

Refer Note No. 3 to the financial results regarding, the provision of impairment allowance in respect of its loan assets and Letters of Comfort. In this regard, we have relied upon the basis of determination of impairment allowance, in so far as it relates to technical aspects/parameters considered by independent agency appointed by the company and management judgement for ascertaining impairment allowance as management overlay.

Our opinion on the Statement is not modified in respect of above matter.

M/s S.K. Mittal & Co. Chartered Accountants, ICAI Firm Registration: 001135N

New

Name S. Murthy Designation: Rartner Membership Number: 072290 UDIN: 22072290BAXXRP4321

Place : New Delhi Date : 27th October 2022 M/s O.P. Bagla & Co. LLP. Chartered Accountants, ICAI Firm Registration: 000018N/N500091

Name – Atul Aggarwal Designation: Partner Membership Number: 092656 UDIN: 22092656BAXYZT3267 S.K. Mittal & Co. Chartered Accountants E-29 South Extension Part-II New Delhi-110049. O P Bagla & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants B-225, 5th Floor, Okhla Industrial Area Phase-I New Delhi- 110020.

Independent Auditor's Review Report on Consolidated Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter/Half year ended 30th September 2022 of REC Limited Pursuant to the Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

The Board of Directors, REC Limited Core-IV, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodi Road, New Delhi – 110003

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated unaudited quarter/half year Results (including annexed Consolidated Balance Sheet as on 30th September 2022, Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended as on that date and summarised Notes to Accounts, including Significant Accounting Policies) of **REC Limited** ("the Parent") and its subsidiary (the Parent and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group"), and its share of the net profit after tax for the quarter/half year ended 30th September 2022, being submitted by the company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("Listing Regulations").

This statement, which is the responsibility of the Company's Management and approved by the Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to issue a report on these financial statements based on our review.

We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data and thus provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



r review conducted as above, nothing has come to our attention t



to believe that the accompanying statement of unaudited financial results, prepared in accordance with recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, as amended, read with relevant rules issued there under and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 and Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.

Emphasis of matter

Refer Note No. 3 to the financial results regarding, the provision of impairment allowance in respect of its loan assets and Letters of Comfort. In this regard, we have relied upon the basis of determination of impairment allowance, in so far as it relates to technical aspects/parameters considered by independent agency appointed by the company and management judgement for ascertaining impairment allowance as management overlay.

Our opinion on the Statement is not modified in respect of above matter.

Other Matter

We did not review the interim financial results of the subsidiary included in the consolidated unaudited financial results, whose interim financial results reflect total revenue of ₹ 29.10 crores and ₹ 68.94 crores, total net profit after tax of ₹ 12.6 Crore and ₹ 19.55 crores and total comprehensive income of ₹ 12.6 crore and ₹ 19.55 crores for the quarter and half year ended 30^{th} September 2022 respectively, as considered in the consolidated unaudited financial results. These interim financial results have been reviewed by other auditor whose Report has been furnished to us by the Management and our conclusion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the subsidiary is based solely on the Report of the other auditor and the procedures performed by us.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matter.

M/s S.K. Mittal & Co.

D

Chartered Accountants, ICAI Firm Registration: 001135N

Name - S. Murthy Designation: Partner Membership Number: 072290 UDIN: 22072290BAXXWY9391

Place : New Delhi Date : 27th October 2022 M/s O.P. Bagla & Co. LLP.

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration 900018N/N500091

Name – Atul Aggarwal Designation: Partner Membership Number: 092656 UDIN: 22092656BAXZEQ3688

REC Limited
Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095
Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the period ended 30-09-2022

No.	Particulars		Quarter Ended		Period E	inded	Year Ended
		30-09-2022	30-06-2022	30-09-2021	30-09-2022	30-09-2021	31-03-2022
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Income	1					
A	Interest income	17 and 10				Anna	
G		9,533.88	9,262.36	9,627.63	18,796.24	19,001.89	37,810.8
Gii	Other interest income	154.41	111.42	96.38	265.83	159.35	375.6
	Sub-total (A) - Interest Income	9,688.29	9,373.78	9,724.01	19,062.07	19,161.24	38,186.4
В	Other Operating Income						
(i	Dividend income	9.90	-	16.62	9.90	16.62	26.6
(ii) Fees and commission income	34.40	55.67	173.45	90.07	323,57	572.8
Gi	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes	207.41	30.45	125.06	237.86	44.07	346.5
	Sub-total (B) - Other Operating Income	251.71	86.12	315.13	337.83	384.26	946.0
C	사실 이 사실에서 2017년 전 1월 1월 2017년 1월 10일 1월 10일 1월 2017년 1월 18일 1월 18일 1월 18일 1월 18일 18일 18일 18일 18일 18일 18일 18일 18	9,940.00	9,459.90	10,039.14	19,399.90	19,545.50	39,132.4
D	Other Income	8.55	8.61	39.68	17.16	44.44	97.9
	Total income (C+D)	9,948.55	9,468.51	10,078.82	19,417.06	19,589.94	39,230.4
2	Expenses	10.20.2		0.100.000	Cartes and	10000	
A	and the state of the	5,728.67	5,376.69	5,562.55	11,105.36	11,151.11	22,052.91
в		456.79	479.55	(78.20)	936.34	213.08	799.0
C		1.43	5.49	0.95	6.92	9.04	16.7
D		223.88	504.50	1,118.51	728.38	1,899.95	3,473.3
E		29.99	75.41	43.02	105.40	82.38	159.6
F		5.85	5.89	4.65	11.74	7.46	17.9
G		37.55	56.90	16.36	94.45	37.29	170.6
Н		35.36	24.53	28.96	59.89	49.55	115.3
	Total expenses (A to H)	6,519.52	6,528.96	6,696.80	13,048.48	13,449.86	26,805.5
3	Profit before tax (1-2)	3,429.03	2,939.55	3,382.02	6,368.58	6,140.08	12,424.9
4	Tax expense	5,425.05	2,555.55	5,502.02	0,500.50	0,140.00	12,424.30
A							
-	- Current year	652.93	664.55	832.61	1,317.48	1,593.37	3,051.33
	- Earlier years	0.02.95	(90.36)	032.01		1,090.07	
в	Deferred tax	47.72	(81.90)	(189.38)	(90.36)	(120.00)	(3.9
D		700.65	(81.90) 492.29	ALC: NOT ALC	(34.18)	(438.68)	(668.3
	Total tax expense (A+B)	2,728.38		643.23	1,192.94	1,154.69	2,378.9
5	Net profit for the period (3-4)	2,728.38	2,447.26	2,738.79	5,175.64	4,985.39	10,045.93
	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss)						
(i)		(0.00)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
(a)		(2.36)	(00.00)	(1.59)	(2.36)	(1.65)	(8.33
(b		(3.38)	(33.33)	21.45	(36.71)	57.77	22.19
(c)		0.50					
	- Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	0.59	-	0.41	0.59	0.42	2.10
	- Changes in fair value of FVOCI equity instruments	(0.04)	(0.07)	(0.03)	(0.11)	-	2.55
	Sub-total (i)	(5.19)	(33.40)	20.24	(38.59)	56.54	18.51
(ii)		510.04	202 44		40.00		
(a)	0	510.94	207.46	(3.21)	718.40	(5.31)	480.84
(b)		(1,591.57)	(1,060.78)	(39.73)	(2,652.35)	(6.91)	(584.51
(c)		1100 100					
	-Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	(128.60)	(52.21)	0.81	(180.81)	1.34	(121.02
	- Cost of hedging reserve	400.56	266.98	10.00	667.54	1.74	147.11
	Sub-total (ii)	(808.67)	(638.55)	(32.13)	(1,447.22)	(9.14)	(77.58
11	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the period (i+ii)	(813.86)	(671.95)	(11.89)	(1,485.81)	47.40	(59.02
7	Total comprehensive income for the period (5+6)	1,914.52	1,775.31	2,726.90	3,689.83	5,032.79	9,986.85
8	Paid up equity share capital (Face Value ₹10 per share)	2,633.22	1,974.92	1,974.92	2,633.22	1,974.92	1,974.92
9	Other equity (as per audited balance sheet as at 31st March)					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	49,010.68
10	Basic & Diluted earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)						
	(not annualised)				17 miles	Sec. 1	
A	For continuing operations	10.36	9.29	10.40	19.66	18.93	38.02
B	For continuing and discontinued operations	10.36	9.29	10.40	19.66	18.93	38.02







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Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the period ended 30-09-2022

S. No.	Particulars		Quarter Ended		Period I	(* in Crores)	(₹ in Crore Year Ended
		30-09-2022	30-06-2022	30-09-2021	30-09-2022	30-09-2021	31-03-2022
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Income						
A	Interest Income						
(i)	Interest income on loan assets	9,533.88	9,262.36	9,671.18	18,796.24	19,001.89	37,810.8
(ii)	Other interest income	156.40	113.54	55.10	269.94	163.69	383.6
	Sub-total (A) - Interest Income	9,690.28	9,375.90	9,726.28	19,066.18	19,165.58	38,194.4
В	Other Operating Income		242.50				
(i)		0.99		1.72	0.99	1.72	4.2
(ii)	Fees and commission income	34.40	55.67	173.45	90.07	323.57	572.1
Gili	The second se	207.41	30.45	125.06	237.86	44.07	346.
(iv)	0	22.91	35.43	21.51	58.34	63.70	150.
	Sub-total (B) - Other Operating Income	265.71	121.55	321.74	387.26	433.06	1,074.
c	Total Revenue from Operations (A+B)	9,955.99	9,497.45	10,048.02	19,453.44	19,598.64	39,269.
D	Other Income	8.01	8.61	8.51	16.62	15.46	70.
	Total income (C+D)	9,964.00	9,506.06	10,056.53	19,470.06	19,614.10	39,339.
2	Expenses						07/0071
A	Finance costs	5,727.58	5,375.59	5,562.05	11,103.17	11,150.01	22,050.
в	Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)	456.79	479.55	(78.20)	936.34	213.08	799.
C	Fees and commission expense	1.43	5.49	0.95	6.92	9.04	16.
D	Impairment on financial instruments	219.13	508.00	1,111.70	727.13	1,893.14	3,470.
E	Cost of services rendered	7.86	15.97	15.40	23.83	29.80	65.
F	Employee benefits expenses	36.70	81.16	47.20	117.86	91.59	180.
G	Depreciation and amortization	5.91	5.95	4.72	11.86	7.61	18.
н	Corporate social responsibility expenses	37.69	57.53	16.46	95.22	37.81	172.
I	Other expenses	34.68	26.85	28.65	61.53	48.59	123.
- 1	Total Expenses (A to I)	6,527.76	6,556.09	6,708.93	13,083.85	13,480.67	26,896
	Share of Profit/ (loss) of Joint Venture accounted for using equity method	0,027170	0,000.07	(12.86)	15/005.05	(11.81)	(11.
	Profit before Tax (1-2+3)	3,436.24	2,949.97	3,334.74	6,386.21	6,121.62	12,430
5	Tax Expense	5/150.21	4,717.57	5,054.74	0,000.21	0,121.02	12,430.
A	Current Tax						
~	- Current Year	654.66	669.06	832.29	1,323.72	1,601.56	3,069.
	- Earlier Years	0.74.00	(90.36)	0.02.29	(90.36)	1,001.30	3,069.
в	Deferred Tax	49.46	(82.89)	(189.82)	(33.43)	(440.87)	(670.
	Total Tax Expense (A+B)	704.12	495.81	642.47	1,199.93	1,160.69	2,394.
6	Net profit for the period (4-5)	2,732.12	2,454.16	2,692.27	5,186.28	4,960.93	10,035.
	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss)	4,1 54.14	2,101.10	2,032.27	3,100.20	4,900.93	10,035.
6)	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
(a)	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	(2.36)		(1.59)	(2.36)	(1.(5))	10
(b)	Changes in fair value of FVOCI equity instruments	(3.38)	(33.33)	21,45	(36.71)	(1.65) 57.77	(8.
(c)	Share of Profit of Joint Venture accounted for using equity method	(5.50)	(55.55)	21,45	(30./1)	A CONTRACTOR OF	
	Income tax relating to these items					(0.02)	(0.
(4)	- Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	0.59					
- 6	Changes in fair value of FVOCI equity instruments	(0.04)	(0.07)	0.41	0.59	0.42	2.
	Sub-total (i)		(0.07)	(0.03)	(0.11)		2.
1222		(5.19)	(33.40)	20.24	(38.59)	56.52	18.
(n) (a)	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	C10.C1	200	(0.54)			2.50
(a) (b)	Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	510.94	207.46	(3.21)	718.40	(5.31)	480.
	Cost of hedging reserve	(1,591.57)	(1,060.78)	(39.73)	(2,652.35)	(6.91)	(584.)
(c)	Share of other comprehensive income/ (loss) of joint venture accounted for			1.19	+	1.19	1.
(d)	using equity method Income tax relating to these items						
(a)	the second se	(100.00)			5777.70	100	a de la composición d
	-Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges - Cost of hedging reserve	(128.60)	(52.21)	0.81	(180.81)	1.34	(121.
	Sub-total (ii)	400.56	266.98	10.00	667.54	1.74	147.
	Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period (i + ii)	(808.67)	(638.55)	(30.94)	(1,447.22)	(7.95)	(76.
. 1		(813.86)	(671.95)	(10.70)	(1,485.81)	48.57	(57.
	Total comprehensive Income for the period (6+7)	1,918.26	1,782.21	2,681.57	3,700.47	5,009.50	9,977.
	Paid up Equity Share Capital (Face Value ₹10 per share)	1,974.92	1,974.92	1,974.92	1,974.92	1,974.92	1,974.
	Other Equity (as per audited balance sheet as at 31st March)				51,162.86	49,339.18	49,339.
L	Basic & Diluted earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)						
	(not annualised)				20.00	and in	
A	For continuing operations	10.38	9.19	10.22	19.70	18.84	37.
B	For continuing and discontinued operations anying notes to the financial results.	10.38	9.19	10.22	19.70	18.84	37.







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Statement of Assets and Liabilities

S. No.	Particulars	Standa	lone	Consolio	lated
		As at	As at	As at	As at
		30-09-2022	31-03-2022	30-09-2022	31-03-2022
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	ASSETS				
(1)	Financial Assets			the second	
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	2,375.28	126.40	2,397.53	140.9
(b)	Bank balances other than (a) above	2,135.62	2,295.30	2,561.21	2,518.9
(c)	Trade receivables	11 A 4		85.68	94.5
(d)	Derivative financial instruments	7,436.88	5,510.17	7,436.88	5,510.1
(e)	Loans	3,80,964.43	3,71,930.54	3,80,964.43	3,71,930.5
(f)	Investments	2,540.54	2,157.97	2,573.45	2,190.4
(g)	Other financial assets	24,393.57	24,396.94	24,407.88	24,415.3
	Total - Financial Assets (1)	4,19,846.32	4,06,417.32	4,20,427.06	4,06,800.9
(2)	Non-Financial Assets				
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	259.76	179.64	274.33	191.5
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	3,655.54	3,134.74	3,680.16	3,160.1
(c)	Investment Property				
(d)	Property, Plant & Equipment	616.98	623.67	617.25	624.0
(e)	Capital Work-in-Progress	6.79	6.07	6.79	6.0
(f)	Intangible Assets Under Development				-
(g)	Other Intangible Assets	2.80	4.25	2.82	4.2
(h)	Other non-financial assets	55.48	46.06	76.40	68.6
(i)	Investments accounted for using equity method				
	Total - Non-Financial Assets (2)	4,597.35	3,994.43	4,657.75	4,054.75
(3)	Assets classified as held for sale	0.72	0.86	13.06	4.38
	Total ASSETS (1+2+3)	4,24,444.39	4,10,412.61	4,25,097.87	4,10,860.09
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
	LIABILITIES				
(1)	Financial liabilities				
(a)	Derivative financial instruments	1,244.87	553.14	1,244.87	553.14
(b)	Trade payables				555.1
	(i) total outstanding dues of MSMEs	1.00			
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than MSMEs			29.41	36.48
(c)	Debt securities	2,20,797.87	2,19,633.57	2,20,738.80	2,19,574.61
(d)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	1,16,441.94	1,06,651.59	1,16,441.94	1,06,651.59
(e)	Subordinated liabilities	6,554.04	6,816.47	6,554.04	6,816.47
(f)	Other financial liabilities	25,597.21	25,575.84	25,936.94	25,708.64
	Total - Financial Liabilities (1)	3,70,635.93	3,59,230.61	3,70,946.00	3,59,340.93
(2)	Non-Financial Liabilities				
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	73.91	10.25	73.91	10.25
(b)	Provisions	214.85	104.51	215.22	105.67
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	62.76	81.64	66.65	89.13
	Total - Non-Financial Liabilities (2)	351.52	196.40	355.78	205.05
(3)	Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale			0.01	0.01
(4)	EQUITY				
(a)	Equity Share Capital	2,633.22	1,974.92	2 (22 22	1.000
(b)	Instruments Entirely Equity In Nature			2,633.22	1,974.92
(c)	Other equity	558.40	558.40	558.40	558.40
	Total - Equity (4)	50,265.32	48,452.28	50,604.46	48,780.78
- 2	Total - LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (1+2+3+4)	53,456.94	50,985.60	53,796.08	51,314.10
		4,24,444.39	4,10,412.61	4,25,097.87	4,10,860.09







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Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended 30th September 2022

S. No.	Particulars	Standa	one	Consolid	lated
		Year er	ded	Year en	ded
		30-09-2022	30-09-2021	30-09-2022	30-09-2021
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
A.	Cash Flow from Operating Activities :		The second	30000	
	Net Profit before tax	6,368.58	6,140.08	6,386.21	6,121.6
	Adjustments for:				
1.	Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	1.39	0.46	1.39	0.4
2.	Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Assets held for sale (net)	(1.46)	(1.71)	(1.46)	(1.7
3.	Loss/ (Gain) on cessation of significant influence in Joint Venture (EESL)		(29.01)		
4.	Depreciation & Amortization	11.74	7.46	11.86	7.6
5.	Impairment losses on Financial Instruments	728.38	1,899.95	727.13	1,893.1
6.	Effective Interest Rate in respect of Loan Assets and Borrowings	32.98	6.41	32.98	6.4
7.	Loss/ (Gain) on Fair Value Changes (net)	(237.57)	(43.50)	(237.57)	(43.5
8,	Unrealised Foreign Exchange Translation Loss/ (Gain)	(1,137.06)	735.75	(1,137.06)	735.7
9	Interest on Investments	(11.76)	(26.96)	(11.76)	(26.9
10.	Liabilities no longer required written back			1.30	÷
11.	Share of Profit/Loss of Joint Venture accounted for using equity method	1.1.40			11.8
	Operating profit before Changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities Inflow / (Outflow) on account of :	5,755.22	8,688.93	5,773.02	8,704.6
1.	Loan Assets	(9,304.45)	(9,898.77)	(9,304.45)	(9,898.7
2.	Derivatives	442.46	(795.09)	442.46	(795.0
3.	Other Financial and Non-Financial Assets	(485.77)	486.25	(675.39)	566.9
4.	Other Financial and Non-Financial Liabilities & Provisions	(1,053.68)	(1,293.91)	(859.49)	(1,353.4
	Cash flow from Operations	(4,646.22)	(2,812.59)	(4,623.85)	(2,775.7
1.	Income Tax Paid (including TDS)	(1,242.96)	(1,203.94)	(1,251.84)	(1,212.5
	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	(5,889.17)	(4,016.53)	(5,875.69)	(3,988.3
В.	Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
1.	Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.0
2.	Sale of assets held for sale	1.60	1.73	1.60	1.7
3.	Investment in Property, Plant & Equipment (incl. CWIP & Capital Advances)	(5.19)	(37.21)	(5.20)	(37.2
4.	Investment in Intangible Assets (including intangible assets under development & Capital Advances)		(0.24)	(0	(0.2
5.	Finance Costs Capitalised		(5.39)		(5.3
6.	Sale/ (Investment) in Equity Shares and Venture Capital Fund	4.76	405.59	4.76	405.5
7.	Sale/(Investment) of/in shares of associate companies (Net)	1.0	405.57	(8.80)	405.5
8.	Redemption/ (Investment) in Debt Securities other than HQLAs (net)	(190.54)	9.45	(190.54)	9.4
9.	Redemption/ (Investment) in High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) (net)	(150.54)	(465.82)	(190,0%)	(465.82
10.	Maturity/(Investment) of Corporate and Term deposits		(400.02)	2.98	(405.8.
	Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities	(189.32)	(91.86)	(195.15)	(98.2
C.	Cash Flow from Financing Activities	(105.52)	(31.00)	(155.15)	(90.2)
1	Issue/ (Redemption) of Rupee Debt Securities (Net)	(489.76)	(4,267.83)	(489.76)	11 0 00 0
2	Raising/ (Repayments) of Rupee Term Loans/ WCDL from Govt./ Banks/ FIs (net)	5,747.94	1,854.58	and the second sec	(4,267.83
3	Raising/ (Repayments) of Foreign Currency Debt Securities and Borrowings (net)	3,070.02	1,854.58	5,747.94 3,070.02	1,854.5
4	Issue Expenses on Bonus Issue of Equity Shares	and the second sec	11,524.89		11,524.89
5	Payment of Dividend on Equity Shares	(0.82)	(204.00)	(0.82)	
6	Repayment towards Lease Liability		(394.98)		(394.98
	Net Cash flow from Financing Activities	0.007.00	(0.01)		(0.0)
	Net Increase/Decrease in Cash & Cash Equivalents	8,327.38	8,716.65	8,327.38	8,716.65
	이 가슴 그 아파 그는 것이 가 수가 있다. 그는 것에서 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가	2,248.88	4,608.26	2,256.54	4,630.03
	Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the year Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the end of the year	126.40	1,140.49	140.99	1,179.24
-	Chon & Chon Equitatents as at the end of the year	2,375.28	5,748.75	2,397.53	5,809.2







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Notes to the financial results:

- 1. The above financial results of the Company were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors at the meeting held on 27th October, 2022. These results have been subjected to limited review by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- 2. The limited reviewed consolidated accounts of the subsidiary company REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited (formerly REC Power Distribution Company Limited) has been consolidated in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard 110 'Consolidated Financial Statements'.
- 3. (a) Provisioning on loan assets is based on "ECL (Expected Credit Loss) methodology" approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in line with the report provided by an independent agency appointed by the Company. ECL during the quarter is enhanced by ₹ 993.39 crores on account of integrated ratings published by Ministry of Power for Distribution Companies (DISCOMs) in August 2022 without any change in policy regarding classification of assets as credit impaired. The ECL is further impacted by management overlays in certain accounts wherever necessary considering the risk involved in the account and also on account of aligning the provisions with the lead lender. Details are as follows:

S. No.	Particulars		As at 30.09.2022		1	As at 31.03.2022	
		Stage 1 & 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1 & 2	Stage 3	Total
1.	Loan assets	3,78,553.62	15,878.46	3,94,432.08	3,68,211.37	17,159.89	3,85,371.26
2.	Impairment loss allowance (net of movements)	4,333.05	11,000.29	15,333.34	3,138.93	11,565.73	14,704.66
	Provisioning Coverage (%) (2/1)	1.14%	69.28%	3.89%	0.85%	67.40%	3.82%

- (b) During the quarter, following resolution plans have been implemented under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC):
 - (i) South East U.P. Power Transmission Company Limited The Company has received entire outstanding of ₹ 922.09 crores and has accordingly reversed ECL of ₹ 461.05 crores;

(ii) Jhabua Power Limited-A sum of ₹10.41 crores has been written off with reversal of ECL of ₹197.09 crores thereon [net of cash recoveries/ securities(s)].

- 4. Interest income on credit-impaired loan assets is not being recognised as a matter of prudence, pending the outcome of resolutions of such assets.
- The Company's main business is to provide finance to power sector. Accordingly, the company does not have more than one segment eligible for reporting in terms of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 108 'Operating Segments'.
- 6. During the quarter, the Company has declared an interim dividend of ₹ 5/- per equity share (on face value of ₹ 10/- each) and 9th November, 2022 has been fixed as Record Date for payment of Interim Dividend.
- 7. The additional information as required under Regulation 52(4) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is annexed as Annexure -A.
- 8. Pursuant to Regulation 54 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the secured listed non-convertible debt securities issued by the Company and outstanding as at 30th September, 2022 are fully secured (1.22 times), sufficient to discharge the principal amount and the interest thereon at all times, by way of mortgage on certain immovable properties and/or charge on the receivables of the Company, in terms of respective offer document/information memorandum and/ or Debenture Trust Deed. Further, security cover for non-convertible debt securities issued by the Company is 1.13 times as at 30th September, 2022. The Security Cover in the prescribed format has been annexed as Annexure-B.
- 9. Pursuant to the approval of the shareholders, the Company has issued 65,83,06,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each as fully paid-up bonus shares in the ratio of 1 (One) equity share for every 3 (Three) equity share outstanding on the record date i.e. 18th August 2022. As a result, the revised paid up share capital post issue of bonus shares is ₹ 2,633.22 crores. The Earning Per Share (basic and diluted) have been restated as required by Ind AS-33, for all the periods presented.
- 10. The Company raises funds in different currencies through a mix of term loans from banks/ financial institutions/ Govt. agencies and bonds of different tenors through private placement of debt securities. The amounts raised during the period have been utilized for the stated objects in the offer document/ information memorandum, pursuant to Regulation 52(7) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Further, there has been no default as on 30th September, 2022 in the repayment of debt securities, borrowings and subordinated liabilities and the Company has met all its debt servicing obligations, whether principal or interest, during the period.
- 11. In respect of Central/State Government entities, the company had requested RBI to continue its existing exemption related to credit/ investment concentration norms beyond 31st March 2022. RBI vide its letter dated 24th August 2022 has allowed the existing exposure of the company as on the date of letter and to run off till maturity and thereafter to adhere to the norms with regard to new sanctions.
- 12. There are no reportable cases of loans transferred/ acquired during the period ended 30th September 2022 (previous period Nil) under Master Direction Reserve Bank of India (Transfer of Loan Exposures) Directions, 2021 dated 24th September 2021. Further, there are no cases during the period ended 30th September 2022 (previous period Nil) where resolution plan implemented under the Resolution Framework for Covid-19 related stress as per RBI circular dated 6th August 2020.
- 13. The disclosure in respect of related party transactions for the half year ended 30th September 2022 has been annexed as Annexure-C.
- 14. The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit & Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity (SOCIE), Statement of Cash Flows and summarized Notes to Accounts, including Significant Accounting Policies on Standalone basis and Consolidated basis for the period ended 30th September, 2022 have been annexed herewith this statement at Annexure-D and Annexure-E respectively.
- 15. The figures for the quarter ended 30th September 2022 and 30th September 2021 have been derived by deducting the year to date unaudited figures for the period ended 30th June 2022 and 30th June 2021 from the unaudited figures for the period ended 30th September 2022 and 30th September 2021 respectively.
- 16. Previous period/ years' figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary, in order to make them comparable.

For REC Limited (Vivek Kumar Dewangan) Chairman & Managing Directon DIN - 01377212





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Annexure A

1		101	Stand	alone	Consol	lidated
S. No.	Particulars	Unit	As at/ For the quarter ended 30.09.2022	As at/ For the period ended 30.09.2022	As at/ For the quarter ended 30.09.2022	As at/ For the period ended 30.09.2022
1	Debt Equity Ratio ¹	times		6.28		6.24
2	Outstanding Redeemable preference shares	₹ in Crores		Nil		Ni
3	Debenture Redemption Reserve	₹ in Crores		Nil		Ni
4	Net Worth ²	₹ in Crores		53,456.94		53,796.08
5	Total debts to total assets ³	times		0.80		0.80
6	Operating Margin ⁴	%	34.41	32.74	34.43	32.74
7	Net profit Margin ⁵	%	27.42	26.66	27.42	26.64
8	Sector specific equivalent ratios					
(a)	CRAR ⁶	%		25.	15	
(b)	Gross Credit Impaired Assets Ratio ⁷	%		4.0	03	
(c)	Net Credit Impaired Assets Ratio ⁸	%		1.2	24	

Notes:

1 Debt/Equity Ratio = Net Debt / Net Worth (Net debt represents principal outstanding less cash and cash equivalents available.)

2 Net Worth is calculated as defined in section 2(57) of Companies Act, 2013.

3 Total debts to total assets = Total Debt / Total Assets.

4 Operating Margin = Net Operating Profit Before Tax / Total Revenue from Operation.

Operating Margin = Net Operating - Your John Total Income.
 Net profit Margin = Net Profit after Tax / Total Income.
 CRAR = Adjusted Net worth/ Risk weighted assets, calculated as per applicable RBI guidelines.

7 Gross Credit Impaired Asset Ratio = Gross Credit Impaired Assets / Gross Loan Assets.

8 Net Credit Impaired Asset Ratio = Net Credit Impaired Assets / Gross Loan Assets.

9 Debt Service Coverage Ratio, Interest Service Coverage Ratio, Current Ratio, Current Liability Ratio, Long Term Debt to Working Capital, Debtors Turnover, Inventory Tumover and Bad Debts to Accounts Receivable Ratio is not applicable to the company.







YU	Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E	Column A Column B Column C Column C Column F Column F Column G	Column G	Column H	Column 1		Column K Column L		Column M	Column N	Column O	Column P
Particulars		Exclusive Charge	Exclusive Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Assets not offered as Security	Elimination (amount in negative)	Debts not backed by any assets offered as security(applicable only for [To liability side) C th	(Total C to J)	ł	Related to only those items covered by this certificate	e items covered	by this certificate	
	Description of asset for which this certificate relate	Debt for which this certificate being issued	Other Secured debt	Debt for which this certificate being issued	Assets shared by pari passu deet budker finculdes deet for which this certificate is issued & other debt with paripassu charge)	Other assets on which there is part-assuchange (excluding items covered in column F).		debt amount considered more than once (due to exclusive plus pari passu charge)		Marke Assets Exclusi	Market Value for Car Assets charged on exc Exclusive basis not app Bak	Garrying /book value for 1 exclusive charge assets 1 where market value is o not ascertainable or not ascertainable or Balance, DSRA Balance, DSRA market value is not applicable)	Market Value for Pari passu charge Assets	Carrying value/book value for pari passu charge assets where market value is not ascertainable or applicable	Total Value(L+M+ N+O)
				Yes/									Rela	Relating to Column F	
		Book Value	Book Value	9	Book Value	Book Value									
Assets Property, Plant and													an Ei		
cquipment Capital work in progress	Land and building			Tes	85.2		6.79			6.79			13.54		13.54
Right of Use Assets															
Goodwill Interneihle Accete							ua c			, en					1
Intangible Assets under															
investments							2.540.54	12-		2.540.54	t				
Loans (book debts)	Book debts			Yes	55,601.03		3,25,363.40		3,	3,80,964.43				55,601.03	55,601.03
Inventories Trade Receivables															1
Cash and Cash Equivalants							2,375.28			2,375.28					
Cash and Cash Equivalants							2,135.62			2,135.62					1
Others							35,801.95			35,801.95			14.65		
					Th'cno/cc		05'0+0'00'5			CC'1111 17'1			10.01	en'ing'ec	15.410,55
Liabilities															
Secured debt securities a.Debt securities to which											T				
this certificate pertains				Yes	45,739.58					45,739.58					
 b. Other debt sharing pari- passu 															
Unsecured debt securities		11													
a. Other Debt		T							1,42,695,69 1,	1,42,695.69					
D. Subordinated dept Other Borrowings		T							6,554,04	6,554.04					
									51,470.76	51,470.76					
Others borrowing									97,333.78	97,333.78					
Lease Liabilities		-													
Provisions							214.85			214.85					
Total		Not to be tilled		0	45,739.58		80,650.54		2.98.054.27 4.	80,435.09					
Cover on Book Value									-						1.22
Cover on Market Value		Exclusive Security			Parl-Paces Security Cover										122

We confirm that the Company has complied with the covenants memoriaed in the disclosure documents of the Secured redeemable Non-convertible detentions for the period ended September 30, 2022.
 The market value of Re. 13.54 cores of the immovable property is on the basis of certified valuation dome on 20 April, 3022(eadodara) and 25 April 3022(earnal)







Annexure-B R In Crores

or investments	Furpose for which the funds will be utilised by the utilinate recipient of funds (end-usage)																													Mac	18 C	001	m Dathi A	
any mentances	Secured Pu unsecured fa	t			t	+						t			t		ł											t		No.			5	A
tates corporate de	Interest Tenure Rate (%)	+	-	+	#	#	#	H					-		+	-	Ħ				-	-	F			-			1		+		1	
Details of the loans	Nature (Joan/ Inte- advance/ Ra intercorporate (% deposit/ investment	+				+															+													
ebtedness is ebtedness is loans, inter- tvances or	Cost Tenure		-	-		++															-												-	+
Austinuous accounte or real any transactions - application conty in case the real and purity transaction reases to party, inter- incurred to make or give heam, inter- corporate deposits, advances or investments	Nature of indebtodness CC (toan' issuance of debt/ any other etc.)					T									T																			
In case monies are due Au to either party as a result of the transaction	Closing balance	-	4.						1	1		1	4			-			4 55.43 6 5.89		0 2.00	0 1.70	0 29.30	0 1.80	1 0.09	2 0.06	8 0.16				-		1 -7.62 4 1.30	10101
	Opening balance	8	1	22	90	- u	8 0 1	0	0	1	4	6	4	-	9	1	9.5		- 526	- 6.10	- 4.00	- 4.70	- 29.30	- 180	11.0	20:0	0.18	u u	-	1	1 12		0.71	10.00
Value of transaction during the reporting period		200	2010	0.05	498.96	8.9	3.90	2.00	45.00	6.72	1.82	61.0	154	0.11	3.00	0.15	0.26	05										0.01	-0	0.02	K	2	ation +	Pe
Value of the related party transaction as approved by the audit committee																															C LIMIT	A	Formerly B offugget Electrificat	Comoration Lin
Type of related party transaction		Sitting Fees	Sitting Fees	Sitting Fees	Dividend Paid Apportionment of Employee Benefit	and Other Expenses Dividend Income	Finance Costs - Interest Paid Other Expenses Rental Income	Redemption of the bonds of Company	Payment towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenses	ontributions made by the Company	Contributions made by the Company	Finance Costs - Interest Paid	Finance Costs - Interest Paid	Finance Costs - Interest Paid	Redemption of the bonds of Company	Renumeration	Renumeration	Remuneration	Debt Securities Issued Other Financial Assets/Receivable	Other Financial Liabilities/Payable Advance Given/Other Non Financial	Assets Debt Securities Issued	Debt Securities Issued	Other financial liabilities- GOI Serviced Bonds lasted	Debt Securities lasted	Unsecured Staff Loans & Advances Given	Unsecured Staff Loans & Advances Given	Unsecured Staff Loans & Advances	Laiven Interest Income on Staff Loans Interest Income on Staff Loans	Interest Income on Staff Loans Interest Income on Staff Loans	Repayment of Unsecured Staff Loans & Advances Recovered of Unsecured Staff Loans &	Repayment of Unsecured Staff Loans & Repayment of Unsecured Staff Loans &	Advances Debt Securities Issued Utabilities/Asset	Provision/Liabilities Papel Of 1885 Electrificat	59 T
counterparty	 Relationship of the counterparty with the listed entry or its subsidiary 	Key Mattagerial Personnel	Key Managerial Personnel	Key Managerial Personnel	Holding Comapmy Subsidiary Company Ag		Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company	Red	-		-	Post employment benefit plans of the Company	Company Post employment benefit plans of the Company	Company Post-employment Benefits Plan Trasts of Ultimate Holding Company	Subsidiary Company Rede	Key Management Personnel	Key Management Personnel Key Management Personnel	Key Management Personnel	+	entised	Post employment benefit plans of the		-	Post-employment Benefits Plan Trasta of Ultimate Holding Company	Key Management Personnel U	Key Management Personnel U	Key Management Personnel Ui		Key Management Personnel Key Management Personnel		Key Management Personnet Rep Key Management Personnel Rep	- Pro-	rost employment benefit plans of the Company Post employment benefit plans of the	Company
Details of the counterparty	N Name	Dr. Manoj Manchar Pande, Independent Director	Dr. Gambheer Singh, Independent Director	Director Dr. Durgesh Nandini, independent Director	Director PFC Limited REC PDCL	RECIDCL	REC FDCL REC FDCL REC FDCL	REC PDCL	REC Foundation	REC LTD Contributory Provident Fund Trust	RECLTD Gratuity Fund	REC LTD Contributory Provident Fund Trust	Fund Trust REC Retired Employees Medical Trust	POWER FINANCE CORPORATION LTD. EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND	REC Retired Employees Medical Trust	Shri VIVEK KUMAR DEWANGAN	Mr. V. K. Singh Shri Akw Choudharv	J.S. Amitabh	RECPOCL	REC Foundation	REC LTD Contributory Provident Fund Trave	REC Retired Employees Medical Trust	REC Retired Employees Medical Trust	POWER FINANCE CORPORATION LTD. EMPLOYEES FROVIDENT FILID: EMPLOYEES FROVIDENT	J.S. Amitabh	Shri Ajoy Choudhary	Mr. V. K. Singh	J.S. Amitabh Shei Aira Choudhan	Shti Ajoy Choudhary Mr. V, K. Singh	Shri Ajoy Choudhary Mr. V. K. Sineh	J.S. Amitabh	J.S. Amitabh REC Retired Emolosses Modical Trust	REC LTD Gratuity Fund	
Details of the party (Histed entity/ subsidiary) entering into the transaction	Name	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited REC Limited REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited REC Limited	REC Limited REC Limited	RBC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited	RECLimited	REC Limited	REC Limited	REC Limited REC Limited	REC Limited REC Limited	New Lanuted	RECTINIE	REC Limited S	Alow Delhi I II II
S. No Detail		1	2		* *		8	9	=	12	n	*	5	16	4	16	5 8	21	23		57	R	*	8	8	31	33		8.8	* 8	6 8	8.5	1.5	4

In case any fittuated in strates by functions any practice may no cast the strates party transaction trates to name, near- in case any fittuated in strates of the foldare, inter-corporate depolity, schanges or investments incurred to make or give haurs, inter- corporate deposition dearces or investments.	st Tenure Secured Purpose for which the unsecured funds will be enlised by the ultimate recipient of funds to for the second endored to the second endored																																											A GLAG	Coresten.	Noten and all	I OF T			WALNING AND	12 manual 27
preserve only in c ails of the loans, it	(Joan/ Interest nec/ Rate porate (%) set/ ment	-	-	-	-											+			-											-																-				-	
s is Det	Tenure Nature (loan/ advance/ intercoporate deposit/ investment	+	-	-	-							+		-										-		+						-		-		-		-		-					_		-			+	
In case any financial indebtednes in case any financial indebtednes incurred to make or give hoans, in corporate deposits, advances or investments	Nature of indebtedness Cost Te (loan/issuance of debt/ any other etc.)																																																		
In case monies are due to either party as a result of the transaction	Opening Closing N balance balance (0	1.50 1.50		10/0 10/0	0.14 0.14	0.02 0.02	6																																		0.05 0.05			- 0.05	- 0.05	0.05	- 0.05	- 0.05	- 0.05	- 0.05	- 0.05
Value of In transaction to t during the reporting period			ь		-			5.00	070	0.05	0.11	5.90	0.03	0.20	0.05	0.20	0.05	16.64	10'0	0.05	0.29	0.05	0.20	10.0	0.29	0.01	0.30	0.05	0.20	0.05	0.20	0.05	0.31	0.05	0.16	0.05	0.29	0.00							0	-		*	-		1
Value of the related party transaction as approved by the audit committee																																											C LIMIT		7	Formerly	Rusal Electrification	age 9 01 85	Authoritic Hilling		~
Type of related party transaction		17	Finance Costs - Interest Paid	Debt Securities lasted	Debt Securities Issued	Debt Securities Issued	Debt Securities Issued	1 2	Reimbursment Income Interest income	Investment Realised Reimbursment Income	interest income	Professional Charges Reimbursment Income	nterest income	Reimbursment Income Interest income	vestment Made	Reimbursment Income Interest income	nvestment Made	Professional Charges Reimbuccenent Income	terest income	nvestment Made	Reimbursment Income	Interest income Investment Made	Imbursment Income	terest income	Reimbursment Income	terest income restment Made	Reimbursment Income	terest income restment Made	Reimbursment Income	restment Made	Reimbursment Income Interest Income	Investment Made	imbursment Income	Interest income Investment Made	imbursment Income	Interest income Investment Made	imbursment Income	Interest income Investment Made	investment Outstanding	vestment Outstanding	Investment Outstanding	Investment Outstanding		W					Investment Outstanding	estment Outstanding	estment Outstanding
counterparty	Relationship of the counterparty with the listed cruthy or its subsidiary	Post employment benefit plans of the	Key Management Personnel of Ultimate	Holding Company Key Management Personnel of Ultimate	14	Associates of Subsidiary Company Re		tui	Associates of Subsidiary Company Re		Associates of Subsidiary Company Int		Associates of Subsidiary Company Int	- 1	à	Associates of Subsidiary Company Int		-	Associates of Subsidiary Company Int		Absociates of Subsidiary Company Int		Associates of Substatiary Company int	1.	Investories of Statistical Company	Associates of Subsidiary Company list	- 1	Associates of Subsidiary Company http://www.associates.of/addiary/company/associates/ass	-17	Available of Cabridian Community	. 1	Associate of Schridten Comments			Aun	Associates of Subsidiary Company Inv										Associates of Subsidiary Company Inw Associates of Subsidiary Commany Investig					
Details of the counterparty	Name	-	SMT. PARMINDER CHOPRA	SH. VISHAL KAPOOR	SMT, PARMINDER CHOPRA	MR. RAVINDER SINGH DHILLON	MR. MANISH KUMAR		Rajgarh Transmission Limited	MP Power Transmission Package I	Limited	ER NER Transmission Limited		Khavda II-C Transmission Limited		Khavda II-D Transmission Limited			Transmission Limited		collection 2 (weeks)	ANIWOM FOOIING SCHOOL-S (Kr23)	Churds PD Temenicaises I induct		CADAG ILA Transmission I imited	DANIELY LANSSITIATION OF	Bannach II Transmission I imitad		Khavda II-A Transmission Limited		Khavda II-B Transmission Limited		Reawar Transmission Limited		KPS1 Transmission 1 imited		Citra Visita Tanana and Andrea	named a remed	Chandil Transmission Limited		cd	diame I		R	+	+-	H	+	Khavda RE Transmission Limited KPS1 Transmission Limited	+	1
diary)	PAN	RECLID	SMT. PA	(HS	SMT, PA	MR. RAVIN	MR.1		Rajgarh	MP Power		ER NER		Khavda II-4		Khavda II-L			Neemuch Tran		d spectra	- PERATIN	theref. PD		CADAGILI	-	Ramoach II		Khavda II-A		Khavda II-B		ReawarT		AL ISAN		ci - Vi	Dary Image	Chandil Trans	Koderma Trans	Mandar Transi	Bidar Transmission Limited MD Power Temenission Da	Limited	ER NER True	Khauda ILA T	Khavda II-A	Khawda II-C T	Khavda II-D	K PSI Transmi	KPS2 Transmission Limited	MISHELI JCAN
Details of the party (lited entity/ subsidiary) entering into the transaction	Name	REC Limited		REC FDCL	BECENCI		RECIDCL		RECIDCL		RECFIDCL			RECFOCL		off provi	ADDL LALL	BECHOCI		RECEDCI.		RECEDCI.		RECIDCL		RECIDCL		RECEDCI.		RECENCE		pecanci	NOT OUT	RECPOCL	RECPOCL	RECPOCL	RECPOCL	RECIPCI	MECHOCI	RECEDICL	RECIDCI	A RECEDU	RECENCE	TUN RECTOR	RECEDUT	NONTON					

Details of the bane, inter-corporate deposits, advances of investments	Purpose for which the funds will be utilised by the ultimate recipient of funds (end-usage)			
oosits, advance	Secured			
orporate der	Teaure			
loans, inter-o	Interest Rate (%)			
Details of the	Nature (foan/ advance/ intercorporate deposit/ investment			
liness is s, inter- es or	Tenure			
In case any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, inter- corporate depositi, advances or investments	Closing Nature of indebtedness Cost Tenure solance (loan/issuance of debV any other etc.)			
	Closing N balance (l	0.05	0.05	0.05
In case monies are due to either party as a result of the transaction	Opening balance	1		,
Value of transaction during the reporting period				
Value of the related party transaction as approved by the audit committee				
Type of related party framsaction		Investment Outstanding	Investment Outstanding	Investment Outstanding
interparty	Relationship of the counterparty with the falsed entity or its subsidiary	Associates of Subsidiary Company	Associates of Subsidiary Company	Associates of Subsidiary Company
Details of the counterparty	PAN			
Detai	Name	Ramgath II Transmission Limited	Sikar Khetti Transmission Limited	Gadae-II A Transmission Limited
idiary)	PAN	-		
Details of the party flisted entity/ subsidiary) entering into the transaction	Name	RECPOCL	RECIPICIL	RECPOCL
S. No		112	113	114

**Denotes amount less than Rs. Fifty thousand



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Annexure-D

REC Limited

Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

Balance Sheet as at 30th September 2022	Balance	Sheet as	at 30th	Septem	ber 2022
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S. No.	Particulars		Note No.	As at 30-09-2022	(₹ in Crore As at 31-03-2022
	ASSETS			50-05-2022	31-03-2022
(1)	Financial Assets		1.0		
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents		6	2,375.28	126.4
(b)	Bank balances other than (a) above		7	2,135.62	2,295.3
(c)	Derivative financial instruments		8	7,436.88	5,510.1
(d)	Loans		9	3,80,964.43	3,71,930.5
(e)	Investments		10	2,540.54	2,157.9
(f)	Other financial assets		11	24,393.57	24,396.9
		Total - Financial Assets (1)		4,19,846.32	4,06,417.3
(2)	Non-Financial Assets			4,13,040.32	4,00,417.5
(a)	Current tax assets (net)				1.000
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)		12	259.76	179.6
(c)	Property, Plant & Equipment		13	3,655.54	3,134.7
(d)	Capital Work-in-Progress		14	616.98	623.6
(e)	Other Intangible Assets		14	6.79	6.0
(f)	Other non-financial assets		14	2.80	4.2
(1)	Other non-infancial assets	T 1 1 1	15	55.48	46.0
(3)	Assets classified as held for sale	Total - Non-Financial Assets (2)		4,597.35	3,994.4
(3)	Assets classified as neid for sale	Total ASSETS (1+2+3)	16	0.72 4,24,444.39	0.8 4,10,412.6
(1)	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY LIABILITIES Financial Liabilities				
(a)	Derivative financial instruments				
(b)	Debt Securities		8	1,244.87	553.1
(c)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	1.0.0	17	2,20,797.87	2,19,633.5
(d)	Subordinated Liabilities		18	1,16,441.94	1,06,651.59
(e)	Other financial liabilities		19	6,554.04	6,816.42
(0)	Other Intalicial Habilities	T-1-1 Final IT I Have the	20	25,597.21	25,575.84
	e de la companie de l	Total - Financial Liabilities (1)		3,70,635.93	3,59,230.61
(2)	Non-Financial Liabilities		1.5		
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)		21	73.91	10.25
(b)	Provisions		22	214.85	104.51
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	and a start of the second second	23	62.76	81.64
		Total - Non-Financial Liabilities (2)		351.52	196.40
(3)	EQUITY				
(a)	Equity Share Capital		24	2,633.22	1,974.92
Ъ)	Instruments Entirely Equity In Nature		25	558.40	558.40
(c)	Other equity		26	50,265.32	48,452.28
		Total - Equity (3)		53,456.94	50,985.60
	Total -	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (1+2+3)		4,24,444.39	4,10,412.61
	Company Overview and Significant Acc		1 to 5	10 1/11105	4,10,412.01







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REC Limited

Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended 30th September 2022

S. No.	Particulars	Note No.	Priod ended	(₹ in Crore Priod ended
	Revenue from Operations	NO.	30-09-2022	30-09-2021
(i)	Interest Income	27	10 062 07	10.1/1.0
(ii)	Dividend Income		19,062.07	19,161.2
(ii)	Fees and Commission Income	28	9.90	16.6
(iv)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes	29 34	90.07	323.5
I.	Total Revenue from Operations (i to iii)	34	237.86	44.0
п.	Other Income	30	19,399.90	19,545.50
III.	Total Income (I+II)	30	17.16	44.4
	Expenses		19,417.06	19,589.94
(i)	Finance Costs			and the second
(ii)	Net translation/ transaction exchange loss	31	11,105.36	11,151.11
(iii)	Fees and commission Expense	32	936.34	213.08
(iv)	Impairment on financial instruments	33	6.92	9.04
(v)	Employee Benefits Expenses	35	728.38	1,899.95
(vi)	Depreciation and amortization	36	105.40	82.38
(vii)	Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses	37	11.74	7.46
viii)	Other Expenses	38	94.45	37.29
IV.	Total Expenses (i to viii)	39	59.89	49.55
v.	Profit before Tax (III-IV)		13,048.48	13,449.86
VI.	Tax Expense	1.1.1	6,368.58	6,140.08
(i)	Current tax	40		
(i) (ii)	Deferred Tax		1,227.12	1,593.37
(11)			(34.18)	(438.68)
ЛІ.	Total Tax Expense (i+ii)		1,192.94	1,154.69
	Profit for the period		5,175.64	4,985.39
	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss)			
(i)	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
(a)	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		(2.36)	(1.65)
(b)	Changes in Fair Value of FVOCI Equity Instruments		(36.71)	57.77
(c)	Income tax relating to these items			
	- Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		0.59	0.42
- 1	- Changes in Fair Value of FVOCI Equity Instruments		(0.11)	(a)
		Sub-Total (i)	(38.59)	56.54
ii)	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges		718.40	(5.31)
	Cost of hedging reserve		(2,652.35)	(6.91)
c)	Income tax relating to these items			
	-Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges		(180.81)	1.34
	- Cost of hedging reserve		667.54	1.74
		ub-Total (ii)	(1,447.22)	(9.14)
	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the period (i+ii)		(1,485.81)	47.40
	Total comprehensive Income for the period (VII+VIII)		3,689.83	5,032.79
	Basic & Diluted Earnings per Equity Share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)	41		
	For continuing operations		19.66	18.93
2)	For continuing and discontinued operations			10.95







REC Limited Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095 Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended 30th September 2022

Particulars	Period ended 3	0-09-2022	Period ended	(₹ in Crores 30-09-2021
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities :				
Net Profit before Tax	6,368.58		6,140.08	
Adjustments for:	1.			
1. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	1.39		0.46	
2. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Assets held for sale (net)	(1.46)		(1.71)	
3. Loss/ (Gain) on cessation of significant influence in Joint Venture (EESL)	-		(29.01)	
4. Depreciation & Amortization	11.74		7.46	
5. Impairment losses on Financial Instruments	728.38		1,899.95	
6. Loss/ (Gain) on Fair Value Changes (net)	(237.57)		(43.50)	
7. Effective Interest Rate in respect of Loan Assets and Borrowings	32.98		6.41	
8. Unrealised Foreign Exchange Translation Loss/ (Gain)	(1,137.06)		735.75	
9. Interest on Investments	(11.76)		(26.96)	
Operating Profit/ (Loss) before Changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities	5,755.22		8,688.93	
Inflow / (Outflow) on account of :				
1. Loan Assets	(9,304.45)		(9,898.77)	
2. Derivatives	442.46		(795.09)	
3. Other Financial and Non- Financial Assets	(485.77)		486.25	
4. Other Financial and Non- Financial Liabilities & Provisions	(1,053.68)		(1,293.91)	
Cash flow from Operations	(4,646.22)	1	(2,812.59)	
1. Income Tax Paid (including TDS)	(1,242.96)		(1,203.94)	
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	(-,	(5,889.17)	(1,200.94)	(4,016.53
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities		(0)0051277		(4,010.35
1. Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	0.05		0.03	
2. Sale of assets held for sale	1.60		1.73	
3. Investment in Property, Plant & Equipment (incl. CWIP & Capital Advances)	(5.19)		(37.21)	
4. Investment in Intangible Assets (including intangible assets under development)	(0.17)		(57.21)	
development & Capital Advances)	99) 1		(0.24)	
5. Finance Costs Capitalised	2		(5.39)	
6. Sale/ (Investment) in Equity Shares and Venture Capital Fund	4.76		405.59	
7. Redemption/ (Investment) in High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) (net)	-		(465.82)	
8. Redemption/ (Investment) in Debt Securities other than HQLAs (net)	(190.54)		9.45	
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities	(170101)	(189.32)	7.45	(91.86)
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities		(10)101/		(91.00)
1. Issue/ (Redemption) of Rupee Debt Securities (Net)	(489.76)	(+)	(4,267.83)	
2. Raising/ (Repayments) of Rupee Term Loans/ WCDL from Govt./	(10)00)		(4,207.05)	
Banks/ FIs (net)	5,747.94		1,854.58	
3. Raising/ (Repayments) of Foreign Currency Debt Securities and				
Borrowings (net)	3,070.02		11,524.89	
4. Issue Expenses on Bonus Issue of Equity Shares	(0.82)			
5. Payment of Dividend on Equity Shares	(0.02)		(394.98)	
6. Repayment towards Lease Liability				
Net Cash flow from Financing Activities		8,327.38	(0.01)	0 714 45
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents				8,716.65
Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the period		2,248.88		4,608.26
Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the end of the period		126.40		1,140.49
and a cubit squitaterits as at the end of the period	100 million -	2,375.28		5,748.75







REC Limited

Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GO1005095 Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended 30th September 2022

A Equity share capital

	As at 30-09-2022	Ac at 21.02.7075
Balance at the beginning of the neriod		7707-00-TC 18 SW
	1 974 92	101
Thankes in equity share canital during the second *		76.476,1
and the second second second second second	658 30	
alance at the end of the neriod		
	2.633.77	1 074 00
During the model die Contract of the second se		1/6/T

ng on the record date i.e. 18th 1 August 2022. Accordingly, as required by Ind AS-33, Earnings per share, the EPS of current and previous period have been restated.

B Instruments entirely equity in nature

Particulars		(? in Cror
	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Balance at the beginning of the period		
Changes in instruments entirely entity in nature during the socied	05:05	2287
Datatice at the end of the period	558.40	558.4

C Other Equity

Special Reserve for Reserve	Reserve Fund u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 3,804.00	Securities Premium Account	Foreign Currency	General	Retained	Equity	Portion of	COSTS OF	10131
19,222.23	3,804.00		Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	2	Earnings	Instruments	Cash Flow Hedges	Hedging reserve	
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans (net of taxes) Recognition through Other Comprehensive Income (net of		2,236.54	(573.16)	9,850.03	4,325.09	24.07	(165.61)	41.45	40,893.05
Recognition through Other Comprehensive Income (net of					4,985.39				4,985.39
					(1.23)			100	(1.23)
taxes)					ł.	57.77	(3.97)	(5.17)	48.6
Total Comprehensive Income Other adjustments	ŝ	•	4	i.	4,984.16	57.77	(3.97)	(21.2)	5,032.79
Transferred to/ (from) Retained Earnings 1,553.84	60.766				10 550 031				
Transferred to General Reserve (39.05)				30.05	(02-000-17)				•
ale/ extinguishment of				CO		(87 60)			
FVOCI equity instrument (net of taxes)			ĺ		00.70				÷1
Foreign Currency Translation gain/ (loss) on long term monetary items during the period			(107.53)						(107.53)
Amortisation during the period			147.68						07 111
Total- Other adjustments 1,553.84 (39.05)	60'166	e	40.15	39.05	(2,468.33)	(82.60)	•		40.15
Dividends					(732.69)				(732.69)
•				•	(732.69)	•	1	1	(732.69)
Datance as at Jurn September 2021 20,776.07 2,089.36	4,801.09	2,236.54	(533.01)	9,889.08	6,108.23	(0.76)	(169.58)	36.28	45.233.30





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 Formerly Rural Electrification
 Copporation Limited
 Copporation Limited

New Delm

Particulars			Re	Reserves & Surplus	IIS ST			FVOCI-	Effective	Costs of	Total
	Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(vila) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Reserve Fund uls 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Securities Premium Account	Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	General Reserve	Retained Eamings	Equity Instruments	Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Hedging reserve	
Balance as at 31st March 2022	22,302.93	196.82	5,814.00	2,236.54	(555.29)	11,781.62	6,915.38	(37.98)	194.21	(395.95)	48,452.28
Profit for the period							5,175.64				5,175.64
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans (net of taxes)							(1.77)				(1.77)
Recognition through Other Comprehensive Income (net of							•	(36.82)	537.59	(1,984.81)	(1,484.04)
taxes)											
Total Comprehensive Income	,	•	•		•	•	5,173.87	(36.82)	537.59	(1,984.81)	3,689.83
Other adjustments											
Transferred to/ (from) Retained Earnings	1,350.31		1,035.15			•	(2,385.46)				, i
Transferred to General Reserve		(0.05)				0.05					ų
Reclassification of gain/ (loss) on sale/ extinguishment of							2.54	(2.54)			
FVOCI equity instrument (net of taxes)											
Foreign Currency Translation gain/ (loss) on long term					(290.34)						(290.34)
monetary items during the period											
Amortisation during the period					20.63						20.63
Total- Other adjustments	1,350.31	(0.05)	1,035.15	•	(269.71)	0.05	(2,382.92)	(2.54)	X	•	(1269.71)
Bonus Issue of Equity Shares				(658.30)			1				(658.30)
Expenses incurred on Bonus Issue of Equity Shares				(0.82)							(0.82)
Dividends							(947.96)				(947.96)
Total-Transaction with owners			•	(659.12)	4	•	(947.96)	1	•		(1,607.08)
Balance as at 30th September 2022	23,653.24	196.77	6,849.15	1,577.42	(825.00)	11,781.67	8,758.37	(77.34)	731.80	(2,380.76)	50,265.32







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REC Limited

Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi – 110003 CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

Notes to Accounts

1. Company Overview

REC Limited ("REC" or the "Company") was incorporated in the year 1969. The Company is domiciled in India and is limited by shares, having its registered office and principal place of business at Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003, India. The books of accounts and financial statements are maintained at the Corporate Office situated at Plot no. I-4, Sector-29, Gurugram, Haryana, in addition to the registered office of the Company. The Company has offices spread across the country, mainly in the State Capitals and one training center at Hyderabad.

The Company is a Government Company engaged in extending financial assistance across the power sector value chain and is a Systemically Important (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) registered with Reserve Bank of India (RBI).

REC is a leading Infrastructure Finance Company in India and the principal products of REC are interest-bearing loans to State Electricity Boards, State Power utilities/State Power Departments and Private sector for all segments of Power infrastructure.

The shares of the Company are listed on National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited. Further, various debt securities of the Company are also listed on the Stock Exchanges

2. Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation

These Standalone Financial Statements comply with Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended), applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable regulatory norms / guidelines.

The financial statements for the period ended 30th September 2022 were authorized and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27th October 2022.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies applied in preparation of the financial statements are as given below:

3.1 Basis of Preparation and Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis following accrual system of accounting on historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair values as explained in relevant accounting policies. These policies have been applied consistently for all the periods presented in the financial statements.

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is also the functional currency of the Company.







3.2 Income recognition

Interest income

Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and rate applicable.

Unless otherwise specified, the recoveries from the borrowers are appropriated in the order of (i) costs and expenses of REC (ii) delayed and penal interest including interest tax, if any (iii) overdue interest including interest tax, if any and (iv) repayment of principal; the oldest being adjusted first, except for credit impaired loans and recalled loans, where principal amount is appropriated only after the complete recovery of other costs, expenses, delayed and penal interest and overdue interest including interest tax, if any. The recoveries under One Time Settlement (OTS)/ Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) proceedings are appropriated first towards the principal outstanding and remaining recovery thereafter, towards interest and other charges, if any.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), i.e. the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial assets.

Interest on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is disclosed separately under the head interest income.

Interest income on credit-impaired loan assets is not being recognised as a matter of prudence, pending the outcome of resolutions of stressed assets.

Rebate on account of timely payment of interest by borrowers is recognized on receipt of entire interest amount due in time, in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is netted against the corresponding interest income.

Income from Government schemes

Income of agency fee on Government schemes is recognized on accrual basis based on the services rendered.

Dividend income

Income from dividend on shares of corporate bodies and units of mutual funds is taken into account on accrual basis when right to receive payment is established.

Provided that in case of final dividend, the right to receive payment shall be considered as established only upon approval of the dividend by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

Dividend on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognised separately under the head 'Dividend Income'.

Other services

Fees/ charges on loan assets, other than those considered an adjustment to EIR, are accounted for on accrual basis. Pre-payment premium is accounted for by the Company in the year of receipt.







3.3 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and/ or construction of a qualifying asset, till the time such qualifying asset becomes ready for its intended use, are capitalized. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period to get ready for its intended use.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on an accrual basis as per the effective interest rate method.

3.4 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

To calculate diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.5 Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the Company using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and the remeasurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at period-end exchange rates are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss. However, for the long-term monetary items recognized in the financial statements before 1 April 2018, such gains and losses are accumulated in a "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account" and amortized over the balance period of such long term monetary item, by recognition as income or expense in each of such periods.

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at period-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date).

3.6 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Recognition and initial measurement

Land

Land held for use is initially recognized at cost. For land, as no finite useful life can be determined, related carrying amounts are not depreciated.

Land also includes land treated as a Right of Use asset under lease agreement earlier classified as finance lease and is amortised over the lease term.

Other Tangible assets

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PPE other than land is initially recognized at acquisition cost or construction cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Company's management.

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Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company beyond one year. Maintenance or servicing costs of PPE are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation method, useful lives, residual value, and impairment)

PPE are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on PPE is provided on the straight-line method over the useful life of the assets as prescribed under Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on assets purchased/sold during the year is charged for the full month if the asset is in use for more than 15 days. Depreciation on assets purchased during the year up to Rs. 5,000/- is provided @ 100%.

The residual values, useful lives, and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year. PPE other than land is tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

De-recognition

An item of PPE and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Capital Work-in-Progress

The cost of PPE under construction at the reporting date is disclosed as 'Capital work-in-progress.' The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Advances paid for the acquisition/ construction of PPE which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances.'

3.7 Intangible assets

Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets mainly comprise of computer software which is initially measured at cost. Such assets are recognized where it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to the assets will flow to the company.

Subsequent measurement (amortization method, useful lives and residual value)

All intangible assets with finite useful life are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives, and a possible impairment is assessed if there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. Residual values and useful lives for all intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Changes, if any, are accounted for as changes in accounting estimates. Management estimates the useful life of intangible assets to be five years.







Intangible Assets under Development

Expenditure incurred which are eligible for capitalization under intangible assets is carried as 'Intangible assets under development' till they are ready for their intended use. Advances paid for the acquisition/ development of intangible assets which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances'.

Derecognition of Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

3.8 Assets held for sale

Assets are classified as Held for Sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the sale is highly probable. A sale is considered as highly probable when such assets have been decided to be sold by the Company; are available for immediate sale in their present condition; are being actively marketed for sale at a price and the sale has been agreed or is expected to be concluded within one year of the date of classification. Such assets are measured at lower of carrying amount or fair value less selling costs.

Assets held for sale are presented separately from other assets in the Balance Sheet and are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

3.9 Investment property

Investment properties are the assets which have undetermined future use. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company beyond one year. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

The Company only has land as an investment property, which is not depreciated.

De-recognition

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in

which the property is derecognized.







3.10 Financial Instruments

A Financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted by transactions costs, except for those carried at fair value through profit or loss which are measured initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities is described below.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into the following categories upon initial recognition:

- Amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Investments in equity shares of subsidiaries and joint ventures (carried at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27)

All financial assets except for those at FVTPL or equity instruments at FVOCI are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied to each category of financial assets, which are described below.

Amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) if both of the following conditions are met:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognized on financial assets carried at amortized cost.

Modification of cash flows

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified, and the renegotiation or modification does not result in derecognition of that financial asset, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognizes a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. The gross carrying amount of the financial asset shall be recalculated as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows that are discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortized over the remaining term of the modified financial asset.







Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets that are either do not meet the criteria for amortized cost classification or are equity instruments held for trading or that meet certain conditions and are designated at FVTPL upon initial recognition. All derivative financial instruments also fall into this category, except for those designated and effective as hedging instruments, for which the hedge accounting requirements may apply. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, foreign exchange rate, or other variable, provided that, in the case of a non-financial variable, it is not specific to a party to the contract.

Derivatives embedded in all host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts or if the embedded derivative feature leverages the exposure and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value though profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments.

Financial assets at FVOCI

FVOCI financial assets comprise of equity instruments measured at fair value. An equity investment classified as FVOCI is initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) and reported within the FVOCI reserve within equity, except for dividend income, which is recognized in profit or loss. There is no recycling of such gains and losses from OCI to Statement of Profit & Loss, even on the derecognition of the investment. However, the Company may transfer the same within equity.

De-recognition of financial assets

De-recognition of financial assets due to a substantial modification of terms and conditions

The Company derecognizes a financial asset, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognized as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

De-recognition of financial assets other than due to substantial modification

Financial assets (or where applicable, a part of financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) are derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset have expired, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. The Company also derecognizes the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.







Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for financial liabilities held for trading or designated at FVTPL, that are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. All host contracts which are in nature of a financial liability and separated from embedded derivative are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or canceled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Hedge accounting

To qualify for hedge accounting, the hedging relationship must meet all of the following requirements:

- there is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument
- the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship
- the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the Company actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the Company actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

All derivative financial instruments designated under hedge accounting are recognised initially at fair value and reported subsequently at fair value at each reporting date. To the extent that the hedge is effective, changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income and included within the cash flow hedge reserve in equity. Any ineffectiveness in the hedge relationship is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

At the time the hedged item affects profit or loss, any gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and presented as a reclassification adjustment within other comprehensive income.

At the inception of each hedging relationship, the Company formally designates and documents the hedge relationship, in accordance with the Company's risk management objective and strategies. The documentation includes identification of the hedged item, hedging instrument, the nature of risk(s) being hedged, the hedge ratio and how the hedging relationship meets the hedging effectiveness requirements.

Fair Value Hedges

In line with the recognition of change in the fair value of the hedging instruments in the Statement of Profit & Loss, the change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the risk hedged is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Such changes are made to the carrying amount of the hedged item and are adjusted in Effective Interest Rate in the period when the hedging instrument ceases to exit. If the hedged item is derecognised, the unamortised fair value is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.



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3.11 Impairment of financial assets

Loan assets

The Company follows a 'three-stage' model for impairment in the form of Expected Credit Loss (ECL) based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- Stage 1 includes loan assets that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or that have low credit risk at the reporting date.
- Stage 2 includes loan assets that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that do not have objective evidence of impairment.
- Stage 3 includes loan assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured at 12-month ECL for Stage 1 loan assets and lifetime ECL for Stage 2 and Stage 3 loan assets. ECL is the product of the Probability of Default, Exposure at Default and Loss Given Default, defined as follows:

Probability of Default (PD) - The PD represents the likelihood of the borrower defaulting on its obligation either over next 12 months or over the remaining lifetime of the instrument.

Loss Given Default (LGD) – LGD represents the Company's expectation of loss given that a default occurs. LGD is expressed in percentage and it shows the proportion of the amount that will actually be lost post recoveries in case of a default.

Exposure at Default (EAD) – EAD represents the amounts, including the principal outstanding, interest accrued and outstanding Letters of Comfort that the Company expects to be owed at the time of default.

Forward-looking economic information is included in determining the 12-month and lifetime PD, EAD and LGD. The assumptions underlying the expected credit loss are monitored and reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Financial assets other than Loans

In respect of its other financial assets, the Company assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

To make that assessment, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition. The Company also considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has stopped pursuing the recovery or as directed by the order of the Judicial Authority.







3.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other shortterm, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than three months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.13 Dividend and Other Payments to holders of Instruments classified as Equity

Proposed dividends and interim dividends payable to the shareholders are recognized as changes in equity in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders and the Board of Directors respectively. Liability for the payments to the holders of instruments classified as equity are recognized in the period when such payments are authorized for payment by the Company.

3.14 Material prior period errors

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are restated.

3.15 Prepaid Expenses

A prepaid expense up to Rs. 1,00,000/- is recognized as expense upon initial recognition.

3.16 Taxation

Tax expense recognized in profit or loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax. It is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except when it relates to an item that is recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case, the tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity.

Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted and as applicable at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax on temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures is not provided if reversal of these temporary differences can be controlled by the Company and it is probable that reversal will not occur in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply to their respective period of realization, provided those rates are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable

that the related tax benefit will be realized.



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Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized as a component of tax income or expense in profit or loss, except where they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the related deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or equity, respectively.

3.17 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits including salaries, short term compensated absences (such as a paid annual leave) where the absences are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service, profit sharing and bonuses payable within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services and nonmonetary benefits for current employees are estimated and measured on an undiscounted basis.

Post-employment benefit plans are classified into defined benefits plans and defined contribution plans as under:

Defined contribution plan

A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions in respect of the employees into a separate fund. The Company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions after its payment of the fixed contribution. The contributions made by the Company towards defined contribution plans are charged to the profit or loss in the period to which the contributions relate.

Defined benefit plan

The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, Post Retirement Medical Facility (PRMF) and Other Defined Retirement Benefit (ODRB) which are being considered as defined benefit plans covering eligible employees. Under the defined benefit plans, the amount that an employee will receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service, final salary, and other defined parameters. The legal obligation for any benefits remains with the Company, even if plan assets for funding the defined benefit plan have been set aside.

The Company's obligation towards defined benefit plans is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The liability recognized in the statement of financial position for defined benefit plans is the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets. Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries.

Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in Other Comprehensive Income.

Other long-term employee benefits:

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Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than oneyear after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged to statement of profit and loss in the period in which such gains or losses are determined.

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Loan to employees at concessional rate

Loans given to employees at concessional rate are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. The difference between the initial fair value of such loans and transaction value is recognised as deferred employee benefits, which is amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected remaining period of the Loan. In case of change in expected remaining period of the Loan, the unamortised deferred employee benefits on the date of change is amortised over the updated expected remaining period of the loan on a prospective basis.

3.18 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Company and amounts can be estimated reliably. Timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

A contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

In those cases, where the outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is considered improbable or remote, no liability is recognized or disclosure is made.

Any reimbursement that the Company can be virtually certain to collect from a third party concerning the obligation (such as from insurance) is recognized as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when the inflow of economic benefits is probable, the related asset is disclosed.

3.19 Fair value measurement

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The Company measures financial instruments, such as derivatives at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk, assuming that market

participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements regularly, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

3.20 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.21 Business Combination under Common Control

A business combination, if any, involving entities or businesses under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination and that control is not transitory.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interest method as follows:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize new assets or liabilities. Adjustments are made only to harmonise significant accounting policies.
- The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods is restated as if the business combination has occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination

The balance of the retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee. The identity of the reserves is preserved and the reserves of the transferor become the reserves of the





The difference, if any, between the amounts recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve and is presented separately from other capital reserves.

3.22 Expenditure on issue of shares

Expenditure on issue of shares, if any, is charged to the securities premium account

4. Implementation of New/ Modified Standards

During the year, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has issued amendments to certain Ind AS. The Company has analysed the impact of these amendments which is not material to the Company.

5. Significant management judgment in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Significant management judgments

Recognition of deferred tax assets/ liability – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized. Further, the Company Management has no intention to make withdrawal from the Special Reserve created and maintained under section 36(1)(viii) of the Income tax Act, 1961 and thus, the special reserve created and maintained is not capable of being reversed. Hence, the company does not create any deferred tax liability on the said reserve.

Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets – The evaluation of the applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

Non recognition of Interest Income on Credit Impaired Loans - Interest income on credit-impaired loan assets is not being recognised as a matter of prudence, pending the outcome of resolutions of stressed assets.

Significant estimates

Impact of Covid-19 Outbreak - The Company has considered the possible impacts of COVID-19 in preparation of these financial statements, including but not limited to its assessment of, liquidity and going concern assumption, recoverable values of its financial and non-financial assets, impact on revenue recognition and impact on effectiveness of its hedges. The Company has carried out this assessment based on available internal and external sources of information upto the date of approval of these standalone financial statements and believes that the impact of COVID-19 is not material to these financial statements and expects to recover the carrying amount of its assets. The impact of COVID-19 on the standalone financial statements may differ from that estimated as at the date of approval of these standalone financial statements owing to the nature and duration of COVID-19. The extent to which the Covid-19 pandemic will impact the Company will depend on future developments, which are uncertain, including, among other things, any new information concerning the severity of the Covid-19 pandemic and any further action by the Govt. or the Company to contain its spread or mitigate its impact.

Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets.

Rural Electrification Comoration Limited

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Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of assets.

Defined benefit obligation (DBO) – Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Fair value measurements – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. In case of non-availability of market-observable data, Level 2 & Level 3 hierarchy is used for fair valuation.

Income Taxes – Significant estimates are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions and also in respect of expected future profitability to assess deferred tax asset.

Expected Credit Loss ('ECL') – The measurement of an expected credit loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortized cost requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behavior (e.g., likelihood of customers defaulting and resulting losses). The Company makes significant judgments about the following while assessing expected credit loss to estimate ECL:

- Determining criteria for a significant increase in credit risk;
- Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of
 product/ market and the associated ECL; and
- Establishing groups of similar financial assets to measure ECL.
- Estimating the probability of default and loss given default (estimates of recoverable amounts in case of default)







6 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	(₹ in Crores) As at 31-03-2022
- Cash in Hand (including postage & imprest) - Balances with Banks	0.08	0.02
- in current accounts - deposits with original maturity less than 3 months Total (Cash & Cash Equivalents)	40.52 2,334.68 2,375.28	124.01 2.37 126.40

7 Bank Balances (other than Cash and Cash Equivalents)

Particulars	A+ 20 00 2020	(₹ in Crores
	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
- Earmarked Balances with Banks		
- For unpaid dividends	954.45	6.39
- For govt. funds for onward disbursement as grant	70.65	771.18
- Earmarked Term Deposits		
- Deposits in Compliance of Court Order	0.59	0.59
- Term Deposit held as Margin Money against Bank Guarantee	-	0.39
- Term Deposit- Debenture Redemption Reserves	232.22	225.33
- Balances with banks not available for use pending allotment of 54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds	877.71	1,291.54
Total (Other Bank Balances)	2,135.62	2,295.30
Term Deposits held as margin money against Bank Guarantee for		0.27
nore than 12 months		0.27







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8 Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company enters into derivatives for hedging foreign exchange risks and interest rate risks. Derivatives held for risk management purposes include hedges that are either designated as effective hedges under the hedge accounting requirements or hedges that are economic hedges. The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

Part I

(₹ in Crores)

Particulars			As at 30-09-2022	~		As at 31-03-2022	2
		Notional	Fair Value -	Fair Value -	Notional	Fair Value -	Fair Value -
		Amounts	Assets	Liabilities	Amounts	Acepte	I ishilitiae
Currency Derivatives							FIGUILITICS
 Currency swaps Others 		3,058.21	15.12	46.95	2,850.13	1.39	48.37
- Call Spread		2,038.81	164.05		1,895.18	76.73	•
- Seagull Uptions		64,418.18	6,388.71	29.89	54,727.54	4,868.28	
Sub-total (i)		69,515.20	6,567.88	76.84	59,472.85	4,946.40	48.37
Interest Rate Derivatives	ves						
- Forward Rate Agree	- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	35,342.20	869.00	562.82	33,239.41	563.77	173.52
Sub-total (II) (iii) Other derivatives		35,342.20	869.00	562.82	33,239.41	563.77	173.52
- Reverse cross currency swaps	cy swaps	4,747.00	•	605.21	4,747.00	,	331.25
I otal - Derivative Fin	1 otal - Derivative Financial Instruments (i+ii+iii)	1,09,604.40	7,436.88	1,244.87	97,459.26	5,510.17	553.14







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Included in Part I are derivatives held for hedging and risk management purposes as below:

Pa	Particulars	1	As at 30-09-2022			As at 31-03-2022	
_		Notional	Fair Value -	Fair Value -	Notional	Fair Value -	Fair Value -
H	Fair Value Hedoine	SHIDOINA	Assets	LIADIIIUES	Amounts	Assets	Liabilities
1	- Interest Rate Derivatives						
H -	- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	15,950.70		550.20	11,850.70	19.76	112.00
Su	Sub-total (i)	15,950.70	•	550.20	11,850.70	19.76	112.00
Ca	Cash Flow Hedging						
2	- Currency Derivatives			÷			
)	- Currency Swaps	3,058.21	15.12	46.95	2,842.77	•	48.37
-	- Others						
1	- Call Spread	2,038.81	164.05	1	1,895.18	76.73	
	- Seagull Options	64,418.18	6,388.70	29.89	54,727.54	4,868.28	,
-1	- Interest Rate Derivatives						
H I	- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	12,691.50	328.57	12.62	13,313.21	115.10	45.27
Su	Sub-total (ii)	82,206.70	6,896.44	89.46	72,778.70	5,060.11	93.64
(iii) Un	Undesignated Derivatives	11,447.00	540.44	605.21	12,829.86	430.30	347.50
To	Total - Derivative Financial Instruments (i+ii+iii)	1,09,604.40	7,436.88	1,244.87	97,459.26	5,510.17	553.14

Derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value at each reporting date. The changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments in effective cash flow hedges are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. In case of fair value hedges, the changes in fair value of the derivatives designated as hedging instruments along with the fair value changes in the carrying amount of the hedged items are recognised in the Statment of Profit & Loss. For undesignated derivatives, the changes in the fair value are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss.







9 LoansThe Company has categorised all loans at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

(7 in Crores)

T armana		As at 30-	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022	-03-2022
		Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cast
(A) Loans		-			
Term Loans		3,90,628.21	3.92.474.72	3.83.310.40	3 84 566 08
(ii) Working Capital Term Loans		3,803.87	3,823.05	2,060.86	2,069.12
	Total (A) - Gross Loans	3,94,432.08	3,96,297.77	3,85,371.26	3,86,635.20
Less: Impairment loss allowance		(15, 333.34)	(15,333.34)	(14,704.66)	(14,704.66)
	Total (A) - Net Loans	3,79,098.74	3,80,964.43	3,70,666.60	3,71,930.54
Security Details					
Secured by tangible assets		2,30,032.93	2,30,777.76	2.23.793.64	2.24.420.98
(ii) Covered by Bank/ Govt. Guarantees		1,38,519.69	1,39,570.43	1,30,973.50	1,31,510.35
(iii) Unsecured		25,879.46	25,949.58	30,604.12	30,703.87
	Total (B) - Gross Loans	3,94,432.08	3,96,297.77	3,85,371.26	3,86,635.20
Less: Impairment loss allowance		(15,333.34)	(15,333.34)	(14,704.66)	(14,704.66)
	Total (B) - Net Loans	3,79,098.74	3,80,964.43	3,70,666.60	3,71,930.54
(C)(I) Loans in India					
Public Sector		3,54,672.62	3,56,549.71	3.50.455.72	3.51.732.04
(ii) Private Sector		39,759.46	39,748.06	34,915.54	34,903.16
	Total (C)(I) - Gross Loans	3,94,432.08	3,96,297.77	3,85,371.26	3,86,635.20
Less: Impairment loss allowance		(15,333.34)	(15,333.34)	(14,704.66)	(14,704.66)
	Total (C)(I) - Net Loans	3,79,098.74	3,80,964.43	3,70,666.60	3,71,930.54
(C)(II) Loans outside India					
Less: Impairment loss allowance		j.	•		
	Total (C)(II) - Net Loans	-	,	1	•
	Total (C)(I) and (C)(II)	3.79.098.74	3.80.964.43	3.70.666.60	3 71 030 54







Particulars	Amortised		At fair value		Sub-total	Others (At	Total
	Cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss		Cost)	
	(I)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5= 1+2+3+4)	(9)	(2)
As at 30th September, 2022 Govt. Securities	1 373 53				1 220 1		1 272 52
Debt Securities	388.59	,	329.52		1,5/5.55		CC-C ICIT
Equity Instruments		408.53	40.27		11.01/	0.10	11.81/
Preference Shares	28.72	4	•	•	78.72		78.77
Others	,	1	,				
Total - Gross (A)	1,790.84	408.53	369.79		2.569.16	0.10	2 569 76
Investments outside India		•		•	-		-
Investments in India	1,790.84	408.53	369.79	9	2,569.16	0.10	2,569.26
Total - Gross (B)	1,790.84	408.53	369.79	•	2,569.16	0.10	2,569.26
Total Investments	1,790.84	408.53	369.79	•	2,569.16	0.10	2,569.26
Less: impairment loss allowance (C)	(28.72)	1	4	4	(28.72)	,	(28.72)
Total - Net (D=A-C)	1,762.12	408.53	369.79		2,540.44	0.10	2,540.54
As at 31st March, 2022							
Govt. Securities	1,374.51	,	4	•	1.374.51		1,374.51
Debt Securities	333.03	•	132.55	ł	465.58	a.	465.58
Equity Instruments		268.26	49.52	3	317.78	0.10	317.88
Preference Shares	28.72	•	•	i	28.72		28.72
Others		•			3	i.	
Total - Gross (A)	1,736.26	268.26	182.07	•	2,186.59	0.10	2.186.69
Investments outside India		,	•	•			
Investments in India	1,736.26	268.26	182.07	Ŧ	2,186.59	0.10	2,186.69
Total - Gross (B)	1,736.26	268.26	182.07		2,186.59	0.10	2,186.69
Total Investments	1,736.26	268.26	182.07	•	2,186.59	0.10	2,186.69
Less: impairment loss allowance (C)	(28.72)		•	÷	(28.72)		(28.72)
Total - Net (D=A-C)	1,707.54	268.26	182.07	•	7157 87	0.10	7 157 07







10 Investments

11 Other financial assets

The Company has categorised all the components under 'Other Financial Assets' at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

				(₹ in Crores)
	Particulars		As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
(A)	Loans to Employees		43.69	41.95
(B)	Advances to Employees		0.59	0.24
(C)	Loans & Advances to Subsidiaries		5.89	5.26
(D)	Security Deposits		1.63	1.64
(E)	Recoverable from Govt. of India		-100	1.04
	- Towards GoI Fully Serviced Bonds		24,318.37	24,318.29
(F)	Other amounts recoverable		116.39	120.24
	Less: Impairment Loss allowance		(92.99)	(90.68)
	Other Amounts Recoverable (Net)		23.40	29.56
		Total (A to F)	24,393.57	24,396.94

12 Current tax assets (net)

Particulars	1	1	(₹ in Crores)
		As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Advance Income-tax & TDS		3,292.56	3,284.80
Provision for Income Tax		(3,037.75)	(3,110.11)
	Sub-Total	254.81	174.69
Tax Deposited on income tax demands under contest		5.20	5.20
Provision for income tax for demand under contest	• • • • • • • • • •	(0.25)	(0.25)
	Sub-Total	4.95	4.95
Current tax assets (Net)		259.76	179.64

13 Deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	(₹ in Crores As at 31-03-2022
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	3,655.54	3,134.74







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Issets
Intangible A
and
Equipment
*
Plant
Property,

14

Particulars				Prope	Property, Plant & Equipment	ment				Capital Work-in- Progress	Intangible Assets under Development	Other Intangible Assets
	Freehold Land	Right-of-Use Land	Buildings	Plant & equipment	Furmiture & Fixtures	EDP Equipments	Office Equipments	Vehicles	Total	Immovable Property	Computer Software	Computer Software
Gross carrying value												
As at 31.03.2021 Additions	46-011	46-1	04.061	10 01	20.55	21.68	17.10	0.40	302.11	335.67	0.77	13.64
Borrowings Cost Capitalised				N:01	LOTO	701	1777		07-600	5.39		10.1
Disposals			3.30	•	0.24	0.39	0.44	9	4.37	334.65	0.77	
As at 30.09.2021	110.39	1.59	411.09	19.90	52.15	22.61	18.87	0.40	637.00	27.08	•	14.65
As at 31.03.2022	110.39	1.59	430.83	19.90	67.41	24.06	23.38	0.40	677.96	6.07		14.66
Additions		3	9	0.11	1.01	1.43	2.49	. 1	5.04	0.72		9
Borrowings Cost Capitalised							1		ĺ,	1		
Disposals/ Adjustments		*	-	0.01	0.85	1.29	1.49	2	3.64			4
As at 30.09.2022	110.39	1.59	430.83	20.00	67.57	24.20	24.38	0.40	679.36	6.79	•	14.66
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation								9				
As at 31.03.2021	'	0.35	18.9	1	7.40	14.47	9.62	0.34	41.99	4		7.54
Charge for the period	•	0.01	1.99	0.32	1.24	1.42	1.05	0.01	6.04	1	4	1.42
Adjustment for disposals			1.27	X	0.10	0.26	0.20	1	1.83	•	ţ	1
As at 30.09.2021		0.36	10.53	0.32	8.54	15.63	10.47	0.35	46.20	•		8.96
As at 31.03,2022		0.37	13.51	0.95	10.64	16.81	11.64	0.37	54.29	ł	•	10.41
Charge for the period		0.01	3.46	0.65	2.97	1.66	1.53	0.01	10.29	-to	•	1.45
Adjustment for disposals		•		•	0.25	1.03	0.92		2.20	÷		4
As at 30.09.2022	•	0.38	16.97	1.60	13.36	17.44	12.25	0.38	62.38	•	•	11.86
Net block as at 31.03.2022	110.39	1.22	417.32	18.95	56.77	7.25	11.74	0.03	623.67	6.07	,	4.25
Net block as at 30.09.2022	110.39	1.21	413.86	18.40	54.21	6.76	12.13	0.02	616.98	6.79		00 4



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15 Other non-financial assets

			(₹ in Crores)
	Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
	Unsecured, considered good		
(A)	Capital Advances	8.33	8.19
(B)	Other Advances	9.97	2.88
(C)	Balances with Govt. Authorities	23.48	20.35
(D)	Pre-Spent Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenses		0.40
(E)	Prepaid Expenses	3.13	3.11
(F)	Deferred Employee Benefits	10.55	11.11
(G)	Other Assets	0.02	0.02
	Total (A to G)	55.48	46.06

16 Assets Classified as Held for Sale

		(₹ in Crores)
Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Assets Classified as Held for Sale-Building	0.72	0.86
Total	0.72	0.86







17 Debt Securities

The Company has categorised all debt securities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

Particulars	As at 30	.09.2022	As at 31	.03.2022
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cost
Secured Long-Term Debt Securities				
Institutional Bonds	1,955.00	1,918.14	1,955.00	2,065.31
54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds	30,180.61	30,548.12	24,146.13	25,025.49
Tax Free Bonds	11,808.74	12,396.12	11,808.74	12,205.52
Bond Application Money	877.71	877.20	1,291.54	1,291.13
Sub-total (A)	44,822.06	45,739.58	39,201.41	40,587.45
Unsecured Long-Term Debt Securities				
Institutional Bonds	1,37,976.20	1,42,687.32	1,44,086.60	1,49,010.97
Infrastructure Bonds	3.96	8.37	3.96	8.00
Foreign Currency Bonds	32,620.88	32,362.60	30,322.85	30,027.15
Sub-total (B)	1,70,601.04	1,75,058.29	1,74,413.41	1,79,046.12
Total - Debt Securities (A+B)	2,15,423.10	2,20,797.87	2,13,614.82	2,19,633.57
Debt Securities issued in/ outside India				
Debt Securities in India	1,82,802.22	1,88,435.27	1,83,291.97	1,89,606.42
Debt Securities outside India	32,620.88	32,362.60	30,322.85	30,027.15
Total - Debt Securities	2,15,423.10	2,20,797.87	2,13,614.82	2,19,633.57

18 Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)

The Company has categorised all borrowings (other than debt securities) at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

Particulars	As at 30	.09.2022	As at 31	.03.2022
	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost
Unsecured Long-Term Borrowings				
Term Loans from Banks	48,442.19	48,569.73	42,878.32	42,919.86
Term Loans from Financial Institutions	5,500.00	5,500.00	6,800.00	6,800.00
Term Loan in Foreign Currency	38,329.51	38,131.15	35,634.60	35,329.87
Term Loans from Govt. of India (NSSF)	10,000.00	10,327.37	10,000.00	10,325.12
Lease Liability	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Sub-total (A)	1,02,271.73	1,02,528.28	95,312.95	95,374.88
Unsecured Short-Term Borrowings				
FCNR (B) Loans	11,009.52	11,012.63	9,854.92	9,861.13
Short Term Loans/ Loans repayable on demand from Banks	2,895.00	2,901.03	1,410.93	1,415.58
Sub-total (B)	13,904.52	13,913.66	11,265.85	11,276.71
Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) (A to B)	1,16,176.25	1,16,441.94	1,06,578.80	1,06,651.59
Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) in/ outside India				
Borrowings in India	77,846.74	78,310.79	70,944.20	71,321.72
Borrowings outside India	38,329.51	38,131.15	35,634.60	35,329.87
Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	1,16,176.25	1,16,441.94	1,06,578.80	1,06,651.59







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19 Subordinated Liabilities

The Company has categorised all debt securities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

Particulars	As at 30	.09.2022	As at 31.03.2022	
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cost
115th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds -	2,500.00	2,567.75	2,500.00	2,668.11
8.06% Redeemable at par on 31.05.2023				
175th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds -	2,151.20	2,106.28	2,151.20	2,100.70
8.97% Redeemable at par on 28.03.2029				
199th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds -	1,999.50	1,880.01	1,999.50	2,047.66
7.96% Redeemable at par on 15.06.2030				
Total - Subordinated Liabilities	6,650.70	6,554.04	6,650.70	6,816.47
Subordinated Liabilities in/ outside India				
Borrowings in India	6,650.70	6,554.04	6,650.70	6,816.47
Borrowings outside India		-	-	-
Total - Subordinated Liabilities	6,650.70	6,554.04	6,650.70	6,816.47







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20 Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	(₹ in Crores) As at 31-03-2022
Unpaid Dividends	6.49	6.39
Bond Application Money refundable and interest accrued thereon	0.01	-
Unpaid Principal & Interest on Bonds.		
- Matured Bonds & Interest Accrued thereon	28.13	22.01
- Interest on Bonds	14.64	6.72
Sub-total (B)	42.77	28.73
Funds Received from Govt. of India for Disbursement as Subsidy/	95,304.84	95,578.81
Grant (cumulative)		35,576,61
Add: Interest on such funds (net of refund)	3.53	3.95
Less: Disbursed to Beneficiaries (cumulative)	(95,234.22)	(94,808.08)
Undisbursed Funds to be disbursed as Subsidy/ Grant	74.15	774.68
Payables towards Bonds Fully serviced by Govt. of India	24,318.37	24,318.29
Liability in respect of Dividend	947.96	
Other Liabilities	207.46	447.75
Total (A to G)	25,597.21	25,575.84

21 Current tax liabilities (net)

Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	(₹ in Crores As at 31-03-2022
Provision for Income Tax	1,316.90	18.01
Less: Advance Income-tax & TDS	(1,242.99)	(7.76)
Current tax liabilities (Net)	73.91	10.25

22 Provisions

Particulars	-	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Provisions for			
Employee Benefits			
Gratuity		1.30	0.34
Earned Leave Liability		24.86	25.17
Post Retirement Medical Benefits		-	0.71
Medical Leave Liability		20.63	21.49
Settlement Allowance		1.76	1.79
Economic Rehabilitation Scheme		4.19	4.15
Long Service Award		2.29	2.25
Incentive		21.59	27.71
Pay Revision		30.99	1.1
St	ub-total (A)	107.61	83.61
Others			
Expected Credit Loss on Letters of Comfort		107.24	20.90
Si	ub-total (B)	107.24	20.90
Т	otal (A+B)	214.85	104.51

23 Other Non-financial Liabilities

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Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
A) Income Received in Advance	0.64	
B) Sundry Liabilities Account (Interest Capitalisation)	3.45	4.10
C) Unbilled Liability towards Capital Account	27.67	26.96
D) Unamortised Fee on Undisbursed Loans	15.22	28.72
E) Advance received from Govt. towards Govt. Schemes		0.75
F) Statutory Dues	15.78	21.11
Total (A to F)	62.76	81.64





24 Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at 30.0	As at 31.03.2022		
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised : Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	5,00,00,00,000	5,000.00	5,00,00,00,000	5,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up : Fully paid up Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	1,97,49,18,000	1,974.92
Total	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	1,97,49,18,000	1,974.92

25 Instruments entirely equity in nature

Particulars	As at 30.09.2022 As a			(₹ in Crores) at 31.03.2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
Fully paid up Perpetual Debts Instrument entirely equity in nature of ₹ 10 lakhs each	5,584	558.40	5,584	558.40	
Total	5,584	558.40	5,584	558.40	

26 Other Equity

Particulars	As at 30.09.2022	As at 31.03.2022
Other Reserves		
Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	23,653.24	22,302.93
Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viia) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	196.77	196.82
Reserve Fund u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	6,849.15	5,814.00
Debenture Redemption Reserve		
Securities Premium	1,577.42	2,236.54
Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	(825.00)	(555.29
General Reserve	11,781.67	11,781.62
Retained Earnings	8,758.37	6,915.38
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
- Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	(77.34)	(37.98
- Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	731.80	194.21
- Cost of Hedging reserve	(2,380.76)	(395.95
Total - Other Equity	50,265.32	48,452.28

Additions and deductions to the components of 'Other Equity' has been disclosed in 'Statement of Changes in Equity'.







27 Interest Income

	Particulars	Pe	riod ended 30-09-	2022	Pe	riod ended 30-09-	(₹ in Crores) 2021
		On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI		On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI		On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss
(A)	Interest on Loan Assets		-				
(i)	Long term financing	-	18,711.75		1	18,913.30	1
	Less: Rebate for timely payments/completion etc		(0.01)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4	(0.03)	
	Long term financing (net)	-	18,711.74	-	÷.	18,913.27	
(ii)	Short term financing	-	84.50	-		88.62	1 - C
	Sub-total (A)	-	18,796.24		-	19,001.89	
(B)	Interest Income from Investments						
(i)	Interest from Long Term Investments	· •	71.44	11.84	-	49.10	13.87
	Sub-total (B)		71.44	11.84		49.10	13.87
(C)	Interest on Deposits with Banks						
(i)	Interest from Deposits		44.08			32.97	-
	Sub-total (C)	-	44.08	-	-	32.97	
(D)	Other Interest Income						
(i)	Interest on Delayed Payments by Borrowers	-	137.05			61.25	
(ii)	Interest from Staff Advances	-	1.29			2.05	
iii)	Interest on Mobilisation Advance		0.13		4	0.11	S
	Sub-total (D)		138.47	-		63.41	-
	Total - Interest Income (A to D)		19,050.23	11.84	114	19,147.37	13.87

28 Dividend Income

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
- Dividend from Subsidiary Companies	8.91	14.90
- Dividend from Other Investments	0.99	1.72
Total - Dividend Income	9.90	16.62

29 Fees and Commission Income

		(₹ in Crores)
Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Fees based Income	58.04	33.34
Prepayment Premium	6.76	275.00
Fee for Implementation of Govt. Schemes	25.27	15.23
Total - Fees and Commission Income	90.07	323.57

30 Other Income

		(₹ in Crores)
Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Net gain/ (loss) on de-recognition of Property, Plant and Equipment	÷	
Gain on ceasation of significant influence in Joint Venture		29.01
Net gain/ (loss) on disposal of assets classified as held for sale	1.46	1.71
Rental Income	8.15	7.95
Fees from Training Courses	3.37	3.87
Miscellaneous Income	4.18	1.90
Total - Other Income	17.16	44.44







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31 Finance Costs

Finance Costs have been incurred on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Interest on Borrowings		
- Loans from Govt. of India	413.50	411.25
- Loans from Banks/ Financial Institutions	1,707.27	1,382.18
- External Commercial Borrowings	586.12	244.22
Sub-Total (i)	2,706.89	2,037.65
Interest on Debt Securities		
- Domestic Debt Securities	6,525.02	7,661.35
- Foreign Currency Debt Securities	709.03	629.46
Sub-Total (ii)	7,234.05	8,290.81
Interest on Subordinated Liabilities		
- Subordinate Bonds	258.75	278.32
Sub-Total (iii)	258.75	278.32
Other Interest Expense		
- Swap Premium	903.98	548.00
- Interest on liability towards employee benefits	1.69	1.72
Sub-Total (iv)	905.67	549.72
Total - Finance Costs	11,105.36	11,156.50
Less: Finance Costs Capitalised		(5.39
Total - Finance Costs (Net)	11,105.36	11,151.1

32 Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)	936.34	213.08
Total	936.34	213.08

(7 in Crores)

33 Fees and commission expense

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Guarantee Fee	1.46	2.14
Listing and Trusteeship Fee	0.05	0.81
	0.73	0.97
Agency Fees Other Finance Charges	4.68	5.12
Total (i to iv)	6.92	9.04

34 Net Gain/ (loss) on Fair Value Changes

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at Fair Value		
through profit or loss		
On trading Portfolio		
Others		41.14
- Changes in fair value of Derivatives	248.40	41.16
- Changes in fair value of Long Term Investments	(10.83)	2.34
- Changes in fair value of Short-term MF investments	0.29	0.57
Sub-total (ii)	237.86	44.07
Total (A)	237.86	44.07
Total Net Gain/ (loss) on Fair Value Changes	237.86	44.07

Fair value changes in this schedule are other than those arising on account of accrued interest income/ expense and represents changes in fair value of derivatives designated as economic hedges not designated under hedge accounting and ineffective hedge

35 Impairment on financial instruments

Particulars	Period ende	d 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021	
	On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost	On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost
- Loans *		725.43		1895.5
Investments			2	
Others	A.1	2.95	-	4.
Total (i+ii)		728.38		1899.
NITTAL & Co. SLIVE		Formerly Rural Electrification Corporation Limited	0.0	New Delhi

36 Employee Benefits Expense

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
- Salaries and Allowances	86.01	61.03
- Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds	6.72	4.91
- Expenses towards Post Employment Benefits	(2.64)	4.83
- Rent towards Residential Accomodation for Employees	2.62	1.56
- Staff Welfare Expenses	12.69	10.05
Total	105.40	82.38

37 Depreciation and amortization

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021	
- Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment	10.29	6.04	
- Amortization on Intangible Assets	1.45	1.42	
Total	11.74	7.46	

38 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses

			(₹ in Crores)	
Particulars		Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021	
- Direct Expenditure		91.15	34.74	
- Overheads		3.30	2.55	
	Total	94.45	37.29	

39 Other Expenses

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	(₹ in Crores) Period ended 30-09-2021
- Travelling and Conveyance	6.65	4.24
- Publicity & Promotion Expenses	2.61	0.59
- Repairs and Maintenance	10.05	10.37
- Rent, taxes and energy costs	2.85	3.74
- Insurance Charges	0.07	0.07
- Communication costs	1.31	1.61
- Printing & stationery	0.53	0.30
- Director's sitting fees	0.21	0.05
- Auditors' fees and expenses	0.55	0.50
- Legal & Professional Charges	7.16	5.91
- Net Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment	1.39	0.46
- Training And Conference Expense	2.92	2.62
- Govt. Scheme Monitoring Expenses	9.87	13.14
- Other Expenditure	13.72	5.95
Total	59.89	49.55

40 Tax Expense

		(₹ in Crores
Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
- Current tax expense	1,317.48	1,593.37
- Current tax expense/ (benefit) pertaining to earlier years	(90.36)	
Sub-total - Current Tax	1,227.12	1,593.37
- Deferred tax expense/ (credit)	(34.18)	(438.68
Total	1,192.94	1,154.69

41 Earnings per Share

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Numerator		
Profit for the period from continuing operations as per	5,175.64	4,985.39
Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in Crores)		
Profit for the peirod from continuing and discontinued	5,175.64	4,985.39
operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in Crores)		
Denominator		
Weighted average Number of equity shares*	2,63,32,24,000	2,63,32,24,000
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of	19.66	18.93
₹ 10 each) (for continuing operations)	1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A	
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of	19.66	18.93
₹ 10 each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)		

* During the period, the Company has issued 65,83,06,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each as fully paid-up bonus shares in the ratio of 1 (One) equity share for every 3 (Three) equity share outstanding on the record date i.e. 18th August 2022. According 19,547 equited by Ind AS-33, Earnings per share, the EPS of current and previous period have







Annexure-E

	REC Limited Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 1	10003, CIN	: L40101DL1969GOI00509	95
	Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 30th Sep	otember,	2022	(₹ in Crores
S. No.	Particulars	Note No.	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
122	ASSETS			
(1)	Financial Assets			
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	6	2,397.53	140.99
(b)	Bank balances other than (a) above	7	2,561.21	2,518.96
(c)	Trade receivables	8	85.68	94,55
(d)	Derivative financial instruments	9	7,436.88	5,510.17
(e)	Loans	10	3,80,964.43	3,71,930.54
(f)	Investments	11	2,573.45	2,190.44
(g)	Other financial assets	12	24,407.88	24,415.31
	Total - Financial Assets (1)	-04	4,20,427.06	4,06,800.96
(2)	Non-Financial Assets			101 54
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	13	274.33	191.56
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	14	3,680.16	3,160.12
(c)	Property, Plant & Equipment	15	617.25	624.04
(d)	Capital Work-in-Progress	15	6.79	6.07
(e)	Other Intangible Assets	15	2.82	4.28
(f)	Other non-financial assets Total - Non-Financial Assets (2)	16	76.40 4.657.75	68.68 4,054.75
21		1.1		
(3)	Assets classified as held for sale Total ASSETS (1+2+3)	17	13.06 4,25,097.87	4.38 4,10,860.09
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		40,00000	410,000,00
	LIABILITIES			
(1)	Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Derivative financial instruments	9	1,244.87	553.14
(b)	Trade Payables	1 C		
	(i) total outstanding dues of MSMEs	18	1 A A	1.000
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than MSMEs	18	29.41	36.48
(c)	Debt Securities	19	2,20,738.80	2,19,574.61
(d)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	20	1,16,441.94	1,06,651.59
(e)	Subordinated Liabilities	21	6,554.04	6,816.47
(f)	Other financial liabilities	22	25,936.94	25,708.64
	Total - Financial Liabilities (1)	1.2.4.1	3,70,946.00	3,59,340.93
(2)	Non-Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	23	73.91	10.25
(b)	Provisions	24	215.22	105.67
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	25	66.65	89.13
	Total - Non-Financial Liabilities (2)	1.1	355.78	205.05
(3)	Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale	17	0.01	0.01
(4)	EQUITY	1.1		
(a)	Equity Share Capital	26	2,633.22	1,974.92
(b)	Instruments Entirely Equity In Nature	27	558.40	558.40
(c)	Other equity	28	50,604.46	48,780.78
(-)	Total - Equity (4)		53,796.08	51,314.10
	Total - LIABILITTES AND EQUITY (1+2+3+4)		4,25,097.87	4,10,860.09
	Company Overview and Significant Accounting Policies	1 to 5		







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S. No.	Particulars	Note	Dailo d an da d	(₹ in Crore
5. INO.	rariculars	Note No.	Priod ended 30-09-2022	Priod ended 30-09-2021
	Revenue from Operations			
(i)	Interest Income	29	19,066.18	19,165.5
(ii)	Dividend Income	30	0.99	1.7
(iii)	Fees and Commission Income	31	90.07	323.5
(iv)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes	37	237.86	44.0
(v)	Sale of services	32	58.34	63.7
I.	Total Revenue from Operations (i to iv)		19,453.44	19,598.6
п.	Other Income	33	16.62	15.4
III.	Total Income (I+II) Expenses	-	19,470.06	19,614.1
(i)	Finance Costs	34	11,103.17	11,150.0
(ii)	Net translation/ transaction exchange loss	35	936.34	213.0
(iii)	Fees and commission Expense	36	6.92	9.0
(iv)	Impairment on financial instruments	38	727.13	1893.1
(v)	Cost of services rendered	39	23.83	29.8
(vi)	Employee Benefits Expenses	40	117.86	91.5
(vii)	Depreciation and amortization	41	11.86	7.6
(viii)	Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses	42	95.22	37.8
(ix)	Other Expenses	43	61.53	48.5
IV.	Total Expenses (i to ix)		13,083.85	13,480.6
v.	Profit before Tax (III-IV)		6,386.21	6,133.4
VI.	Share of Profit/Loss of Joint Venture accounted for using equity method			(11.8
VII.	Profit before Tax (III-IV+VI)		6,386.21	6,121.6
VIII.	Tax Expense	44	1	
(i)	Current tax		1,233.36	1,601.5
(ii)	Deferred Tax		(33.43)	(440.8
	Total Tax Expense (i+ii)		1,199.93	1,160.6
IX.	Profit for the period		5,186.28	4,960.9
X,	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss)			
(i)	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
(a)	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		(2.36)	(1.6
(b)	Changes in Fair Value of FVOCI Equity Instruments		(36.71)	57.2
(c)	Share of Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss) of Joint Venture accounted for using equity method			(0.0
(d)	Income tax relating to these items			
	- Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		0.59	0.4
	- Changes in Fair Value of FVOCI Equity Instruments		(0.11)	
	Sub-Total (i)		(38.59)	56.5
(ii)	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		710.40	(5.3
(a)	Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges Cost of hedging reserve		718.40 (2,652.35)	(6.9
(b)	Share of Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss) of Joint Venture accounted for using			
(c)	equity method		0.00	1.1
(d)	Income tax relating to these items			
	-Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges		(180.81) 667.54	1.
	- Cost of hedging reserve Sub-Total (ii)		(1,447.22)	(7.5
	Other comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the period (i+ii)		(1,485.81)	48.
XI.	Total comprehensive Income for the period (IX+X)	1.1	3,700.47	5,009.
XII.	Basic & Diluted Earnings per Equity Share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)	45		
(1)	For continuing operations		19.70	18.
(2)	For continuing and discontinued operations		19.70	18.
AL	Company Overview and Significant Accounting Policies	1 to 5		
-4	Page 47 of 85			BAGLA

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REC Limited				
Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New E)elhi - 110003, CIN: l	L40101DL196	9GOI005095	
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the pe	riod ended 30th	Septembe	er 2022	(₹ in Crore
PARTICULARS	Period ended 30-	09-2022	Period ended 3	and the second s
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities :	-			
Net Profit before Tax	6,386.21	1 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	6,121.62	
Adjustments for:				
1. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	1.39		0.46	
2. Loss/ (Gain) on derecognition of Assets held for sale (net)	(1.46)		(1.71)	
3. Depreciation & Amortization	11.86		7.60	
4. Impairment losses on Financial Instruments	727.13		1,893.14	
5. Loss/ (Gain) on Fair Value Changes (net)	(237.57)		(43.50)	
6. Effective Interest Rate in respect of Loan Assets and Borrowings	32.98	-	6.41	
7. Unrealised Foreign Exchange Translation Loss/ (Gain)	(1,137.06)		735.75	
8. Liabilities written back	1.30		-	
9. Share of Profit/Loss of Joint Venture accounted for using equity method	÷.		11.81	
10. Interest on Investments	(11.76)		(26.96)	
Operating profit before Changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities	5,773.02		8,704.62	
Inflow / (Outflow) on account of :				
1. Loan Assets	(9,304.45)		(9,898.77)	
2. Derivatives	442.46		(795.09)	
3. Other Financial and Non- Financial Assets	(675.39)		566.91	
4. Other Financial and Non- Financial Liabilities & Provisions	(859.49)		(1,353.44)	
Cash flow from Operations	(4,623.85)		(2,775.77)	
1. Income Tax Paid (including TDS)	(1,251.84)	1.10	(1,212.57)	
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities		(5,875.69)		(3,988.3
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities		1.2		
1. Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	0.05		0.03	
2. Sale of assets held for sale	1.60		1.73	
3. Investment in Property, Plant & Equipment (incl. CWIP & Capital Advances)	(5.20)		(37.24)	
 Investment in Intangible Assets (including intangible assets under development) development & Capital Advances) 			(0.24)	
5. Finance Costs Capitalised	-		(5.39)	
6. Sale/ (Investment) in Equity Shares and Venture Capital Fund	4.76		405.59	
7. Redemption/ (Investment) in High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) (net)			(465.82)	
8. Redemption/ (Investment) in Debt Securities other than HQLAs (net)	(190.54)		9.45	
9. Sale/(Investment) of/in shares of associate companies (Net)	(8.80)			
10. Maturity/(Investment) of/in Corporate and Term deposits	2.98		(6.40)	
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities		(195.15)		(98.
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities				
1. Issue/ (Redemption) of Rupee Debt Securities (Net)	(489.76)		(4,267.83)	
2. Raising/ (Repayments) of Rupee Term Loans/ WCDL from Govt./ Banks/ FIs (net)	5,747.94		1,854.58	
 Raising/ (Repayments) of Foreign Currency Debt Securities and Borrowings (net) 	3,070.02		11,524.89	
4. Issue Expenses on Bonus Issue of Equity Shares	(0.82)		÷	
5. Payment of Dividend on Equity Shares	-		(394.98)	
6. Repayment towards Lease Liability			(0.01)	
Net Cash flow from Financing Activities		8,327.38		8,716.
Net Increase/Decrease in Cash & Cash Equivalents		2,256.54		4,630.
Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the period		140.99		1,179.
Cash & Cash Equivalents as at the end of the period		2,397.53		5,809.







REC Limited Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003, CIN: L40101DL1969GO1005095

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended 30th September 2022

A Equity share capital

e year 1,6 during the year*	Basel conference	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
s year during the year*	l atticuats	1 074 07	1.974.92
during the year*	Balance at the beginning of the year	acte Lots	
aunig the year		658.30	
2	Changes in equity share capital during the year		
	Releases at the and of the usar	2,633.22	1,9/4.92

Accordingly, as required by Ind AS-33, Earnings per share, the EPS of current and previous period have been restated.

B Instruments entirely equity in nature

n-11	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
ratticuars	558 AD	558.40
Balance at the beginning of the year	24.000	
out and a start of the second		
Changes in instruments entitlety equity in traine entropy are year	LEO AD	CER AD
Balance at the end of the vear	358.40	02:000

(7 in Crores)

(7 in Crores)

Particulars				Reserves & Surplus	Surplus				Share of Other	FVOCI-	Effective	Costs of	Total
	Special ReserveReserve forReserve Fundcreated u/s 36(1)Bad andu/s 45-IC of(viii) of thedoubtfulReserve BankIncome Tax Act,debts u/sof India Act,196136(1)(viia) of1934Tax Act, Ja61Tax Act, J961	: Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viia) of the Income Tax Act. 1961	Reserve Fund u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Securities Premium Account	Capital Reserve	Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Equity Income/ (loss) of Instruments Joint Venture accounted for using equity method	Equity Instruments	Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Hedging reserve	
Ralance as at 31st March 2021	19,222.23	-	3,804.00	2,236.54	4.69	(273.16)	9,903.16	4,606.01	(61.1)	24.07	(165.61)	41.45	41,230.60
Profit for the period			-)	•	•	•	*	5,007.45		•	i,	•	5,007.45
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans		,	3	•	•	1	r	(1.23)	1	1	ł		(1.23)
Recognition through Other Comprehensive	-		i			j.		(0.02)		57.77	(3.97)	(5.17)	48.61
Income (net of taxes)													
Total Comprehensive Income Other adjustments	•	•	•	•		¢.	•	5,006.20		57.77	(3.97)	(5.17)	5,054.83
Transferred to/ (from) Retained Earnings	1,553.84	•	60.769	,	,	1	•	(2,550.93)	1	•		×.	
Transferred to General Reserve		(39.05)	1	•	. 1	÷	39.05	4	ĩ	x	ĸ	•	1
Reclassification of gain/ (loss) on sale/	sale/	'	•		•	,	•	82.60		(82.60)	í.	•	·
extinguishment of FVOCI equity instrument (net	ent (net												
of taxes) Economy Crement Translation Loss on long term	e term	0	1		4	(107.53)	•	L X	T Đ	-1	- 1	•	(107.53)
monetary items during the period	0								1				
Amortisation during the period		,		,	•	147.68	•	•	1	5	a.	4.	147.68
Total- Other adjustments	1,553.84	(39.05)	60'266	2	F	40.15	39.05	(2,468.33)		(82.60)	•		40.15
AITT Dividends		1	•	4	-5-	1 Series	9 <u>.</u>	(732.69)	1.5		• •	C	A & (25.69)
		7 080 26	4 801 00	2 236 54	- 469	(533.01)	9,942.21	6,411.19	(1.19)	(0.76)	(169.58)	38.26	45,592.0
New Dethi	0.01/02				Page Doct Pectrification	Affication +						RN.	B
-41)	1						Cha	Q New Delhi E
Ener could					Man	New Dell						e	Bri Acco

Particulars				Reserves & Surplus	Surplus				Share of Other	FVOCI-	Effective	Costs of	Total
	Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viia) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Reserve Fund wls 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Securities Premium Account	Capital Reserve	Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Equity Income (loss) of Instruments Joint Venture accounted for using equity method	Equity Instruments	Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Hedging reserve	
Balance as at 31st March 2022	22,302.93	196.82	5,814.00	2,236.54	00.0	(555.29)	11,839.45	7,186.05		(37.98)	194.21	(395.95)	48,780.78
Profit for the period	•		•	•	•	•	•	5,186.28	•		•	•	5,186.28
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans		*		•	×	÷	•	(1.77)		•	•		(1.77)
Recognition through Other Comprehensive	•	•	•	16	÷	i	٠			(36.82)	537.59	(1,984.81)	(1,484.04)
Income (net of taxes)													
Reclassification of (gain)/ loss on ceasation of		4	ł	÷	÷	,	ł	ŕ	•	•	1	1	ł
significant influence				1					2				
Total Comprehensive Income	•	•	•		è	ł	£.	5,184.51	1	(36.82)	537.59	(1,984.81)	3,700.47
Transferred to/ (from) Retained Earnings	1,350.31	1	1,035.15	9	•	ř	ł	(2,385.46)		•	•		•
Transferred to/ (from) General Reserve	÷	(0.05)	ŀ	î	•	i	0.05	•	•	*	ł	•	•
Reclassification of gain/ (loss) on sale/		1	1	ì	•	3	•	2.54		(2.54)	1	•	È
extinguishment of FVOCI equity instrument (net	-												
of taxes)													
Foreign Currency Translation Loss on long term	•	*	e	ĩ	•	(290.34)	5		•		1	•	(290.34)
monetary items during the period													
Amortisation during the period	4	•	•	•	÷	20.63	¥	ş.	4	•		1	20.63
Total- Other adjustments	1,350.31	(0.05)	1,035.15	•	•	(17:69:71)	0.05	(2,382.92)		(2.54)	•	•	(1269.71)
Bonus Issue of Equity Shares*				(658.30)									(658.30)
Expenses incurred on Bonus Issue of Equity				(0.82)		2	•						(0.82)
Shares													
Dividends	•	e	i.		•	i.	,¢	(947.96)		i.	1	,	(947.96)
Dividend Distribution Tax	1	•	ĩ	1	4	,	•	•	1	•		•	•
Total-Transaction with owners		•	4	(659.12)				(947.96)					(1,607.08)
Ralance as at 30th Sentember 2022	23,653,24	196.77	6.849.15	919.12	00'0	(825.00)	11,839.50	9,039.68		(77.34)	731.80	(2,380.76)	50,604.46







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REC Limited Registered Office - Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi – 110003 CIN: L40101DL1969GOI005095

Notes to Accounts

1. Company Overview

REC Limited ("REC" or the "Company" or the "holding company") was incorporated in the year 1969. The Company is domiciled in India and is limited by shares, having its registered office and principal place of business at Core-4, SCOPE Complex, 7, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003, India. The books of accounts and financial statements are maintained at the Corporate Office situated at Plot no. I-4, Sector-29, Gurugram, Haryana, in addition to the registered office of the Company. The Company has offices spread across the country, mainly in the State Capitals and one training centre at Hyderabad.

The Company is a Government Company engaged in extending financial assistance across the power sector value chain and is a Systemically Important (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) registered with Reserve Bank of India (RBI).

REC is a leading Infrastructure Finance Company in India and the principal products of REC are interest-bearing loans to State Electricity Boards, State Power utilities/State Power Departments and Private sector for all segments of Power infrastructure.

The shares of the Company are listed on National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited. Further, various debt securities of the Company are also listed on the Stock Exchanges.

The Company together with its subsidiaries is hereinafter referred to as 'the Group'.

2. Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation

These Consolidated Financial Statements comply with Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended), applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable regulatory norms / guidelines.

The consolidated financial statements for the period ended 30th September 2022 were authorized and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27th October 2022.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies applied in preparation of the consolidated financial statements are as given below:

3.1 Basis of consolidation

Subsidiary

Subsidiary is the entity controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it has power over the investee, is exposed to or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiary are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. The Group combines the financial statements of the







holding company and its subsidiary line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses.

Equity accounted investees

The Group's interests in equity accounted investees comprise of the interests in associates and joint venture.

An associate is an entity, including an unincorporated entity, over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Interests in associates are accounted for using the equity method. These interests are initially recognised at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) of equity-accounted investees until the date on which significant influence ceases. However, in case where it is assessed that the investment/ interest in associates is held for sale, the interest in associates is accounted for under Ind AS 105.

A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control and has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities.

Interests in joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. They are initially recognised at cost which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) of equity-accounted investees until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases.

3.2 Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that here is no evidence of impairment.

3.3 Basis of Preparation and Measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis following accrual system of accounting on historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair values as explained in relevant accounting policies. These policies have been applied consistently for all the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is also the functional currency of the Group.

3.4 Income recognition

Interest income

Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and rate applicable.







Unless otherwise specified, the recoveries from the borrowers are appropriated in the order of (i) costs and expenses of REC (ii) delayed and penal interest including interest tax, if any (iii) overdue interest including interest tax, if any and (iv) repayment of principal; the oldest being adjusted first, except for credit impaired loans and recalled loans, where principal amount is appropriated only after the complete recovery of other costs, expenses, delayed and penal interest and overdue interest including interest tax, if any. The recoveries under One Time Settlement (OTS)/ Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) proceedings are appropriated first towards the principal outstanding and remaining recovery thereafter, towards interest and other charges, if any.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), i.e. the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial assets.

Interest on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is disclosed separately under the head interest income.

Interest income on credit-impaired loan assets is not being recognised as a matter of prudence, pending the outcome of resolutions of stressed assets.

Rebate on account of timely payment of interest by borrowers is recognized on receipt of entire interest amount due in time, in accordance with the terms of the respective contract and is netted against the corresponding interest income.

Income from Government schemes

Income of agency fee on Government schemes is recognized on accrual basis based on the services rendered.

Dividend income

Income from dividend on shares of corporate bodies and units of mutual funds is taken into account on accrual basis when right to receive payment is established.

Provided that in case of final dividend, the right to receive payment shall be considered as established only upon approval of the dividend by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

Dividend on financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognised separately under the head 'Dividend Income'.

Other services

Fees/ charges on loan assets, other than those considered an adjustment to EIR, are accounted for on accrual basis. Pre-payment premium is accounted for by the Group in the year of receipt.

Revenue from sale of services

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured.







The Group uses the principles laid down by the Ind AS 115 to determine that how much and when revenue is recognized, what is the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues etc. In accordance with the same, revenue is recognised through a five-step approach:

(i) Identify the contract(s) with customer;

- (ii) Identify separate performance obligations in the contract;
- (iii) Determine the transaction price;
- (iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- (v) Recognise revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenues are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and other indirect taxes.

In Cost Plus Contracts - Revenue is recognised by including eligible contractual items of expenditures plus proportionate margin as per contract;

In Fixed Price Contracts – Revenue is recognised on the basis of stage of completion of the contract. The Group has assessed that the stage of completion is determined as the proportion of the total time expected to complete the performance obligation to that has lapsed at the end of the reporting period, which is an appropriate measure of progress towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations under Ind AS 115.

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

Professional charges to be charged from the selected bidders/developers for transmission projects put on tariff based bidding is accounted for in the year in which it is reasonably certain that the ultimate collection of the professional charges will be made.

Sale proceeds of Request for Proposal (RFP) documents is credited to the respective SPV and sale proceeds of Request for Qualification (RFQ) documents is retained by the Group and accounted as income of the Group.

3.5 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and/ or construction of a qualifying asset, till the time such qualifying asset becomes ready for its intended use, are capitalized. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period to get ready for its intended use.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on an accrual basis as per the effective interest rate method.

3.6 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity

shares outstanding during the period.



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To calculate diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.7 Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the Group using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and the remeasurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at period-end exchange rates are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss. However, for the long-term monetary items recognized in the consolidated financial statements before 01st April 2018, such gains and losses are accumulated in a "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account" and amortized over the balance period of such long term monetary item, by recognition as income or expense in each of such periods.

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at period-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date).

3.8 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Recognition and initial measurement

Land

Land held for use is initially recognized at cost. For land, as no finite useful life can be determined, related carrying amounts are not depreciated.

Land also includes land treated as a Right of Use asset under lease agreement earlier classified as finance lease and is amortised over the lease term.

Other Tangible assets

PPE other than land is initially recognized at acquisition cost or construction cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Group's management.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group beyond one year. Maintenance or servicing costs of PPE are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation method, useful lives, residual value, and impairment)

PPE are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on PPE is provided on the straight-line method over the useful life of the assets as prescribed under Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on assets purchased/sold during the year is charged for the full month if the asset is in use for more than 15 days. Depreciation on assets purchased during the year up to Rs. 5,000/- is provided @ 100%.







The residual values, useful lives, and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year. PPE other than land is tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

De-recognition

An item of PPE and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Capital Work-in-Progress

The cost of PPE under construction at the reporting date is disclosed as 'Capital work-in-progress.' The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Advances paid for the acquisition/ construction of PPE which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances.'

3.9 Intangible assets

Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets mainly comprise of computer software which is initially measured at cost. Such assets are recognized where it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to the assets will flow to the Group.

Subsequent measurement (amortization method, useful lives and residual value)

All intangible assets with finite useful life are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives, and a possible impairment is assessed if there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. Residual values and useful lives for all intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Changes, if any, are accounted for as changes in accounting estimates. Management estimates the useful life of intangible assets to be five years.

Intangible Assets under Development

Expenditure incurred which are eligible for capitalization under intangible assets is carried as 'Intangible assets under development' till they are ready for their intended use. Advances paid for the acquisition/ development of intangible assets which are outstanding at the balance sheet date are classified under 'Capital Advances'.

Derecognition of Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

3.10 Lease accounting:

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and related lease liability in connection with all former operating leases except for those identified as short-term or low-value lease.







The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

To apply this definition, the Group assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Group
- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract
- the Group has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use. The Group assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

At lease commencement date, the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Group, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Group depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Group also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in insubstance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

3.11 Assets/ Disposal Groups held for sale

Assets are classified as Held for Sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the sale is highly probable. A sale is considered as highly probable when such assets have been decided to be sold by the Group; are available for immediate sale in their present condition; are being actively marketed for sale at a price and the sale has







been agreed or is expected to be concluded within one year of the date of classification. Such assets are measured at lower of carrying amount or fair value less selling costs.

Assets held for sale are presented separately from other assets in the Balance Sheet and are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

Where the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of an entity, it classifies investment in the entity (i.e. all the assets and liabilities of that entity) as held for sale.

3.12 Investment property

Investment properties are the assets which have undetermined future use. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group beyond one year. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

The Group only has land as an investment property, which is not depreciated.

De-recognition

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

3.13 Financial Instruments

A Financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted by transactions costs, except for those carried at fair value through profit or loss which are measured initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities is described below.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into the following categories upon initial recognition:

Amortized cost







- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

All financial assets except for those at FVTPL or equity instruments at FVOCI are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied to each category of financial assets, which are described below.

Amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) if both of the following conditions are met:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognized on financial assets carried at amortized cost.

Modification of cash flows

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified, and the renegotiation or modification does not result in derecognition of that financial asset, the Group recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognizes a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. The gross carrying amount of the financial asset shall be recalculated as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows that are discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets that are either do not meet the criteria for amortized cost classification or are equity instruments held for trading or that meet certain conditions and are designated at FVTPL upon initial recognition. All derivative financial instruments also fall into this category, except for those designated and effective as hedging instruments, for which the hedge accounting requirements may apply. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, foreign exchange rate, or other variable, provided that, in the case of a non-financial variable, it is not specific to a party to the contract.

Derivatives embedded in all host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts



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or if the embedded derivative feature leverages the exposure and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value though profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments.

Financial assets at FVOCI

FVOCI financial assets comprise of equity instruments measured at fair value. An equity investment classified as FVOCI is initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and reported within the FVOCI reserve within equity, except for dividend income, which is recognized in profit or loss. There is no recycling of such gains and losses from OCI to Statement of Profit & Loss, even on the derecognition of the investment. However, the Group may transfer the same within equity.

De-recognition of financial assets

De-recognition of financial assets due to a substantial modification of terms and conditions

The Group derecognizes a financial asset, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognized as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

De-recognition of financial assets other than due to substantial modification

Financial assets (or where applicable, a part of financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) are derecognized (i.e. removed from the Group's balance sheet) when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset have expired, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. The Group also derecognizes the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for financial liabilities held for trading or designated at FVTPL, that are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Hedge accounting

To qualify for hedge accounting, the hedging relationship must meet all of the following requirements: - there is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument

- the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship







- the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the entity actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the entity actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

All derivative financial instruments designated under hedge accounting are recognised initially at fair value and reported subsequently at fair value at each reporting date. To the extent that the hedge is effective, changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income and included within the cash flow hedge reserve in equity. Any ineffectiveness in the hedge relationship is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

At the time the hedged item affects profit or loss, any gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and presented as a reclassification adjustment within other comprehensive income.

At the inception of each hedging relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship, in accordance with the Group's risk management objective and strategies. The documentation includes identification of the hedged item, hedging instrument, the nature of risk(s) being hedged, the hedge ratio and how the hedging relationship meets the hedging effectiveness requirements.

Fair Value Hedges

In line with the recognition of change in the fair value of the hedging instruments in the Statement of Profit & Loss, the change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the risk hedged is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Such changes are made to the carrying amount of the hedged item and are adjusted in Effective Interest Rate in the period when the hedging instrument ceases to exit. If the hedged item is derecognised, the unamortised fair value is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

3.14 Impairment of financial assets

Loan assets

The Group follows a 'three-stage' model for impairment in the form of Expected Credit Loss (ECL) based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- Stage 1 includes loan assets that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial
 recognition or that have low credit risk at the reporting date.
- Stage 2 includes loan assets that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that do not have objective evidence of impairment.
- Stage 3 includes loan assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured at 12-month ECL for Stage 1 loan assets and lifetime ECL for Stage 2 and Stage 3 loan assets. ECL is the product of the Probability of Default, Exposure at Default and Loss Given Default, defined as follows:

Probability of Default (PD) - The PD represents the likelihood of the borrower defaulting on its obligation either over next 12 months or over the remaining lifetime of the instrument.







Loss Given Default (LGD) – LGD represents the Company's expectation of loss given that a default occurs. LGD is expressed in percentage and it shows the proportion of the amount that will actually be lost post recoveries in case of a default.

Exposure at Default (EAD) – EAD represents the amounts, including the principal outstanding, interest accrued and outstanding Letters of Comfort that the Company expects to be owed at the time of default.

Forward-looking economic information is included in determining the 12-month and lifetime PD, EAD and LGD. The assumptions underlying the expected credit loss are monitored and reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Financial assets other than Loans

In respect of its other financial assets, the Group assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

To make that assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition. The Group also considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Group has stopped pursuing the recovery or as directed by the order of the Judicial Authority.

3.15 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other shortterm, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than three months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.16 Dividend and Other Payments to holders of Instruments classified as Equity

Proposed dividends and interim dividends payable to the shareholders are recognized as changes in equity in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders' meeting and the Board of Directors respectively. Liability for the payments to the holders of instruments classified as equity are recognized in the period when such payments are authorized for payment by the Group.

3.17 Material prior period errors

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are







3.18 Prepaid Expenses

A prepaid expense up to Rs. 1,00,000/- is recognized as expense upon initial recognition.

3.19 Taxation

Tax expense recognized in profit or loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax. It is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except when it relates to an item that is recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case, the tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity.

Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted and as applicable at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply to their respective period of realization, provided those rates are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized as a component of tax income or expense in profit or loss, except where they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the related deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or equity, respectively.

3.20 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits including salaries, short term compensated absences (such as a paid annual leave) where the absences are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service, profit sharing and bonuses payable within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services and nonmonetary benefits for current employees are estimated and measured on an undiscounted basis.

Post-employment benefit plans are classified into defined benefits plans and defined contribution plans as under:

Defined contribution plan







A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions in respect of the employees into a separate fund. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions after its payment of the fixed contribution. The contributions made by the Group towards defined contribution plans are charged to the profit or loss in the period to which the contributions relate.

Defined benefit plan

The Group has an obligation towards gratuity, Post-Retirement Medical Facility (PRMF) and Other Defined Retirement Benefit (ODRB) which are being considered as defined benefit plans covering eligible employees. Under the defined benefit plans, the amount that an employee will receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service, final salary, and other defined parameters. The legal obligation for any benefits remains with the Group, even if plan assets for funding the defined benefit plan have been set aside.

The Group's obligation towards defined benefit plans is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The liability recognized in the statement of financial position for defined benefit plans is the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets. Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries.

Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in Other Comprehensive Income.

Other long-term employee benefits:

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than oneyear after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged to statement of profit and loss in the period in which such gains or losses are determined.

Loan to employees at concessional rate

Loans given to employees at concessional rate are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. The difference between the initial fair value of such loans and transaction value is recognised as deferred employee benefits, which is amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected remaining period of the Loan. In case of change in expected remaining period of the Loan, the unamortised deferred employee benefits on the date of change is amortised over the updated expected remaining period of the loan on a prospective basis.

3.21 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Group and amounts can be estimated reliably. Timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with







the present obligation. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

A contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

In those cases, where the outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is considered improbable or remote, no liability is recognized or disclosure is made.

Any reimbursement that the Group can be virtually certain to collect from a third party concerning the obligation (such as from insurance) is recognized as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when the inflow of economic benefits is probable, the related asset is disclosed.

3.22 Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments, such as derivatives at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities







- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements regularly, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

3.23 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.24 Business Combination under Common Control

A business combination, if any, involving entities or businesses under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination and that control is not transitory.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interest method as follows:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize new assets or liabilities. Adjustments are made only to harmonise significant accounting policies.
- The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods is restated as if the business combination has occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination

The balance of the retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee. The identity of the reserves is preserved and the reserves of the transferor become the reserves of the transferee

The difference, if any, between the amounts recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve and is presented separately from other capital reserves.

3.25 Expenditure on issue of shares

Expenditure on issue of shares, if any, is charged to the securities premium account

4. Implementation of New/ Modified Standards

During the year, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has issued amendments to certain Ind AS. The Group has analysed the impact of these amendments, which is not material to the Group.







5. Significant management judgment in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Significant management judgments

Recognition of deferred tax assets/ liability – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized. Further, the Management has no intention to make withdrawal from the Special Reserve created and maintained under section 36(1)(viii) of the Income tax Act, 1961 and thus, the special reserve created and maintained is not capable of being reversed. Hence, the Group does not create any deferred tax liability on the said reserve.

Recognition of Deferred Tax Liability on Undistributed Reserves of Group Companies – The applicable tax laws provide for tax deduction in respect of dividend income from equity investments, to the extent of dividend declared by the Company to its shareholders during the year. Considering the historical information and dividend distribution policy of the Company, the Company does not expect any tax liability on the undistributed reserves of the Group Companies, as and when such reserves are distributed. Hence, the Company does not create any deferred tax liability on undistributed reserves of Group Companies.

Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets – The evaluation of the applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

Investment in SPVs – Transmission projects are managed as per the mandate from Government of India and the Group does not have the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of these projects unilaterally. The Group therefore considers its investment in respective SPVs as associates having significant influence despite the Company holding 100% of their paid-up equity share capital.

Non recognition of Interest Income on Credit Impaired Loans - Interest income on credit-impaired loan assets is not being recognised as a matter of prudence, pending the outcome of resolutions of stressed assets.

Significant estimates

Impact of Covid-19 Outbreak - The Group has considered the possible impacts of COVID-19 in preparation of these financial statements, including but not limited to its assessment of, liquidity and going concern assumption, recoverable values of its financial and non-financial assets, impact on revenue recognition and impact on effectiveness of its hedges. The Group has carried out this assessment based on available internal and external sources of information upto the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements and believes that the impact of COVID-19 is not material to these financial statements and expects to recover the carrying amount of its assets. The impact of COVID-19 on the consolidated financial statements may differ from that estimated as at the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements owing to the nature and duration of COVID-19. The extent to which the Covid-19 pandemic will impact the Group will depend on future developments, which are uncertain, including, among other things, any new information concerning the severity of the







Covid-19 pandemic and any further action by the Government or the Group to contain its spread or mitigate its impact.

Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of assets.

Defined benefit obligation (DBO) – Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Fair value measurements – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. In case of non-availability of market-observable data, Level 2 & Level 3 hierarchy is used for fair valuation.

Income Taxes – Significant estimates are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions and also in respect of expected future profitability to assess deferred tax asset.

Expected Credit Loss ('ECL') – The measurement of an expected credit loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortized cost requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour (e.g., likelihood of customers defaulting and resulting losses). The Group makes significant judgments about the following while assessing expected credit loss to estimate ECL:

- Determining criteria for a significant increase in credit risk;
- Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of
 product/ market and the associated ECL; and
- Establishing groups of similar financial assets to measure ECL.
- Estimating the probability of default and loss given default (estimates of recoverable amounts in case of default)







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6 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
- Cash in Hand (including postage & imprest)	0.08	0.02
- Balances with Banks		
- in current accounts	62.74	130.61
- deposits with original maturity less than 3 months	2,334.71	10.36
Total (Cash & Cash Equivalents)	2,397.53	140.99

7 Bank Balances (other than Cash and Cash Equivalents)

		(₹ in Crores
Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
- Earmarked Balances with Banks		
- For unpaid dividends	954.45	6.39
- For govt. funds for onward disbursement as grant	382.98	880.50
- Earmarked Term Deposits		
- Deposits in Compliance of Court Order	0.59	0.59
- Term Deposit held as Margin Money against Bank Guarantee		0.23
- Term Deposit- Debenture Redemption Reserves	232.22	225.33
- Balances with banks not available for use pending	877.71	1,291.54
allotment of 54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds		
-Other Term deposits	113.26	114.26
Total (Other Bank Balances)	2,561.21	2,518.96
- Term Deposits with remaining maturity more than 3 months but less than 12 months	48.26	97.2
- Term Deposits with original maturity more than 12 months	88.29	65.28

8 Trade Receivables

			(₹ in Crores)
	Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
(A)	Unsecured, Considered good	79.08	88.94
	Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(13.44)	(11.99)
		65.64	76.95
(B)	Trade receivables which have significant increse in credit risk	36.67	33.90
	Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(22.79)	(17.78)
		13.88	16.12
(C)	Credit impaired receivables	51.12	54.43
	Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(44.96)	(52.95)
		6.16	1.48
	Total Trade Receivables (A+B+C)	85.68	94.55







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9 Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company enters into derivatives for hedging foreign exchange risks and interest rate risks. Derivatives held for risk management purposes include hedges that are either designated as effective hedges under the hedge accounting requirements or hedges that are economic hedges. The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

Part I

(₹ in Crores)

	Particulars	A	As at 30-09-2022	2	A	As at 31-03-2022	2
		Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
10	Currency Derivatives						
	- Currency swaps	3,058.21	15.12	46.95	2,850.13	1.39	48.37
	- Others						
	- Call Spread	2,038.81	164.05	1	1,895.18	76.73	1
-	- Seagull Options	64,418.18	6,388.71	29.89	54,727.54	4,868.28	1
	Sub-total (i)	69,515.20	6,567.88	76.84	59,472.85	4,946.40	48.37
(ii)]	Interest Rate Derivatives						
	- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	35,342.20	869.00	562.82	33,239.41	563.77	173.52
	Sub-total (ii)	35,342.20	869.00	562.82	33,239.41	563.77	173.52
(iii)	Other derivatives		1			1	
-	- Reverse cross currency swaps	4,747.00	1	605.21	4,747.00	1	331.25
	Total - Derivative Financial Instruments (i + ii+iii)	1,09,604.40	7,436.88	1,244.87	97,459.26	5,510.17	553.14







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Part II

Included in Part I are derivatives held for hedging and risk management purposes as below:

_	Particulars	A	As at 30-09-2022	2	1	As at 31-03-2022	2
		Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
- ·	Fair Value Hedging - Interest Rate Derivatives						
	- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	15,950.70		550.20	i.	•	4.
	Cash Flow Hedging						
	- Currency Derivatives						T
-	- Currency Swaps	3,058.21	15.12	46.95	2,842.77	Ĩ	48.37
-	- Others						
	- Call Spread	2,038.81	164.05		1,895.18	76.73	•
	- Seagull Options	64,418.18	6,388.70	29.89	54,727.54	4,868.28	ľ
4	- Interest Rate Derivatives						
	- Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	12,691.50	328.57	12.62	13,313.21	115.10	45.27
	Sub-total (i)	82,206.70	6,896.44	89.46	72,778.70	5,060.11	93.64
	Undesignated Derivatives	11,447.00	540.44	605.21	12,829.86	430.30	347.50
-	Total - Derivative Financial Instruments (i+ii)	1,09,604.40	7,436.88	1,244.87	97,459.26	5,510.17	553.14

Derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value at each reporting date. The changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments in effective cash flow hedges are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. In case of fair value hedges, the changes in fair value of the derivatives designated as hedging instruments along with the fair value changes in the carrying amount of the hedged items are recognised in the Statment of Profit & Loss. For undesignated derivatives, the changes in the fair value are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss.







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The Company has categorised all loans at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

P-1	Particulars		As at 30-09-2022	09-2022	As at 3:	As at 31-03-2022
			Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost
-	Loans					
1	Term Loans		3,90,628.21	3,92,474.72	3,83,310.40	3,84,566.08
-	Working Capital Term Loans		3,803.87	3,823.05	2,060.86	2,069.12
		Total (A) - Gross Loans	3,94,432.08	3,96,297.77	3,85,371.26	3,86,635.20
-	Less: Impairment loss allowance		(15,333.34)	(15,333.34)	(14,704.66)	(14,704.66)
-		Total (A) - Net Loans	3,79,098.74	3,80,964.43	3,70,666.60	3,71,930.54
	Security Details			1		
31	Secured by tangible assets		2,30,032.93	2,30,777.76	2,23,793.64	2,24,420.98
-	Covered by Bank/ Govt. Guarantees		1,38,519.69	1,39,570.43	1,30,973.50	1,31,510.35
-	Unsecured		25,879.46	25,949.58	30,604.12	30,703.87
-		Total (B) - Gross Loans	3,94,432.08	3,96,297.77	3,85,371.26	3,86,635.20
_	Less: Impairment loss allowance		(15,333.34)	(15,333.34)	(14,704.66)	(14,704.66)
		Total (B) - Net Loans	3,79,098.74	3,80,964.43	3,70,666.60	3,71,930.54
-	(C)(I) Loans in India					
(i) I	Public Sector		3,54,672.62	3,56,549.71	3,50,455.72	3,51,732.04
(ii)]	Private Sector		39,759.46	39,748.06	34,915.54	34,903.16
	To	Total (C)(I) - Gross Loans	3,94,432.08	3,96,297.77	3,85,371.26	3,86,635.20
-	Less: Impairment loss allowance		(15,333.34)	(15,333.34)	(14,704.66)	(14,704.66)
-		Total (C)(I) - Net Loans	3,79,098.74	3,80,964.43	3,70,666.60	3,71,930.54
0	(C)(II) Loans outside India			•		
-	L	Total (C)(II) - Net Loans	•	'	•	
		Total (C)(I) and (C)(II)	3,79,098.74	3,80,964.43	3,70,666.60	3,71,930.54



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Formerly Rural Electrification Corporation Limited

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Particulars	Amortised Cost		At fair value		Sub-total	Others (At Cost)	Total
		Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5=1+2+3+4)	(9)	(2)
As at 30th September, 2022							
Govt. Securities	1,373.53	•	a.	7	1,373.53	,	1,373.53
Debt Securities	421.60		329.52	Ŧ	751.12	÷	751.12
Equity Instruments		408.53	40.27	,	448.80	-1	448.80
Preference Shares	28.72	•	3	ť	28.72	j.	28.72
Total - Gross (A)	1,823.85	408.53	369.79		2,602.17	•	2,602.17
Investments outside India		•	1	,	•		•
Investments in India	1,823.85	408.53	369.79	•	2,602.17	1.	2,602.17
Total - Gross (B)	1,823.85	408.53	369.79		2,602.17	•	2,602.17
Total Investments	1,823.85	408.53	369.79	¢.	2,602.17		2,602.17
Less: impairment loss allowance (C)	(28.72)	•	•	•	(28.72)	•	(28.72)
Total - Net (D=A-C)	1,795.13	408.53	369.79	,	2,573.45	•	2,573.45
As at 31st March, 2022							
Govt. Securities	1,374.51	4	1	•	1,374.51	•	1,374.51
Debt Securities	365.60	3	132.55	•	498.15	-T	498.15
Equity Instruments	,	268.26	49.52	1	317.78	•	317.78
Preference Shares	28.72	ı	•	•	28.72	•	28.72
Total - Gross (A)	1,768.83	268.26	182.07		2,219.16	э.	2,219.16
Investments outside India	ı		•		•		1
Investments in India	1,083.90	430.13	209.65	÷	2,219.16	ì.	2,219.16
Total - Gross (B)	1,083.90	430.13	209.65		2,219.16		2,219.16
Total Investments	1,083.90	430.13	209.65	1	2,219.16	•	2,219.16
Less: impairment loss allowance (C)	(28.72)	•	č		(28.72)	,	(28.72)
	1 740 11	76876	782 07		2.190.44		2.190.44







11

Investments

12 Other financial assets

The Company has categorised all the components under 'Other Financial Assets' at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

	Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
(A)	Loans to Employees	43.69	41.95
(B)	Advances to Employees	0.72	0.24
(C)	Security Deposits	1.81	1.67
(D)	Recoverable from Govt. of India		
	Towards GoI Fully Serviced Bonds	24,318.37	24,318.29
(E)	Other amounts recoverable	136.77	144.32
	Less: Impairment Loss allowance	(93.48)	(91.17)
	Other Amounts Recoverable (Net)	43.29	53.15
	Total (A to E)	24,407.88	24,415.31

13 Current tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Advance Income-tax & TDS	3,307.07	3,296.66
Less: Provision for Income Tax	(3,037.75)	(3,110.11)
Sub-Total (1)	269.32	186.55
Tax Deposited on income tax demands under contest	5.26	5.26
Provision for income tax for demand under contest	(0.25)	(0.25)
Sub-Total (2)	5.01	5.01
Current tax assets (Net)	274.33	191.56

14 Deferred tax assets (net)

		(₹ in Crores
Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	3,680.16	3,160.12







t and Intangible Assets
and
Equipment
Plant &
Property,
13

Particulars				Proper	Property, Plant & Equipment	nent				Capital Work-in- Progress	Intangible Assets under Development	Other Intangible Assets
	Freehold Land	Freehold Land Right-of-Use Land	Buildings	Plant & equipment	Furniture &	EDP Equipments	EDP Equipments Office Equipments	Vehicles	Total	Immovable Property	Computer Software	Computer Software
Gross carrying value As at 31.03.2021	110.39	1.59	130.40	•	20.89	24.33	17.85	0.40	305.85	335.67	0.77	13.80
Additions	1		283.99	19.90	31.84	1.32	2.21		339.26	20.67	4	101
Borrowings Cost Capitalised				1		•				5.39	*	
Disposals	,		3.30	1	0.24	0.39	0.44		4.37	334.65	0.77	1
As at 30.09.2021	110,39	1.59	411.09	19.90	52.49	25.26	19.62	0.40	640.74	27.08	•	14.81
As at 31.03.2022	110.39	1.59	430.83	19.90	67.75	26.71	24.15	0.40	681.72	6.07		14.81
Additions			à	IF0	1.02	1.43	2.49	•	5.05	0.72	4	1
Borrowings Cost Capitalised	4	.1	à		4		1	•	3	9	Ŷ	1
Disposals/ Adjustments		Ω.	•	10'0	0.85	1.30	1.50	×.	3.66	1	ā.	
As at 30.09.2022	110.39	1.59	430.83	20.00	67.92	26.84	25.14	0.40	683.11	6.79	•	14.81
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation	sation											
As at 31.03.2021	•	0.35	18.6	4	7.68	16.77	10.21	0.34	45.16	•	9	7.65
Charge for the period		0.01	1.99	0.32	1.25	1.46	1.07	10.0	6.11	•		1.43
Adjustment for disposals	÷	4	1.27	4	01.0	0.26	0.20	٢	1.83	1	4	2
As at 30.09.2021		0.36	10.53	0.32	8.83	17.97	11.08	0.35	49.44	,	•	9.08
As at 31.03.2022	•	0.37	13.51	0.95	10.94	19.23	12.31	0.37	57.68	٢	•	10.52
Charge for the period		0.01	3.46	0.65	2.99	1.72	1.56	0.01	10.40	•		1.46
Adjustment for disposals	•			•	0.25	1.04	0.93	•	2.22	•		•
As at 30.09.2022		0.38	16.97	1.60	13.68	19.91	12.94	0.38	65.86	*	•	11.98
Net block as at 31.03.2022	110.39	1.22	417.32	18.95	56.81	7.48	11.84	0.03	624.04	6.07	•	4.28
Net block as at 30.09.2022	110.39	1.21	413.86	18.40	54.74	6.93	12.20	0.02	617.25	6.70		7.87



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16 Other non-financial assets

_			(₹ in Crores
F	Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
I	Unsecured, considered good		
(A) (Capital Advances	8.33	8.19
(B) C	Other Advances	11.10	3.56
(C) E	Balances with Govt. Authorities	43.09	42.20
(D) F	Pre-Spent Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenses	0.08	0.48
(E) F	Prepaid Expenses	3.23	3.12
(F) [Deferred Employee Cost	10.55	11.11
(G) C	Other Assets	0.02	0.02
	Total (A to G)	76.40	68.68

17 Assets classified as held for sale

n	1 1 22 22 2222	(₹ in Crores
Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Disposal Group		
(i) Investment in associates	0.95	0.40
(ii) Loans to associates	21.10	12.83
(iii) Provision for impairment on assets classified as held for sale	(9.71)	(9.71
Sub-Total (i+ii+iii)	12.34	3.52
Assets Classified as Held for Sale-Building	0.72	0.86
Total (B)	0.72	0.8
Grand Total (A+B)	13.06	4.3
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale		
Payable to associates	0.01	0.01
Total (C)	0.01	0.01
Net Assets held for sale (A+B-C)	13.05	4.37

18 Trade Payables

Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Trade Payables		
Total outstanding dues of MSMEs	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than MSMEs	29.41	36.48
Total	29.41	36.48







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19 Debt Securities

The Company has categorised all debt securities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

Particulars	As at 30	-09-2022	As at 31	-03-2022
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cost
Secured Long-Term Debt Securities				
Institutional Bonds	1,955.00	1,918.14	1,955.00	2,065.31
54EC Capital Gain Tax Exemption Bonds	30,180.61	30,548.12	24,146.13	25,025.49
Tax Free Bonds	11,763.30	12,347.62	11,763.30	12,158.86
Bond Application Money	877.71	877.20	1,291.54	1,291.13
Sub-total (A)	44,776.62	45,691.08	39,155.97	40,540.79
Unsecured Long-Term Debt Securities				
Institutional Bonds	1,37,966.20	1,42,676.75	1,44,074.60	1,48,998.67
Infrastructure Bonds	3.96	8.37	3.96	8.00
Foreign Currency Bonds	32,620.88	32,362.60	30,322.85	30,027.15
Sub-total (B)	1,70,591.04	1,75,047.72	1,74,401.41	1,79,033.82
Total - Debt Securities (A+B)	2,15,367.66	2,20,738.80	2,13,557.38	2,19,574.61
Debt Securities issued in/ outside India				
Debt Securities in India	1,82,746.78	1,88,376.20	1,83,234.53	1,89,547.46
Debt Securities outside India	32,620.88	32,362.60	30,322.85	30,027.15
Total - Debt Securities	2,15,367.66	2,20,738.80	2,13,557.38	2,19,574.61

20 Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)

The Company has categorised all borrowings (other than debt securities) at Amortised Cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

Particulars	As at 30	-09-2022	As at 31	-03-2022
	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost	Principal O/s	Amortised Cost
Unsecured Long-Term Borrowings	1979-1920			
Term Loans from Banks	48,442.19	48,569.73	42,878.32	42,919.86
Term Loans from Financial Institutions	5,500.00	5,500.00	6,800.00	6,800.00
Term Loan in Foreign Currency	38,329.51	38,131.15	35,634.60	35,329.87
Term Loans from Govt. of India (NSSF)	10,000.00	10,327.37	10,000.00	10,325.12
Lease Liability	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Sub-total (A)	1,02,271.73	1,02,528.28	95,312.95	95,374.88
Unsecured Short-Term Borrowings			1 2 3	
FCNR (B) Loans	11,009.52	11,012.63	9,854.92	9,861.13
Short Term Loans/ Loans repayable on demand from Banks	2,895.00	2,901.03	1,410.93	1,415.58
Loans repayable on demand from Holding Company	-			
Sub-total (B)	13,904.52	13,913.66	11,265.85	11,276.71
Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) (A to B)	1,16,176.25	1,16,441.94	1,06,578.80	1,06,651.59
Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) in/ outside India				
Borrowings in India	77,846.74	78,310.79	70,944.20	71,321.72
Borrowings outside India	38,329.51	38,131.15	35,634.60	35,329.87
Total - Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	1,16,176.25	1,16,441.94	1,06,578.80	1,06,651.59







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21 Subordinated Liabilities

The Company has categorised all debt securities at amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109.

Particulars	As at 30	-09-2022	As at 31	-03-2022
	Face Value	Amortised Cost	Face Value	Amortised Cost
115th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds -	2,500.00	2,567.75	2,500.00	2,668.11
3.06% Redeemable at par on 31.05.2023			-	-
175th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds -	2,151.20	2,106.28	2,151.20	2,100.70
8.97% Redeemable at par on 28.03.2029 199th Series - Subordinate Tier-II Bonds -	1,999.50	1,880.01	1,999.50	2,047.66
7.96% Redeemable at par on 15.06.2030 Total - Subordinated Liabilities	6,650.70	6,554.04	6,650.70	6,816.42
Subordinated Liabilities in/ outside India				
Borrowings in India	6,650.70	6,554.04	6,650.70	6,816.42
Borrowings outside India	1	-	1.1.1	
Total - Subordinated Liabilities	6,650.70	6,554.04	6,650.70	6,816.4







22 Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Unpaid Dividends	6.49	6.39
Bond Application Money refundable and interest accrued thereon	0.01	
Unpaid Principal & Interest on Bonds		
- Matured Bonds & Interest Accrued thereon	28.13	22.01
- Interest on Bonds	14.64	6.72
Sub-total (C)	42.77	28.73
Funds Received from Govt. of India for Disbursement as	97,099.54	97,373.51
Subsidy/ Grant (cumulative)		
Add: Interest on such funds (net of refund)	3.57	33.24
Less: Disbursed to Beneficiaries (cumulative)	(96,715.48)	(96,514.35)
Undisbursed Funds to be disbursed as Subsidy/ Grant	387.63	892.40
Payables towards Bonds Fully serviced by Govt. of India	24,318.37	24,318.29
Liability in respect of Dividend and Dividend Tax	947.96	
Other Liabilities	233.71	462.83
Total (A to F)	25,936.94	25,708.64

23 Current tax liabilities (net)

	and the second	(₹ in Crores)
Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Provision for Income Tax	1,316.90	18.01
Less: Advance Income-tax & TDS	(1,242.99)	(7.76)
Current tax liabilities (Net)	73.91	10.25

24 Provisions

Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
Provisions for		
Employee Benefits		
Gratuity	1.30	0.34
Earned Leave Liability	25.23	25.57
Post Retirement Medical Benefits		0.71
Medical Leave Liability	20.63	21.49
Settlement Allowance	1.76	1.79
Economic Rehabilitation Scheme	4.19	4.15
Long Service Award	2.29	2.25
Incentive	21.59	28.47
Pay Revision	30.99	•
Sub-total (A)	107.98	84.77
Others		
Expected Credit Loss on Letters of Comfort	107.24	20.90
Sub-total (B)	107.24	20.90
Total (A+B)	215.22	105.62







25 Other Non-Financial Liabilities

	Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
A)	Income Received in Advance	0.64	•
B)	Sundry Liabilities Account (Interest Capitalisation)	3.45	4.10
C)	Unbilled Liability towards Capital Account	27.67	26.96
D)	Unamortised Fee on Undisbursed Loans	15.22	28.72
E)	Advance received from Govt. towards Govt. Schemes	0.17	1.00
F)	Statutory Dues	19.40	28.25
G)	Other Liabilities	0.10	0.10
	Total (A to G)	66.65	89.13







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26 Equity Share Capital

				-
	As at 30-09-2022	-09-2022	As at 31.	As at 31-03-2022
Particulars	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares Amount	Amount
Authorised : Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	5,00,00,000	5,000.00	5,00,00,00,000	5,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up : Fully paid up Equity shares of $\mathfrak T$ 10 each	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	1,97,49,18,000	1,974.92
Total	2,63,32,24,000	2,633.22	1,97,49,18,000	1,974.92

27 Instruments entirely equity in nature

			0 10 10 10	
	AS at 30-09-2022	7707-60	As at 31-03-2022	2-2024
ramcutars	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Fully paid up Perpetual Debts Instrument entirely equity in nature				
of ₹ 10 lakhs each	5,584	558.40	5,584	558.40
Total	5,584	558.40	5,584	558.40

28 Other Equity

-	Particulars	As at 30-09-2022	As at 31-03-2022
(A)	Other Reserves		
	Special Reserve created u/s 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	23,653.24	22,302.93
~	Reserve for Bad and doubtful debts u/s 36(1)(viia) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	196.77	196.82
(11)	Reserve Fund u/s 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	6,849.15	5,814.00
(iv)	Securities Premium	1,577.42	2,236.54
(A)	Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account	(825.00)	(555.29)
(ivi)	Capital Reserve	0.00	0.00
	General Reserve	11,839.50	11,839.45
(B)	Retained Earnings	9,039.68	7,186.05
-	(C) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
-	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	(77.34)	(37.98)
	- Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	731.80	194.21
-	- Cost of Hedging reserve	(2,380.76)	(395.95)
-	Total - Other Equity (A+B+C)	50,604.46	48,780.78

Changes in Equity . Additions and deductions to the components of 'Other Equity' has been disclosed in







29 Interest Income

	Particulars	Pe	eriod ended 30-09	-2022	Pe	riod ended 30-09-2	2021
		On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss
(A)	Interest on Loan Assets						
(i)	Long term financing	-	18,711.75	-		18,913.30	
	Less: Rebate for timely payments/completion etc	+	(0.01)	-		(0.03)	-
	Long term financing (net)		18,711.74		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18,913.27	2
(ii)	Short term financing		84.50	/		88.62	
	Sub-total (A)		18,796.24	(i+1)		19,001.89	
(B)	Interest Income from Investments			1.			
(i)	Interest from Long Term Investments		72.64	11.84		50.31	13.87
	Sub-total (B)	•	72.64	11.84	1.0	50.31	13.87
C)	Interest on Deposits with Banks					1.1	
(i)	Interest from Deposits	1.0	46.67	1.4		35.82	
	Sub-total (C)	- ÷.	46.67		1.00	35.82	•
D)	Other Interest Income						
(i)	Interest on Delayed Payments by Borrowers		137.05			61.25	
ii)	Interest from Staff Advances	-	1.29		1.2	2.05	1.1
iii)	Interest on Mobilisation Advance	-	0.13	-		0.11	1.0
iv)	Unwinding of Discount of Security Deposits		0.08			0.08	
v)	Interest from SPVs		0.24	-	.4	0.20	
	Sub-total (D)	140	138.79			63.69	-
	Total - Interest Income (A to D)	· · · · · · · · ·	19,054.34	11.84	· · · · ·	19,151.71	13.87

30 Dividend Income

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	(₹ in Crores) Period ended 30-09-2021
- Dividend from Long-Term Investments	0.99	1.72
Total - Dividend Income	0.99	1.72

31 Fees and Commission Income

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Fees based Income	58.04	33.34
Prepayment Premium	6.76	275.00
Fee for Implementation of Govt. Schemes	25.27	15.23
Total - Fees and Commission Income	90.07	323.57

32 Sale of services

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Consultancy Engineering Services	58.34	63.70
Total	58.34	63.70

33 Other Income

		(₹ in Crores)
Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Net gain/ (loss) on disposal of assets classified as held for sale	1,46	1.71
Rental Income	8.15	7.95
Liabilities/Provision Written Back	1.30	
Fees from Training Courses	3.37	3.87
Interest from Income Tax Refund		0.01
Miscellaneous Income	2.34	1.92
Total - Other Income	16.62	15.46







34 Finance Costs

Finance Costs have been incurred on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Interest on Borrowings		
- Loans from Govt. of India	413.50	411.25
- Loans from Banks/ Financial Institutions	1,707.27	1,382.18
- External Commercial Borrowings	586.12	244.22
Sub-Total (i)	2,706.89	2,037.65
Interest on Debt Securities	1.5.5	
- Domestic Debt Securities	6,522.74	7,659.07
- Foreign Currency Debt Securities	709.03	629.46
- Commercial Paper	· · ·	1.1.1
Sub-Total (ii)	7,231.77	8,288.53
Interest on Subordinated Liabilities		
- Subordinate Bonds	258.75	278.32
Sub-Total (iii)	258.75	278.32
Other Interest Expense		
- Swap Premium	903.98	548.00
- Interest on liability towards employee benefits	1.69	1.72
- Miscellaneous interest expense	0.09	1.18
Sub-Total (iv)	905.76	550.90
Total - Finance Costs	11,103.17	11,155.40
Less: Finance Costs Capitalised	· · · · ·	(5.39
Total - Finance Costs (Net)	11,103.17	11,150.01

35 Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)

		(₹ in Crores
Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain)	936.34	213.08
Total	936.34	213.08

The figures above include amortisation of net translation/ transaction exchange loss/ (gain) on Long Term Foreign Currency Monetary Items recognised in the financial statements before 1st April 2018 amounting to ₹ 20.6273509199989 crores (Previous period ₹ 147.68 crores).

36 Fees and commission expense

	Particulars		Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
(i)	Guarantee Fee		1.46	2.14
(ii)	Listing and Trusteeship Fee		0.05	0.81
(iii)	Agency Fees		0.73	0.97
(iv)	Other Finance Charges	1.	4.68	5.12
		Total (i to iv)	6.92	9.04

37 Net Gain/ (loss) on Fair Value Changes

		(₹ in Crores
Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at Fair Value through profit or loss		
On trading Portfolio		-
Others		
- Changes in fair value of Derivatives	248.40	41.16
- Changes in fair value of Long Term Investments	(10.83)	2.34
- Changes in fair value of Short-term MF investments	0.29	0.57
Sub-total (ii)	237.86	44.07
Total (A)	237.86	44.07
Breakup of Fair Value Changes		
- Realised	256.32	549.65
- Unrealised	(18.46)	(505.58
Total Net Gain/ (loss) on Fair Value Changes	237.86	44.07

Fair value changes in this schedule are other than those arising on account of accrued interest income/ expense and represents changes in fair value of derivatives designated as economic hedges not designated under hedge accounting and ineffective hedge







38 Impairment on financial instruments

Particulars			Period ended 30-09-2022		Period ended 30-09-2021	
			On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost	On financial instruments measured at FVOCI	On financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost
F	Loans *			725.43		1,895.53
-	Investments			•		
-	Others			1.70		- 2.3
		Total (i+ii)		727.13		1,893.1

* includes ₹ 86.34 crores (Previous period ₹ 8.82 crores) towards impairment allowance on Letter of Comfort.

39 Cost of services rendered

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Project Expenses	23.83	29.80
Total	23.83	29.80

40 Employee Benefits Expense

		(₹ in Crores
Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
- Salaries and Allowances	97.66	69.7
- Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds	6.91	5.0
- Expenses towards Post Employment Benefits	- 2.64	4.8
- Rent towards Residential Accomodation for Employees	2.62	1.5
- Staff Welfare Expenses	13.31	10.4
Total	117,86	91.5

41 Depreciation and amortization

		(₹ in Crores)
Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
- Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment	10.40	6.18
- Amortization on Intangible Assets	1.46	1.43
Total	11.86	7.61

42 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses

		(₹ in Crores,
Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
- Direct Expenditure	91.92	35.26
- Overheads	3.30	2.55
	Fotal 95.22	37.81

43 Other Expenses

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	(₹ in Crores) Period ended 30-09-2021
- Travelling and Conveyance	7.59	4.54
- Publicity & Promotion Expenses	2.81	0.67
- Repairs and Maintenance	11.11	13.24
- Rent, taxes and energy costs	2.91	3.08
- Insurance Charges	0.07	0.07
- Communication costs	1.33	1.63
- Printing & stationery	0.59	0.33
- Director's sitting fees	0.21	0.05
- Auditors' fees and expenses	0.58	0.51
- Legal & Professional Charges	7.98	6.68
- Net Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment	1.39	0.46
- Training And Conference Expense	2.92	2.62
- Govt. Scheme Monitoring Expenses	6.96	8.48
- Other Expenditure	15.08	6.23
Total	61.53	48.59







44 Tax Expense

		(₹ in Cro	
Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021	
- Current tax expense	1,323.72	1,601.50	
- Current tax expense/ (benefit) pertaining to earlier years	(90.36)		
Sub-total - Current Tax	1,233.36	1,601.50	
- Deferred tax expense/ (credit)	(33.43)	(440.87	
Total	1,199.93	1,160.69	

45 Earnings per Share

Particulars	Period ended 30-09-2022	Period ended 30-09-2021
Numerator		
Profit for the year from continuing operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in Crores)	5,186.28	4,960.93
Profit for the year from continuing and discontinued operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in Crores)	5,186.28	4,960.93
Denominator	1.	
Weighted average Number of equity shares*	2,63,32,24,000	2,63,32,24,000
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of ₹ 10 each) (for continuing operations)	19.70	18.84
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ for an equity share of ₹ 10 each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)		
	19.70	18.84

* During the period, the Company has issued 65,83,06,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each as fully paid-up bonus shares in the ratio of 1 (One) equity share for every 3 (Three) equity share outstanding on the record date i.e. 18th August 2022. Accordingly, as required by Ind AS-33, Earnings per share, the EPS of current and previous period have been restated.





